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The Bombay Chronicle

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VOL. XXIV NO. 238 BOMBAY: WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 7, 1936 PRICE: ONE ANNA

British Labour At Cross-Roads

Abyssinian Knot Cut

RAS IMRU LEAVES COUNTRY

Organised Resistance Against Italy Is At An End?

LONDON, Oct. 6.

What may indicate the virtual end of organised Abyssinian resistance in Abyssinia is contained in the news reaching London today from Captain Nourse Erskine, British Consul at Gore, which says that Ras Imru, the leading Commander of the Northern Abyssinian Army against Italy and later joint head of the Abyssinian Government at Gore, is accompanying him to Gambeila on the Sudan frontier. Ras Imru has been given permission to settle in Uganda.—Reuter.

RAS IMRU TO SETTLE IN UGANDA

RUGBY, Oct. 6.

News has been received in London that Captain Erskine, the British Consul at Gore, is making good progress with his evacuation and is expected shortly to arrive at Gambila, hundred miles distant. He proceeded over mountain passes through a bandit-ridden country by mule train, with a party of foreign nationals, mostly Greeks ahead of him and followed by Ras Imru, at one time Commander of the Northern Abyssinian Army.

Ras Imru who is leaving Abyssinia has been given permission to settle in Uganda.

Practically all foreigners have left Western Abyssinia except a few traders at Jimma and some missionaries at Sirma who consider it safer to stay rather than risk the perils of journey.—B. O. W.

SISTER SHIP TO "QUEEN MARY"

LONDON, Oct. 6.

The Cunard White Star Company signed the formal contract with John Browns of Clyde Bank for the construction of the new Express Liner, sister ship to "Queen Mary", known as "Number 552". The new liner will be built on the same stocks as "Queen Mary".—B. O. W.

"NEW DEAL" LAWS BEFORE SUPREME COURT

WASHINGTON, Oct. 6.

Four "important New-Deal" laws will be considered by the United States Supreme Court which reassembled yesterday; but no decision is expected until after the Presidential election.—Reuter.

"ELDERS" PASS CANTONMENTS ACT AMENDMENT BILL

SIMLA, Oct. 6.

The Council of State passed the Cantonments Act Amendment Bill as passed by the Assembly.

There was general support to the measure.—A P.

Marked Cleavage On Re-Armament Issue

CRIPPS ON PROBLEM BEFORE PARTY

But Congress Accords Support To Govt. Programme

EDINBURGH, October 6.

The Labour Congress on a card vote carried by a majority of over a million the Executive's resolution after rejecting the motion by Sir Stafford Cripps to refer the resolution back. Voting on the resolution was 17,38,000 in favour; 657,000 against.

Marked Cleavage

The debate showed marked cleavage of opinion between the Political section and the Trade Union Section, resulting in plain speaking.

No Time For Compromise

Sir Stafford Cripps moved that the resolution be referred back because the time was past for compromise resolutions clearly admitting of two completely divergent views as represented by interpretations of the Executive's resolution by Dr. Dalton and Mr. Morrison.

The Issue For Decision

The "problem we have to settle at this Conference is whether we are to seek the support of the British Imperialist Government as an ally against aggression, possibly by Fascist Germany".

FEAR OF NAZI ATTACK

PEACE OF WORLD IN DANGER

Vested Interests In Arms Manufacture

EDINBURGH, Oct. 6.

British labour this morning in the British Labour Party Conference came to grip on the thorny task of defining its attitude to rearmament.

The executive's resolutions on this subject that was moved by Dr. Hugh Dalton reaffirms the Labour policy, maintaining defence forces consistent with the country's responsibility as a League member and adds:

'Having regard to the deplorable record of the Government the Labour Party declines to accept responsibility for a purely competitive armaments policy, reserves full liberty to criticise the rearmament programme of the present Government, and declares that continuence of vested interests in private manufacture of arms would be a grave contributory danger to the peace of the world".

NO INTERNAL SECURITY.

In moving the resolution, Doctor Huge Dalton referred to the grave condition of Europe in which armaments had increased and were increasing. The League of Nations had grown weaker and not stronger. International Law and Treaties had been broken shamelessly without penalty. Collective security has not been organised. Britain's internal security had gone, due to the creation of great forces within striking distance.

CENTRAL FACT.

German armament was the central fact in Europe. He could not exclude from among the many dreadful possibilities, that of a direct attack upon this country. If a Labour Government came into power to-morrow and if it was faced, as it would be faced, with the present world situation, such a Government, pending international agreement to reduce and limit armaments would, he believed, be compelled to provide increase in British armaments.

IF LABOUR WERE IN POWER.

British armaments under a Labour Government would be part of a planned system of collective security. Armaments must be at such level, Doctor Dalton added, as would make sure that the aggressor would not succeed.

The time had passed for vague humbugging phrases. We must say to the Fascist States: "There is a limit. So far and no further."

WE CAN'T VOTE FOR IT.

Mr. Morrison declared that the Executive of the Parliamentary Labour Party considered that in the absence of a policy of collective security, the Government's rearmament policy was a purely competitive national armaments policy. "We cannot vote for it in the Commons," he said.

BEST CHECK

Mr. Ernest Bevin the T.U.C. spokesman, said that Mr. Morrison's speech was one of the worst pieces of tight-rope walking ever heard in the Congress. He called for fearless leadership in the matter of armaments and denounced Herr Hitler and Sgr. Mussolini, saying that the labour movement should say to Herr Hitler: "If you are going to rely on force, we stand up four-square to it." That was the best check that could be made for peace.

He concluded by saying that he would vote for armaments to defend Democracy, but they should also try to build up moral authority behind International Law.

MAJOR ATTLEE'S SPEECH

Major Attlee denied that the resolution suggested that they support Government's rearmament policy. While they refused to give Government a blank cheque, said Major Attlee, that did not mean they said that no arms were required.

Mr. Bevin moved that vote be taken to-morrow to enable him to consult the delegates from his Union. But the motion for adjournment of vote was defeated by show of hands by a narrow margin of seven.—Reuter.

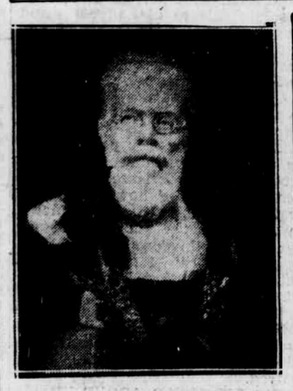
"I Have Come As Bearer Of Congress Message"

MADRAS, Oct. 6.

For nearly two hours a huge assemblage of citizens of Madras numbering about one lakh sat in rapt attention to hear a beautiful, persuasive and vehement address delivered by Pandit Jawalarlal Nehru which was characterised by sincerity of purpose and honesty of conviction.

After the welcome address by Mr. Satyamurti, and presentation of addresses, Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru rising amidst thunderous cheers said:—

"I have come to you as a bearer of the message of the Congress, and I have come to you with the authority and dignity of the Indian National Congress. The Congress means something that mirrors the hearts of people of the country and it is a supreme organisation claiming the allegiance and affection of the whole of India for if there is anything in India, which carries a message of hope, it is the Congress. Its strength comes from millions of people of India, you, and you millions, peasants and masses cooperating together, working together, sacrificing together and suffering together. The Congress shall continue to do so till its goal is reached."



The bust of Dadabhoy Naoroji unveiled by the Mayor on Monday.

BIG BLAZE IN SEWREE

Devastating Fire Causes Over 3 Lakhs Damage To Cotton Bales

Eight Fire Brigades were called upon to fight a devastating fire which caused over 3 lakhs damage to cotton bales stacked in the godowns of the Krishna Cotton Press at Sewree on Tuesday night. The fire was brought under control a little after midnight.

It appears that at about 8 p.m. smoke was seen issuing from one of the godowns of the Krishna Cotton Press. The alarm was sounded and the Fire Brigades were summoned. It took them over 6 hours to bring the fire under control.

The cause of the fire is not known.

PRESS TICKET CANCELLED

"Patrika's" Alleged Attack On Assembly President And Its Sequel

SIMLA: Oct. 6.

The President of the Assembly has ordered the cancellation of the Press Gallery Card of the representative of the "Amrita Bazar Patrika," Calcutta, as a result of editorial comments in the paper on the rulings of the Chair in connection with the walk-out of the Opposition in the Assembly.—A. P.

"EXCEEDED BOUNDS OF FAIR COMMENT"

Text Of Letter Addressed To Mr. Roy

SIMLA, Oct. 6.

The letter addressed to Mr. Roy by the Secretary of the Assembly, in connection with the cancellation of the Press Gallery pass says:—

"I am directed to inform you that the Hon. the President has read the leading articles and notes, which appeared from time to time in the "Amrita Bazar Patrika", on the ruling which he gave on September 2, 1936, during the debate on the Adjournment Motion relating to the alleged abolition of Tariff Board, and the statement which he made on the 4th September, 1936, in connection with the walk-out of the Congress Party immediately after the ruling was given. The President is of the opinion that the said writings, in particular the leading article of the 5th September, 1936, have exceeded the bounds of fair comment and constitute malicious and scandalous libel reflecting on his character and contain accusations of partiality in discharge of his duty as the President".

The letter adds: "Until further orders, no pass shall be issued to any representative of the "Amrita Bazar Patrika".—United Press.

"First Class Political Intriguers"

LAW MEMBER'S CHARGE AGAINST ACCOUNTANTS

Pulled Up By Jinnah & Cowasji Sircar Becomes More Accommodating

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

SIMLA, October 6.

Another hurdle was passed to-day in the Assembly when the right of Registered Accountants came in for discussion.

While the Opposition leaders supported the Select Committee's decision granting permission to style themselves as Chartered Accountants of India, Government by means of an amendment opposed it and finally had their way.

Sir N. N. Sircar's attitude in his first speech was unnecessarily militant—and to the surprise of the Opposition he used certain expressions which were far from charitable.

REGISTERED V. CHARTERED!

Reading certain portions of the memorial submitted by the Accountants Sir N. N. Sircar said it revealed them as first class political intriguers. Later, however, in reply to Mr. Jinnah's speech Sir N. N. Sircar was more accommodating and gave certain assurances which were generally acceptable to the House. He explained the question of giving the body of Indian Accountants the same status as Chartered Accountants will, in the near future, be taken into consideration by the Government and legislation when necessary, will be introduced. One point which has to be decided is whether there should be one body of accountants in India enjoying the status of Chartered Accountants or two bodies, one superior and the other inferior. As a result of this assurance the amendment deleting the Select Committee's provision was accepted by the House. The debate however on this issue which occupied the whole morning session proved highly controversial.

COMPROMISE SUGGESTION.

Pt. Pant while suggesting a compromise that Chartered Accountants should also style themselves as Registered Accountants said "I don't want superior arrogance if it is to perpetuate inferior status."

COWASJI HITS BACK.

Sir Cowasji Jehangir maintained the examination and training of Indian Accountants was a stiff as that of Chartered Accountants.

The Law Member interrupted "wholly wrong" when the Bombay Baronet proceeded with his arguments.

Sir N. N. Sircar remarked "I didn't know that the Hon. Member could speak for that side of the House." Sir Cowasji retorted "I have as much right to speak for this side of the House as the Hon. Member has to speak for the other side of the House."

Mr. Jinnah opened with the declaration "we also claim to be in the Opposition against Government" and speaking on the amendment urged that they should not attach too much importance to the clamour of the title "Chartered Accountants" and asked Government to take immediate steps to carry out the Law Member's assurance.

COMPANY LAW BILL

SIMLA, October 6.

The House resumed consideration of the Company Law Bill. There was a lengthy discussion on a Government Amendment seeking to omit the provision by which Registered Accountants certified by the Accountancy Board could sign balance sheets in the capacity of auditors by styling themselves as Chartered Accountants (India).

The amendment was opposed by Pundit K. Malaviya, Pundit G. V. Pant, Sir Cowasjee Jehangir, and Mr. Jinnah who wanted steps taken to ensure, that Indian Accountants would be able to pass an examination in India in order to acquire the same status as Chartered Accountants (England).

Sir N. N. Sircar explained that there was difference at present in the syllabus of Chartered Accountants (England) and Registered Accountants (India). Therefore until the examination for the latter was made stiffer it was unfair to place both on the same status. He assured the House that Government had under consideration the question of creating a body in India who could grant degrees similar to those of Cnartered Accountants (England).

The Government amendment was accepted. Several amendments mostly of a consequential and drafting nature were passed. One of these prescribed time limit of 90 days within which a liquidator should summon a joint meeting of a company after winding up. Another laid down that in paying out of the assets of the company in liquidation 'inter alia' Provident Fund, Gratuity Fund, or any other fund for the welfare of employees would get preference .

Government accepted the amendment of Pandit G. B. Pant to clause 110 to the effect that it shall not be lawful for any person to go from house to house offering shares of a company incorporated outside India for subscription or purchase to the public or to any member of the public.

Two more amendments by the same member were put and rejected. One of them to restrict the power of the Governor-General-in-Council in respect of limitation of the activities of a banking company to those specified in Clause III and not to enable the Governor-General-in-Council to extend the list by any notification was rejected by 47 votes to 35.

The House then adjourned, the President informing the House that the Bill might reach its final reading.—A.P.

OBSTACLES TO WORLD TRADE

Move For Abolition Of Quotas And Exchange Control Systems

ANGLO-FRENCH APPEAL

(SPECIAL CABLE)

GENEVA, Oct. 6.

An urgent appeal for the reduction of obstacles to international trade communications as a contribution to the consolidation of peace is contained in a draft resolution to be presented to the Second Economic Committee of the League by the French and United Kingdom Delegation.

The resolution recommends to States Members to relax and, as soon as possible, abolish the present sytem quotas and exchange control. The appeal, which was supported by the Scandinavian countries, Holland, Switzerland and Belgium is expected to be adopted.—Reuter.

EVEN BALANCE FOR FIRST TIME

WASHINGTON, Oct. 6.

The international balance of payments for the first six months in 1936 approaches, for the first time in history, an even balance on trade and service items says the Department of Commerce. Acquisition of American securities by foreigners totals between 750 and 800 million dollars since the devaluation of the dollar, according to independent estimates.—Reuter.

ITALIAN BOURSES TO OPEN TO-DAY

ROME, Oct. 6.

Italian Bourses are reopening to-morrow.—Reuter.

Walkout From Govt. Tea Party

PRESSMEN IN POONA COUNCIL HALL INCIDENT

(From Our Correspondent)

POONA, Oct. 6.

Sensation has been created by the walkout reported to have been made by some journalists belonging to the Press Gallery in the Bombay Council at a tea party given by the members and Ministers of Government to meet His Excellency Lord Brabourne, Governor of Bombay, at the Council Hall this evening.

"DELIBERATE INSULT"

It is stated that pressmen who had been invited in the same manner as other guests of the party were not introduced to His Excellency. Some journalists are stated to have felt this action as a matter of deliberate insult and hence they immediately withdrew from the party.

Earlier in the day, invites from the Press Gallery to this function wanted to refrain from appearing for the photograph that was to have been taken this evening. Some of them, therefore, had preferred not to attend the party at all.

AT BELL'S PARTY

It might be recalled that at a recent party given by the Council President to meet the then Acting Governor Sir Robert Bell, pressmen were invited and introduced to His Excellency and allowed to partake in the photograph.

Stop Press

REBELS BEATEN BACK

MADRID, Oct. 6.

Insurgents delivered their second attack near Naval Peral, but had to retire after suffering heavy losses, according to a War Ministry communique. Some of the best Government troops have been sent from Madrid to check the insurgents' advance.—Reuter.

Passage of the Devaluation Bill by the Czech Cabinet is announced.

Increasing nervousness in German business circles about the future of currency and economic developments were reflected in the bourse in the sharp climb of share prices caused by heavy buying, says a Berlin cable.

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BLOCK-LETTERED OR TYPEWRITTEN Advertisements will ensure correct insertions; otherwise no responsibility for any mistake will be accepted by the Management. Unclaimed replies to the Advertisements are destroyed after about a month.

REPLIES TO THE ADVERTISEMENTS should be addressed carefully as under:—"Box No..... The Advertisement Department, The "Bombay Chronicle," Red Building, Parsi Bazaar Street, BOMBAY. To avoid mistakes the Box Number should be written distinctly.

8. MATRIMONIAL.

Well-known young Hindu Publicist wants to marry cultured lady of means virgin or childless widow, respectable family any community. Apply full particulars Box No. 7065, "Bombay Chronicle."

9. SITUATIONS VACANT.

Wanted cashier for commercial firm. Security in cash Rs. 500 necessary. Apply stating salary to Box No. 7081, "Bombay Chronicle".

Wanted experienced salesman for Chemists and Druggists firm. Salary 50 to 75, plus commission. Cash security Rs. 500. Apply Box No. 7077, 'Bombay Chronicle'.

Wanted unemployed persons of all grades and qualifications to consult for appointments with Hastings and Co., Fatehpuri Road, Delhi. (7076).

Wanted: Experienced persons as District Managers to organise agencies on monopoly basis. Salary Rs. 60 besides commission and travelling allowance against guaranteed business. Apply Kurukshetra Insurance Co., Ltd., Delhi. (7003)

Wanted Staff Nurse. Pay Rs. 85—8—125. Messing allowance Rs. 60 per month. Uniform allowance Rs. 100 annually. Furnished free quarters. Knowledge of Hindi or Urdu essential. Apply with testimonials stating age, nationality, etc., to Superintendent, Government Sanatorium, Itki, (Ranchi), Bihar. (4048).

Wanted.—Applications are invited for the post of 2nd Assistant Engineer at Warachha Head Water Works, Surat, on the scheduled pay of Rs. 40—1—50. The candidate should be fully qualified second class mechanical Engineer of proficiency, of the Bombay Presidency. Preference will be given to those who have experience of steam pumps at the water works. Applications with copies of testimonials should be submitted to the undersigned stating qualifications, age, cast and previous experience on or before the 20th October, 1936. (Sd.) Tribhovandas S., Chief Officer, Borough Municipality, Surat. Municipal Office, Surat. (4077).

13. SHOPS & ROOMS TO LET.

To Let—Rooms in Mathuradas Bhuvan at Khetwadi Back Road, also in Shri Hari Nivas at Gowalia Tank; and in Shri Hari Sadan, near Prarthana Samaj, Charni Road. Apply to Purshottam Govindji, 62-63, Vithalwadi. Telephone No. 23513. (7079).

14. HOUSES & FLATS TO LET.

To Let—To Vegetarian Hindus a flat on first floor at Parekh Building, New Queen's Road. Rent Rs. 125. Apply Maganlal Mehta, 2nd Floor. (7068).

44. MEDICAL.

Leucorrhoea, Hysteria, Insanity, Epilepsy, Eczema, Appendicitis, Diabetes, perfect cure without operation and drugs. Free prospectus or interview, Dr. R. R. Khetti, New Delhi. (7010).

31. MOTOR CARS FOR SALE.

Armstrong Siddeley 14.9 H.P. Tourer for sale, in excellent condition, owner-driven, carefully looked after, in perfect running order Rs. 600. Apply to J. S. Rayner, Forbes Building, Home Street. (4064)

Morris Cowley 5-seater Tourer 1930, owner-driven, in good running order Rs. 550. Apply to J. S. Rayner, Forbes Building, Home Street. (4064)

56. EDUCATIONAL.

Post-Graduate Courses are held in Ophthalmology in Ramwadi Free Eye Hospital, Kalbadevi Road, Bombay. Those desirous of joining the same should apply to the Chief Medical Officer. (7070).

Better Pay and Prospects: Wanted Matriculates to become Advocates, Editors, Secretaries and Press Managers. Success sure. Prospectus Free. Technical College of India, Bombay 14. (7022)

For Expert Individual Training in Shorthand, Typewriting, Bookkeeping, Accountancy, Join—Kalkadevi Shorthand Typewriting Institution. Established 1898 by Gopaldas Laldas, Princess Street Corner, Kalbadevi Road. (7078).

58. BOOKS & PERIODICALS.

Who Interested In Astrology. 'Prosperity' book, Annas 2. Apply, Ishwarprasad Joshi, 88 (12) Vithalbhai Patel Road, Bombay, 4. (7080).

74. AGENCIES WANTED.

Wanted Special and Ordinary Agents from all parts of the Presidency for the most progressive Life Office in India. Terms exceedingly attractive. Apply to J. C. Maitra, Special Representative, The Metropolitan Insurance Co., Ltd., Tamarind House, Tamarind Lane, Fort, Bombay.

73. AGENTS WANTED.

Wanted Sugar Selling Agents. Apply to The Manager, Behar Sugar Works, Pachrukhi, B. & N. W. Rly., Dist., Saran, Behar, with references. (4062)

Wanted Reliable Agents to Sell our marvellous guaranteed NI-ON Signs (No glass). For particulars write with two annas stamps to: L. S. Ni-On Signs Co., Maharani Road, Indore, C.I. (7061).

MACHINERY FOR SALE

For Sale, Brass Foundaries, Litho and Buffing machines, with electric fittings. See personally Shamji Lakhamsey, opp. Police Chowky, Andheri. (7053).

154. MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE.

Sexus Paste for Contraception. Gelotube for venereal prevention. Both best and cheapest. Right Agency, Girgaum, Bombay. (6836).

156. MISCELLANEOUS.

In all sorts of Patents, Designs and Trade-Marks cases consult us. Booklet free. Law Morris and Co., 19, Strand Road, Calcutta. (6992)

Tea with excellent flavour and of best quality available at cheapest price. Trial solicited. You are sure to be satisfied. Apply Jamsetji D. Warden, Glass Bungalow, Chikkalwadi.

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Legal Notices.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

Suit No. 481 of 1936.

GOPAL PANDHARINATH SULAKHE & others .....Plaintiffs.
vs.
SHRIPAD SITARAM NAIK & others ..... Defendants.

To.

(1) Shripad Sitaram Naik and (2) Damodar Narayan Naik, the 1st and 2nd Defendants respectively herein both of Sankeshwar District. Belgaum. Hindu Inhabitants.

The Plaintiffs abovenamed have filed the above suit against you and others to recover Rs. 2,340-0-0 with interest and costs from you the first Defendant personally and from the other Defendants to the extent of their respective interest in the property of the joint family mentioned in the Plaint and the Court has fixed the 4th day of November, 1936, for the final disposal of the suit. In default of your appearance on that day the suit will be heard and determined in your absence.

Dated this 5th day of October, 1936.

M. V. GOKHALE & CO.
Plaintiffs' Attorneys.
4073.

Public Notices.

NOTICE TO JURYMEN.

GENTLEMEN of the SPECIAL JURY, summoned for the current Criminal Sessions are required to attend at the High Court on WEDNESDAY, the 7th Instant at 10-45 A.M. (S.T.)

CHUNILAL B. MEHTA,
Sheriff of Bombay.
Bombay, 6th October, 1936.
4076.

Legal Notices

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that MANABAI, widow of Damji Devsey and administratrix of the estate of the said Damji Devsey, of Bombay Hindu Inhabitant has contracted with our client for the absolute sale to him of all and singular the land hereditaments and premises more particularly described in the Schedule hereunder written.

All persons having or claiming to have any right, title, interest, estate, or claim in to or upon the said premises or any part thereof by way of inheritance, sale, gift, trust, lease, underlease, mortgage, lien or otherwise howsoever are required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at our Office at Medows Street, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date of publication hereof, otherwise at the expiration of the said period the said sale will be completed without reference to any such claims and the same, if any, shall be considered to have been waived.

THE SCHEDULE ABOVE REFERRED TO.

All that piece or parcel of land or ground of Quit and Ground Rent Tenure since redeemed together with the messuages tenements or buildings standing thereon situate at and fronting the Holy Chakla or Bora Bazar Street, within the Fort of Bombay in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 261 sq. yards or thereabouts and bearing Collector's Old Nos. 599, 600, 601, New No. 5720, Old Survey No. 859 and New Survey No. 8694 and Cadastral Survey No. 1312 of Fort Division and bounded, on the East by the property of Haridas Jiva, on the West by Bora Bazar Street, on the North by the property of Bencoovarbai, widow of Rajabahadur Mayaram and others, on the South by the property of Lakhmidas Rowji Tairsey and the buildings whereon are assessed by the Bombay Municipality under "A" Ward No. 2259 and formerly under Street Nos. 319-321-323 but now under Street Nos. 23, 25, 27.

Dated this 7th day of October, 1936.

MADHAVJI AND CO.,
Purchaser's Attorneys.
4079.

NOTICE OF SALE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that NOORMAHOMED SULLEMAN of Bombay Halai Memon, Sunni Mahomedan, inhabitant has contracted for the absolute sale to our client of the undermentioned property. All persons, therefore, having, or claiming any right, title or interest in or to the said property or any part thereof, whether by way of inheritance, bequest, trust, possession, gift, sale, mortgage, charge, lien, lease, or otherwise howsoever, are hereby required to make such claims known in writing to the undersigned at their Office, No. 113, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from this date, otherwise the said sale will be completed without reference to any such claims, and all such claims, if any, will be considered as waived.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY.

ALL THAT piece of land of the Quit and Ground rent tenure together with the dwelling house standing thereon situate at Bora Bazar Street, within the Fort of Bombay, in the registration Sub-district of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 117, 5/9th square yards or thereabouts and registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. 560, 560, 563, New Nos. 5670, 5671, 5674, Old Survey No. 8889 and New Survey No. 8714 and Cadastral Survey No. 980 of the Fort Division and bounded as follows:—that is to say, on or towards the East by the property now or formerly of Thakur Gordhan, on or towards the West by the said Bora Bazar Street, on or towards the South by a passage and on or towards the North by the property now or formerly of Awabai, widow of Nowroji Motabhoy Batliwala and which said premises are assessed by the Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under A Ward No. 2239 and formerly under Street Nos. 207-209 but now under Street No. 131.

Dated this 5th day of October, 1936.

ARDESHIR HORMUSJI DINSHAW & CO.,
Purchasers' Attorneys.
4072.

Public Notices.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Certificate for one ordinary share No 0165223 of the Tata Iron and Steel Company, Limited, standing in the Name of the deceased Amritlal Tapi-Shanker Joshi has been LOST or MISLAID and the undersigned has applied to the Company to issue a duplicate certificate for the said share. Any person who has a claim in respect of the said share should lodge such claim with the Company at its Registered Office, Bombay House, 24, Bruce Street, Fort, Bombay, within one month from this date else the Company will proceed to issue a duplicate share Certificate.

CHHOTALAL AMBALAL JOSHI.
Date 12-9-1936.
7075.

Legal Notices.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Mr. RAMJANALLI JAMALBHAI, of Bombay Khoja Mahomedan Inhabitant has contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our client.

All persons having any claim against or to the said property by way of inheritance, mortgage, sale, gift, lease, lien, charge, trust maintenance, easement or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office at Tamarind Lane, Fort Chambers "C" Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

THE SCHEDULE OF THE PROPERTY.

All that piece or parcel of Fazandari land or ground of pension and Tax tenure (fazandar whereof is Fulchand Moti Puma) together with the messuage, tenement or dwelling house standing thereon situate, lying and being at Tandel Street, without the Fort and in the registration Sub-District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 131 sq. yards or thereabouts and registered in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue along with other pieces of land under New No. 3205, New Survey No. 3123, Cadastral Survey No. 1573 of Mandvi Division and assessed by the Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under B ward No. 2779, Old Street No. 37-39, New Street No. 31 and bounded as follows that is to say, on or towards the east by a sweeper's passage, on or towards the west by Tandel Street, on or towards the north by the property of Mirza Ahmed Haji Jan Mahomed and others and on or towards the south by the property of the vendor.

Dated this 5th day of October, 1936.

PURNANAD & JASUBHAI,
Purchasers' Attorneys.
4071.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Official Trustee of Bombay as Trustee of the property of AARON, REUBEN PEZARKAR, under a Deed of Settlement, dated 22nd March, 1920, has contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our client.

All persons having any claim against or to the said property by way of inheritance, mortgage, sale, gift, lease, lien, charge, trust, maintenance, easement or otherwise, howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office at Fort Chambers, Dean Lane, Fort, Bombay within 14 days from the date hereof or to the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to such claim and the same if any will be considered as waived.

THE SCHEDULE OF THE PROPERTY.

All that piece or parcel of land, or ground of quit and ground rent tenure with the messuage tenement or dwelling house standing thereon situate, lying and being at Khadak Street in the Sub-District of Bombay, assessed by the Collector of Land Revenue under Collector's New No. 7061, Laughtan's Survey No. 2896 and Cadastral Survey No. 1051 of Mandvi Division and assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under Ward B No. 2063-64 and Street Nos. 2 at 10-13 and admeasuring 191 square yards or thereabouts and bounded as follows:—on or towards the North by the Dontad Cross Lane, on or towards the East by the Khadak Street, on or towards the West by the property of Fakir Mahomed Salemahomed and Bachu Salemahomed, on or towards the South by a Sweeper's passage and beyond that by the property of the Trustees of the late Haji Issuf Mahomed Suleman.

Dated this 6th day of October 1936.

DAYALJI & DIPCHAND,
Purchasers' Attorneys.
4062.

Public Notices.

NOTIFICATION BY THE COMMISSIONER OF POLICE, BOMBAY.

No. 12811|151-Impt.

With reference to the Commissioner of Police, Bombay's Notification No. 10799|151-Impt., dated 14th August 1936, published at pages 1677-1678 of the 'Bombay Government Gazette", Part I, dated the 20th August 1936, and in exercise of the powers conferred by clause (b) of sub-section (1) of section 22 of the City of Bombay Police Act, 1902 (Bom. IV of 1902), the Commissioner of Police has made the following additional rule:—

"38. The small lane on the east side of Kennedy Bridge shall be open to south-bound traffic only, i.e., from Vithalbhai Patel Road to Girgaum Road."

J. W. ROWLAND
Officiating Commissioner of Police

Head Police Office,
Bombay, 22nd September, 1936.
4074

Legal Notices.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

Suit No. 811 of 1936.

NENSEY JIVRAJ ..... Plaintiff
V/S.
DEVJI ANANDJI and others ..... Defendants

NOTICE.

All persons claiming to be the creditors of the firm of Messrs. Devji Cooverji & Co., upto recently doing business at 'Dana Bunder, Bombay,' are hereby required to notify their claims to the undersigned within 14 days from the date of this Notice. After the expiry of the aforesaid period of 14 days the undersigned will proceed to distribute the assets of the said firm, without regard to the claims not notified to him as aforesaid.

Bombay dated this 6th day of October, 1936.

Official Assignee's Office,
High Court, Bombay.
R. S. BILIMORIA,
Official Assignee
and Receiver in Suit
No. 811 of 1936.
4078.

Auction Sales

CRAWFORD & CO.

AUCTION SALE OF 2000, ALUMINIUM SCREW TOP BLUE BOTTLES.

By order of the Bank concerned and on account and the risk of Von Poncet Glashuttenwerke A. G. (Germany) and Messrs Dill Cross & Co; (Bombay) 2000, Aluminium screw top blue bottles will be sold on Monday 12th October 1936 at 2-30 P.M. (S.T.) at our rooms.

AUCTION SALE AT H. M. I. N. DOCKYARD, OF SECONDHAND MACHINERY, FURNITURE, CLOTHING, LAMPS, METALS, ETC.

By order of the Director of Contracts, Messrs. Crawford and Co., Auctioneers, will offer for sale on Thursday, 22nd October 1936, from 10-30 a.m. (S.T.) and on subsequent days at H. M. I. N. Dockyard, furniture, clothing, glasses, wire, brass, old copper and other metals, drums, shipwright stores, electric stores, lamps, tins, blankets and secondhand machineries, surplus stores such as Augers screw, brass locks and cocks valves, lead tubes, hand pumps, iron blocks, water closets, iron pulleys.

Full cash payment for lots upto Rs. 100 and for lots over Rs. 100, 20 p.c. cash as deposit and balance within 7 days.

Delivery to be completed within 21 working days.

Cheque will not be accepted.

CRAWFORD & CO.,
Government Auctioneers.

"GLADSTONE SOLOMON SCHOLARSHIP FUND"

GREAT VARIETY ENTERTAINMENT

ROYAL OPERA HOUSE

Produced by the Students of the SIR J. J. SCHOOL OF ART, BOMBAY

INDIAN DANCING
INDIAN MUSIC
TABLEAUX, etc.

THURSDAY AND FRIDAY
OCT. 8th and OCT. 9th.
6-30 p.m.

PRICES: Rs. 10; Rs. 7; Rs. 5; Rs. 3-8; Rs. 2-4, Rs. 1-2 and Annas 9.

Tickets may be had from the Hon. Sec., "GLADSTONE SOLOMON SCHOLARSHIP FUND", Sir J. J. School of Art, Bombay. Telephone: 20652.

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LAUREL-HARDY
COMEDIES
Then see Indian Laurel and Hardy
MR. GAMA & VILAYATOO
Bharat Laxmi Picture (Calcutta)'s
Romantic Comedy
DILJANI
alias
MASTANA
Starring:—
Miss LEELA! Miss KAMLA,
F. HUSEIN, VILAYATOO,
and GAMA.
NEXT SATURDAY
WELLINGTON
Talkies, Dhobi Talao.

The most realistic scenes of FANDHARPUR are being greatly appreciated by crowds that are every day rushing in to see
PUNDALIK
PARIJAT'S GREAT MUSICAL, SUPER
based on the life of
the Great Maratha Saint
of the same name....
starring:—
MASTER GANPATRAO MOHITE,
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The great musician,
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2ND GLORIOUS WEEK
Daily 3 shows: 5-15, 8 and 10-30 p.m.

FULL HOUSES
Prove the popularity of this
GREAT PICTURE
New Theatres Ltd., (Calcutta)'s
Masterpiece of Moviecraft
Maya
Directed by:—
Sjt. P. BARUA,
who gave you "Devdas"
Starring
JAMUNA
with:
P. SANYAL,
AZURIE,
NAWAB,
K. C. DEY,
JAGDEESH.
Time: 5-15, 8, & 10-45 p.m.
Sat., Sun. & Holidays
AT 2-45.
Now Drawing Full Houses—
MINERVA
TALKIES, Lamington Road.

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Mr. Bentley Jailed

2 Months' S. I. For Man Who Knocked Down Traffic Sepoy

This case calls for a deterrent sentence, Sir Hormuzdiar Dastur declared, when he sentenced Arthur Bentley (63), Proprietor of a Boarding House to undergo two months' simple imprisonment and pay a fine of Rs. 400, in default 3 months' further imprisonment.

The accused was found guilty and convicted under Section 304, A., I. P. C. for having driven his car on July 21 in a rash and negligent manner and thereby having caused the death of P. C. No. 1872 T, a Traffic Constable, on duty at the junction of Ormiston Rd.

Immovable Posts

The Magistrate observed that it must be remembered that constables placed on traffic duty are in some sense to be regarded as immovable posts.

They must stand at one spot and it is understood that all vehicles are to be driven in such a manner as to avoid colliding with them. "It is not for the constable to move away but it is the duty of all vehicular traffic to avoid them."

Case Fully Proved.

The Magistrate held that the prosecution case was fully proved.

The accused saw the traffic sepoy who had stopped the traffic coming from the direction of the Museum and in spite of the adverse signal, drove on and knocked down the constable.

The accused also drove his car so fast, Sir Hormuzdiar held, that he could not stop till it had reached 53 feet from the spot where the constable was knocked down.

The Magistrate did not accept the defence plea that the visibility was bad owing to cross-rain and further that the car was being driven at a speed of 15 to 20 miles. The contention that the brakes were not fully applied owing to the wet surface of the road for fear of skidding was discarded by the Court.

Sir Hormuzdiar observed "I think when a motorist knocks down a man his first and instinctive impulse would be to apply full brakes on and not sit in judgment considering the pros and cons of skidding."

Mr. C. B. Velker appeared for the prosecution. Mr. S. D. Vimadalal defended the accused.

Accused's Defence

The accused in his defence stated that he was proceeding along Colaba Causeway road from north to south and on approaching the junction he reduced his speed to about 15 to 20 miles as there was a sudden squall of wind and rain.

Before reaching the junction he saw the traffic constable give him the right of way and he followed the red tail-light of a car which was proceeding ahead of him.

The visibility was bad and the cross-rain was so heavy that the wind screen wiper could not remove the rain fast enough.

The alternating lights of the B. E. S. T. House blocked out and accentuated the darkness.

Visibility Not Bad

The Magistrate discussed the prosecution and defence evidence at great length and held that when the accident occurred the visibility was not bad, in fact the road was well-lit and the defence contention failed.

The Magistrate observed that the accused had himself admitted that he had seen the traffic constable, who gave him the right of way. It was not his case that he had not seen the constable or object in front of him before he bumped into it.

The defence witnesses themselves stated that the traffic constable was there and he had closed the North to South bound traffic and gave the right of way to the East to the West traffic.

Story Of Chasing Umbrella

The story of the constable chasing an umbrella when he was struck, the Court characterised as a mere suggestion of the defence and not a statement of fact. The accused does not admit that he saw the constable chasing the umbrella. He had maintained that the constable gave him the right of way and therefore when he was knocked down he must have been at his post.

One Outstanding Fact

The question of speed was discussed by the Magistrate at great length. There were, no doubt, some exaggerations and contradictions but one fact stood out, namely, that the constable was dragged 53 feet before the car stopped.

It was not the case for the defence that the brakes of the car were so defective that he could not stop the car at once. Nor had it been urged that the brakes were applied and they did not act.

On the contrary a suggestion was made by the defence counsel that, owing to the wet surface the brakes were not applied full on for fear of skidding.

The Magistrate said that it was not the moment for any motorist who had knocked down a man to sit in judgment weighing the 'pros and cons' of what would happen in such an eventuality but to act promptly to stop the car.

The Magistrate held that the car was being driven at a fast speed so much so that it could not be stopped until it had travelled 53 feet.

No Extenuating Circumstances.

There were no extenuating circumstances at all and the Magistrate therefore was of the opinion that it was one of those cases which called for a very deterrent sentence.

Fine Proceeds For Relatives

The Magistrate ordered that if the fine was paid the whole amount be paid to the dependents of the deceased constable.

BENTLEY RELEASED ON BAIL

Mr. Justice Broomfield and Mr. Justice Sen at the High Court ordered Arthur Bentley to be released on bail of Rs. 300 in anticipation of admission of his appeal.

Mr. Vimadalal appeared for the accused.

Professor Jagannath (with turban) and M Jaffar, the Olympic Hockey player received a great welcome on reaching Lahore.

Members of the Bombay Flying Club photographed at Juhu Aerodrome on their return from England on Saturday afternoon with Mr. P. Stone, Ground Engineer, and Mr. J. B. Simpson, Pilot-Instructor, who accompanied them on their flight.

DEPRESSION NEAR CHOTA NAGPUR

POONA, Oct. 6.

The deep Depression over Chota Nagpur has recurred and is centred this morning near Esansol. Fairly widespread has rain occurred in Northeast India with local rain in lower Burma and a few falls in upper Burma, East Central Provinces and East United Provinces. A few light showers are also reported from Mysore.

The chief amounts are:—Cherrapunji 11 inches; Shillong 4; Gaya 3; Kyaukpyu, Silchar, Ranchi Haraibagh, Purnea 2; Myitkyina 1½; Darbhanga, Patna, Naya and Dumka 1.

Forecast:—Rainfall will continue fairly widespread from North Bihar to Assam and occur locally in South Bengal and Burma. Scattered thundershowers are also likely in East Central Provinces and in the extreme South of the Peninsula.—A. P.

COLABA OBSERVATORY, BOMBAY.

Summary of Meteorological Observations during 24 hours ending 8 a.m. of 6-10-1936.

Change of 8 a.m. barometer in past 24 hours plus .043 inches

Temperature (dry bulb) at 8 a. m. 81.2 degrees

Temperature (wet bulb) at 8 a.m. 76.2 degrees

Maximum temperature during 24 hrs 88.6 degrees 0.5 (above normal)

Minimum temperature during 24 hrs 77.8 degrees 1.9 (above normal)

Relative humidity at 8 a.m. 87 per cent.

Direction of wind at 8 a.m. ENE

Velocity of wind at 8 a.m. 1 mile per hour

Total movement of wind in 24 hours 116 miles

Velocity of maximum gust of wind during 24 hours 14 miles per hour

Extent of cloud at 8 a.m. (the whole sky cloudy eq. 10) 3

Rain in 24 hours 000 inches

Total rainfall during the month 0.01 inches

Total rainfall during the year 56.12 inches

OFFICIAL BAROMETER READING DATED 6-10-36

At 8-7 a.m. local time (8-46 a.m. Indian Standard Time) and temperature 83.2 deg. F., a mercury barometer without index error at mean sea level would actually read 30.11 inches and a compensated aneroid 29.90 inches

For correction of ships' instruments please subtract from the above official barometer reading 0.001" for every foot of elevation of the instrument above mean sea level.

EARTHQUAKE REPORT

An earthquake shock of moderate intensity at its origin about 3610 miles away with its epicentral region apparently in the neighbourhood of the South Philippines, was recorded by the seismographs at the Colaba Observatory at 15h. 24 mts. (I.S.T.) on Monday the 5th October 1936.

An appeal was filed in the Calcutta High Court on Monday by the Court of Wards representing the three defendants in the Bhowal Sannyasi Case, namely Rani Bibhabati, Rani Anandkumari and Kumar Ramnarayan Roy. Three hundred and forty-eight grounds have been taken in appeal.

V. J. T. I. WANTS BIGGER GRANT

Asks Corporation To Increase Annual Contribution

The Secretary of the Victoria Jubilee Technical Institute has requested the Standing Committee of the Municipal Corporation to increase the annual grant of Rs. 7,000 to Rs. 10,000 next year.

In a letter to the Standing Committee, he writes:—

The Board of the Institute consider that the grant of Rs. 7,000 sanctioned by the Corporation for the year 1936-37 is too small considering the long standing of the Institute, the growing importance of technical education to the City, and the fact that the Corporation paid to the Institute a fixed grant of Rs. 20,000 for many years.

A reduction in the grant was made first in 1930-31, the grant sanctioned being Rs. 5,000. It was increased to Rs. 10,000 the next year, but in each of the years 1933-34, 1934-35 and 1935-36, a further reduction of Rs. 1,000 per annum was made with the result that in 1935-36 a grant of Rs. 7,000 only was paid and the same amount has been sanctioned for this year.

As the Corporation are probably aware, in addition to the increased demand on their finances for expenditure in connection with expansions and improvements to keep pace with the times, the Board of the Institute have chiefly at the suggestion of the Corporation started a short course of training in Radio work. They have, also, recently considered carefully the steps required to be taken to improve the courses of training at the Institute, and have already made a beginning in that direction by changing the system of holding the Entrance Examination as suggested by the Corporation and raising the standard of admission.

As the Corporation will realise, these and other contemplated changes in the courses of training and the requisite additions to staff and equipment are largely matters of finance.

The Board, therefore, hope, that the Corporation will take all these points into consideration and increase the grant to at least Rs. 10,000 immediately and provide for more liberal grants from year to year as funds permit.

BOMBAY SECONDARY TEACHERS' ASSOCN.

Appeal To Elect Mr. P. A. Dhond As President Vice Hamill

(From A Correspondent.)

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

The members of the Bombay Secondary Teachers' Association are to meet to-morrow to elect their president in the vacancy caused by the departure of Mr. Hamill to Simla.

The Bombay Secondary Teachers' Association, which forms the very backbone of the teaching community, was originally started as the Teachers' colloquium by Mr. P. A. Dhond, Mr. Hamley, then professor of Physics and Mathematics, Wilson College, and later on the Principal, the S. T. T. College Bombay, and Mr. M. R. Ingle. Later it developed into what was known as the Bombay Teachers' Union.

Mr. Hamill was the first President and Mr. P. A. Dhond was the first Hon. Secretary of this parent body of the above Association. The membership was open as at present, to all teachers in the Primary, the Secondary and the collegiate departments of Education and to all others interested in the cause of education.

The services rendered to the Union by Mr. Dhond, and his activities as a Fellow of the Bombay University, as a member of its Academic Council and as a Fellow of the S. N. D. T. Women's University, are too well-known to require any mention.

At the suggestion of his friends Mr. Dhond is seeking election to the Presidentship of the B.S.T. Union which is to come off to-morrow in the S.T.T. College Hall at 5 p.m. (S.T.)

It is the bounden duty of the members of this Association to attend the meeting and vindicate the honour of the Secondary Teachers by electing Mr. Dhond the President.

Fined For Criminal Breach Of Trust

(From A Correspondent)

The Resident Magistrate (1st Class) Kurla fined on 30th September, Mr. Purshottam Hari Kulkarni of Borivli Rs. 200 or six months' rigorous imprisonment in default of payment, on a complaint filed by Mr. G. B. Borwankar of Kandivli under Section 406 Indian Penal Code.

The case was that the complainant entrusted to the accused a cowcalf tethering on certain terms. The accused thereafter sold away the calf to the Gorakshak Mandal, Kandivli under a different name in violation of the terms, and misappropriated the sale proceeds thereof, committing thereby criminal breach of trust.

The complainant was represented by Mr. Y. N. Wagh with Mr. V. T. Joshi, while the accused was defended by Mr. Tamane with Mr. Kurulkar.

The complainant, Mr. Borvankar who brought this here is very well-known to me.

Dramatic Arrest In Elphinstone Circle Garden

Cat Burglar Alleged To Have Escaped From Jail Protests Against Police Action

While enjoying his afternoon siesta in the Elphinstone Circle Gardens, Fort, on Monday, after bolting from the Visapur Jail, where he was "doing" a term of six years, a convict was apprehended by the City Police and was driven off to the Commissioner's office.

As the plain clothes men surrounded him, Mahadeo Laxman, described as a notorious "cat-burglar," melo-dramatically protested that his respectability was wounded by the action of the Policemen, in arresting an "innocent" man in the presence of a crowd.

But the Policemen unwilling to take chances, slipped a brace of hand-cuffs on him and drove him in a taxi to the Police Headquarters

On September 23, last, the Bombay Police received information that Mahadeo Laxman escaped with prison-clothes on, from the Government Prison Farm, Visapur and all the police stations in the City and the Crime Branch, C.I.D., kept a sharp watch for him.

Within four days of this information, the police headquarters received several complaints of thefts in the Fort area.

On Monday afternoon Mahadeo was noticed by the policemen on watch, while he was taking rest on a bench in the Municipal Gardens at the Elphinstone Circle. He was dressed in a blue blazer sports coat and new clothes.

Protests with Police.

When the policemen arrested him he protested loudly that he was a respectable businessman of Bombay and that he was innocent.

But ignoring his protest, the constables slipped the handcuffs on him and took him in a taxi to the Commissioner's Office.

He was searched and a gold wrist watch, a few purses and cash were found on his person. Part of the property belonged to some boarders, living in the Outram Hotel, where a theft took place on September 27.

The accused was remanded into custody for a fortnight by the Chief Presidency Magistrate.

PRIVATE CAR DRIVERS' UNION

Over 900 Members Enrolled, New Constitution Adopted

The first General Meeting of the Bombay Private Motor Car Drivers' Union was held at Blavatsky Lodge on Sunday, Mr. M. R. Masani presided.

The Hall was packed with drivers, there being hardly standing room left for them. The Chairman reported that in all over 900 drivers had enrolled themselves as members of the Union and had paid their subscriptions. This announcement was received with great enthusiasm.

The Chairman read to the meeting a letter from Mr. K. F. Nariman promising his support and co-operation to the Union, and regretting his inability to be present at that meeting.

First, the meeting discussed general problems affecting the drivers such as, a minimum wage, hours of work, half holiday every week, issuing of new licences, relief of unemployment among drivers, etc.

Then the Constitution of the Union as recommended by the Provisional Committee was considered clause by clause and adopted.

The following were elected as honorary members of the Union: Yusuf Meherally, M. R. Masani, S. S. Batlivala, Maniben Mulji R. A. Khedgikar, M. L. Shah and N. T. Shroff.

The meeting then elected the following office-bearers and Executive Committee:

President: Yusuf Meherally.

Vice-President: Mr. M. R. Masani.

Treasurer: N. T. Shroff.

Members of the Executive: Maniben Mulji R. A. Khedgikar, M. L. Shah, M. L. Rokde, Akbar Khan, R. H. Sonune, Fazle Ali, J. F. D'Souza, Ahmed Ali, B. S. More, H. I. Desai, Laxman Gorke, Z. A. Durani, K. Jadhav, T. J. D'Souza, V. D. Bhatak and L. M. Raval.

The Committee was authorised to appoint the Secretaries of the Union. The meeting then terminated amidst great enthusiasm.

There may be DANGEROUS GERMS right where your hand is

make sure you are protected

In the street *and in your own house* germs are everywhere; waiting to spread infection and disease through your hands or your body.

Can you afford to run this dread risk of infection? There's no need to. Regular washing with Lifebuoy Soap removes all danger. Lifebuoy's foaming, refreshing antiseptic lather washes you clean, takes away the germs with the dirt, and leaves your skin wonderfully healthy again.

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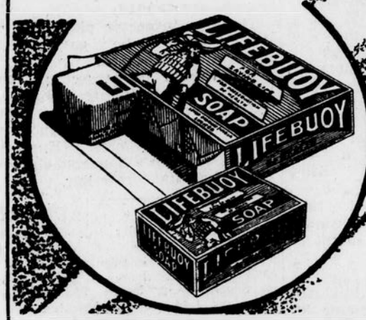

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LEVER BROTHERS (INDIA) LIMITED

India Had Worthily Played Part Of Hockey Missionary

Dhyan Chand Says Members Of Olympic Team Feel Proud Of Raising Motherland In Estimation Of World

MADRAS, Oct. 4.

Dhyan Chand, Captain of the Indian Olympic Hockey team before leaving Madras to-day for Delhi thanked the public of Madras for the great regard shown to him and the members of his team generally.

Giving his impressions of the tour, Dhyan Chand said:—

"As far as Hockey is concerned India has played the part of a great missionary and it is an extremely happy sign to find other countries taking to hockey with such great keenness. It is my third time to have played for India in the Olympic games and I can assure you that this year the Hockey tournament was a very contested one.

"There has been a general improvement in the Hockey standard in Europe since our last visit of 1932. Most of the teams have started playing hockey according to the Indian style and I must say that some teams have copied our game very well. In the finals judging the strength of the Germans we played with such a determination that we inflicted a heavy defeat on them."

Referring to his team he said: "I would be failing in my duty if I do not make suitable remarks about my team.

"I can assure you that they all have helped me and thus their country by giving me very hearty co-operation and playing the same in the true sense of the word. I must congratulate them all for keeping India's flag flying and bringing fame and glory to India.

They have proved themselves as true sons and they all feel proud for representing this country and raising India in the estimation of other countries."—A. P.

BOMBAY RACING SEASON

The following are the dates for the Bombay Racing Season, 1936-37:—

FIRST WINTER MEETING

1st Day, Saturday, 14th November, 1936 Divali (Holiday).
2nd Day Saturday, 21st November, 1936.
3rd Day Saturday, 28th November, 1936.

X'MAS MEETING

1st Day Saturday, 5th December, 1936.
2nd Day Saturday, 12th December, 1936.
3rd Day Wednesday, 16th December, 1936, Ramzan-Id (Holiday).
4th Day Saturday, 19th December, 1936.
5th Day Thursday, 24th December, 1936, Christmas Eve (Holiday).
6th Day, Saturday, 26th December, 1936, Boxing Day (Holiday).

SECOND WINTER MEETING

1st Day Thursday, 31st December, 1936, New Year's Eve (Holiday).
2nd Day Saturday, 2nd January, 1937.
3rd Day Saturday, 9th January, 1937.
4th Day Saturday, 16th January, 1937.

BOMBAY RACES, 1937

1st Day, Saturday, 23rd January, 1937.
2nd Day, Saturday, 30th January, 1937.
1937.
4th Day, Saturday, 13th February, 1937.
5th Day, Saturday, 20th February, 1937.

SPRING MEETING 1937.

Dates will be notified later.

AUSTRALIAN CRICKET COACHES FOR INDIA

It is understood that the well-known Australian cricketers, Bromley and Scaife, have been engaged as coaches by the Maharaja of Patiala during the cold weather.

AROUND THE COURTS

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

A person who went to rescue his wife, was brutally assaulted, it was alleged, with a knife and bamboo stick. He is detained in the K E. M. Hospital for treatment of several injuries all over his body.

It is stated that the complainant's wife was missing from Saturday last and when he came to know that she was in the room of the accused, Babaji Baboo, he went there and asked her to follow him, when he is alleged to have received the above treatment.

Babaji was ordered to-day by the Dadar Court to be released on a bail of Rs. 50.

Mr. Mankar, the Additional Presidency Magistrate, refused to let Kapurchand Shah, on bail when Mr. Joachim Alva applied for bail on his behalf. yesterday, at the Mazagon Court.

There are six charges against the accused and the prosecution allege that the accused has used several aliases. The accused is charged with the offences of forging of valuable security, for purposes of cheating and for forging documents for using them as genuine. (Sections 467 468, 471, etc.).

Rao Saheb Dere, Inspector, C.I.D. Crime Branch, opposed the application for bail and put in the charge sheet against the accused. He said there were seven cases against the accused wherein Rs. 10,000 was involved in each case.

Entitled To Bail.

Mr. Joachim Alva submitted that his client was arrested on 6th June last and was entitled to bail. Though the offence was non-bailable the Magistrate possessed wide discretion in the matter.

Besides Mr. Alva asserted, the the ordinary principle that the accused possessed the glorious privilege of being considered innocent by the Court until he was actually convicted. After all if he was there to abide by the sentence of law, there was no harm, in letting him go and he should be treated leniently in the matter of bail by the Court as he had been already such a long time in the lock-up.

Mr. Mankar, posted the case for the 12th October and asked Mr. Joachim Alva to renew his application for bail when the actual case would be on.

As the best remedy for ladies' ailments. Ask for literature.
Agents for Bombay:—
P. M. ZAVERI & CO.,
Princess Street, BOMBAY.

Inquest On Victims Of Oil Mill Explosion

Pending the examination and report of the Factory Inspector, further inquest was postponed on Rustom Jal Davar and Gustadji Cowasji Mistry, scalded to death by boiling oil in the New Mahaluxmi Oil Mills, Lamington Road, last week.

Deputy Inspector Winton told the City Coroner, to-day, that it was not possible to find out what exactly happened on that day. Two people were still lying in the hospital and Sheik Mohommed Sheik Chand, the engineer of the Mill, who was still lying in the hospital might be able to throw light on the incident.

The officer further added that the examination of the machinery by the Factory Inspector might be helpful.

Sudden Tragedy.

An employee of the mill stated that Davar was the proprietor of the Mill and Mistry the manager of it. On Wednesday last at 9-30 a.m. linseed oil was being boiled in a tank, outside the walls of the mill, and it was being pumped into another tank inside the mill by means of pipes. Both the proprietor and the manager stood on and beside a stand near the oil-tank in which boiled oil was being pumped in. Witness was standing behind them.

All of a sudden the oil bubbled over and it was splashed on his masters.

The officer stated that for the last 25 years the same process was adopted and requested the Coroner to adjourn further inquest pending further inquiries.

The City Coroner accordingly adjourned further inquest to October 13.

A verdict of death by internal haemorrhage from injuries inflicted on Ganpat Bapoo Nalwade, a head-jobber done to death by iron pipes and sticks at the junction of Chinchpokli Cross Lane and Gunpowder Road by six persons on September 10 last, was recorded by the City Coroner.

Two suspects are absconding and four persons have been arrested.

The Jury recommended their prosecution for rioting murder and abetment, holding that they were immediately concerned in a deadly attack on Nalwade by lethal weapons.

A verdict of murder was returned by the Coroner's Jury to-day on the death of Mahloo Ganpat, found unconscious in a building on Dadyshet Agiary Lane, Girgaum, Bombay, on September 23, last.

The Jury recommended the prosecution of the two suspects, namely, Baboo Ganoo and Maloo Ganoo on charges of murder and abetment.

The "melee" was between two factions, the evidence showed, during the Ganpati festival Mahloo Ganpat was belaboured with a heavy piece of wood, following a drunken brawl. One eye-witness gave evidence.

Sub-Inspector A. R. Vasavda of the Kingsway Police was exonerated by Mr. M. A. F. Coelho, Presidency Magistrate, at the Dadar Police Court this morning, from charges of voluntarily causing hurt to an under-trial prisoner on the night of September 2, last.

Kunwarsingh Narsinghban, the under-trial prisoner in question, was arrested on August 29th last by Sub-Inspector Vasavda for the alleged kidnapping of a child and theft of a gold chain. Eventually the enquiry was entrusted to Sub-Inspector Vasavda.

Medical evidence showed that the prisoner had weal mark on him while Sub-Inspector Vasavda was injured in vital parts and his thumb was twisted.

The Sub-Inspector pleaded "not guilty" and said he gave a few blows in self-defence.

Exonerating the accused of the charges, the Magistrate observed that the whole situation was brought about by the conduct of the prisoner himself (Kunwarsingh), who was a damaged character and an inveterate liar.

Death by accident following severe burns was the verdict recorded by the City Coroner, to-day on a three-year old child named Raghunath Babu who sustained scalds from boiling water on September 27 last. The boy died five days later in the hospital.

A verdict of suicide was recorded by the City Coroner, on Tuesday on an unidentified South-Indian who was run over by a train at Parel junction on Sunday night last. The body will be lying in the morgue (J. J. Hospital) for another three days.

A resolution condemning the decision of the Bengal Provincial Congress Committee to carry on an agitation against the Communal Award was passed at the concluding sitting of the Bengal Congress Socialist Party Conference, Mr. Yusuf Meherally presiding.

KALYAN RESIDENT MAGISTRATE

Bar Association Complains Of Discourteous Treatment

The Kalyan Bar Association has unanimously passed the following resolution regarding the Resident Magistrate of Kalyan.

Mr. D. T. Nene, the President of the Association is forwarding the resolution to the District Magistrate and Sessions Judge at Thana, to the Chief Justice of the Bombay High Court, to the Commissioner of the Northern Division at Ahmedabad and to the Thana Bar Association.

The text of the resolution is as follows:—

"The Bar Association condemns the discourteous and ungentlemanly treatment meted out by Mr. M. G. Naik, Resident Magistrate, Kalyan to the members; it further resents the sweeping and uncalled for remarks made by him against the members of this Bar in his report to the Sub-Divisional Magistrate, Kalyan Prant, in a transfer application, dated 10-2-1936; it resolves that steps should be taken to approach the District and Sessions Judge, Thana, the District Magistrate Thana and the higher authorities concerned, with a view to getting the grievances enumerated in the Inquiry Committee's report redressed by his transfer and such other action as may be deemed necessary in the matter."

MADRAS GIRL FOR SALE IN BOMBAY?

Police Inquiring About "Father's" Claim

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

The Visilance Branch Police are making inquiries in a case in which a man claims to be the father of a minor girl alleged to have been brought to Bombay for purposes of sale.

The police took charge of the girl yesterday and placed her before the Presidency Magistrate, Mazagaon to be sent Children's Home, pending police inquiries.

It is stated that the girl was brought from Madras and that the sale was arranged with a Bohri.

SENSATIONAL ALLEGATIONS AGAINST POLICE

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Grave and sensational allegations were made in a complaint presented by Mr. J. S. Chiniwala, Advocate, before the Chief Presidency Magistrate, Bombay, on behalf of his client, Mr. Fali B. Mehta, a merchant.

The complainant charged three constables, attached to the Palton Road Police Station, with insult, intimidation and abetment.

The Magistrate ordered the issue of summonses against the accused.

In his complaint Mr. Mehta stated that on September 26 he parked his car opposite his office in Forbes Street,—which was for one-way traffic—when three constables on Patrol Duty came up and ordered him to move his car.

Urgent business prevented him from doing so and besides there were other cars in continuation of which he had parked his car.

The constables thereupon, the complainant alleged, indulged in vulgar abuse and hurled at him filthy epithets.

A complaint was made to the Palton Road Police and a departmental inquiry was promised.

Withdrew From Enquiry

Mr. Mehta accompanied by his Advocate and witnesses went to the Palton Road Police Station by appointment. For the inquiry when it is alleged the conduct of Deputy Inspector Littlewood prevented them from proceeding with the inquiry and they withdrew.

The complainant who is a respectable business man in the city, contended that the conduct of the constables called for action and therefore presented this complaint.

Sir Hormuzdiar after perusing the complaint ordered the issue of summonses.

(Continued from Col. 7)

Bhairon. "Main to tore damanwa lagi maharaj."
8-30 Mohammad Hussain. "Phir mohabat men maza ata hai. Kiun na khaen hamen gham sata hai." (Momin).
8-37 Ghulam Sabir. Sarangi—Pancham.
8-45 Talk (Hindustani): "Outline history of the world." No. 6. By Prof. Mchd. Mujeeb.
9-0 Gat Nautch. Mukerji. Violin. Sardar. Violin. Sabiri. Sarangi. Malang. Sarangi. Tufail Tabla.
9-10 Master Mahboob. Qawwali.
9-30 Afzal Hussain . Thumri Paraj. "Mora jaga ke joban."
9-40 Asad Ali Khan. Thumri Sindh Bhairvin. "Sayyan pardeswa men chhae raiho."
9-50 Viola and Organ. Alap Basant Mukhari. By Mukerji and Karbar.
12-30 p.m. Indian Recorded Music. (Talkie Songs).
5-30 Air Orchestra. "Tu aja dilbar."
5-40 Mohammad Hussain. Naat.
5-45 A Chorus. By Air Artists. "Main ahwal-i-dil mar gaya kaihte kaihte. Thake tum na bas bas suna kaihte kaihte."
5-55 Master Mahboob. Thumri Phu.
6-5 "Dastan-i-Dil." (A song accompanied by two violins.)
6-15 Malang Khan. Qanum.
6-20 1st News and Weather Report (Hindustani).
6-30 1st News and Weather Report (English).
6-40 Air Orchestra. Dadra.
6-50 Mohammad Hussain. Ghazal.
7-0 Master Mahboob. Qawwali.
7-20 "The Beggar Implores." "Kuchh rah-i-Khuda de ja, ja tera bhala hoga." (Zafar Badshah). Accompanied by Air Orchestra.
7-30 "For Villagers Only." Delhi Market Rates at 8 p.m.)
8-30 Talk (Hindustani): "Elements of Radio, No. 6. By Radio-minded.
8-45 Songs from the Dilfarosh, Part I.
9-15 2nd News and Weather Report (Hindustani).
9-30 2nd News and Weather Report (English).
9-45 p.m. Talk: "The Village as I see it" No. 4. By Raj Kumari Amrit Kaur. A series of talks by people who from different points of views and for different reasons have interested themselves in the Indian village.
10-0 An Orchestral Programme. By His Excellency the Viceroy's Orchestra.

STUDENTS STAGE VARIETY ENTERTAINMENT

For Permanent Art Scholarship

Keen interest is being taken by the students of the Sir J. J. School of Art in the production of a Variety Entertainment in aid of funds which they are raising to found a scholarship for the poor student to commemorate Mr. Gladstone Solomon's reg me as Head of the School, when he retires early next year. The School of Art has greatly increased in size and importance of late years and it has long been felt that more Scholarships are badly required to assist deserving students, many of whom are unable to complete their courses of study for want of the necessary means of support. It is understood that the Scholarship contemplated will be available for all sections of the School of Art. The Variety Entertainment is one of the series of enterprises now being planned by the students to further this excellent cause.

THE DANCES.

The entertainment is to take place at the Royal Opera House on Thursday and Friday next at 6-30 p.m. and it bids fair to be a most interesting show. All those who have seen the rehearsals are impressed with the ihairming dances, exciting dramas, colourful tableaux and interesting Indian music, which figure in the Students' Programme. Those who attend the show at the Royal Opera House will see a series of interesting Indian scenes in which the peasants' dances from North Eastern India alternate with the dramatic terpsichorean revels of the Celestials on Mount Kailasa!

A beautiful dance of women, which is still practised at Benares and in the Mirzapur Districts, will form a special feature of this part of the Programme.

The dramas will include a thrilling episode from the court annals of Jehangir in which a poor washer-woman receives a remarkable demonstration of the Emperor's justice when he offers his own life in atonement for the death of her husband who was accidentally shot through an error of the Empress! Then there will be a play which deals with the renunciation of a Sanyasi and his attempts to reform a somewhat pharisaical community. Another drama which is sure to arouse interest in those of the audience who can enjoy a historical story will deal with the disputes between Aurangzebe and his brother Dara, and exemplifies the former's religious zeal.

TABLEAUX AND SCULPTURAL POSES.

The students have designed a tableaux which illustrates the birth of the idea of the Taj Mahal in the mind of Shah Jehan; and another not less romantic, will portray the World of Serpents, the Serpent King and the attractive Naginis in the Patala or Paradise of the Nagas. Between some of the more poetical items there will be a series of comic interludes which will show once more that Indian art students are by no means devoid of the sense of humour.

All those who are desirous of seeing this entertainment and thereby encouraging the students in their efforts may obtain tickets by applying to Mr. C. R. Gerrard, Deputy Director, at the School of Art.

TO-DAY ON RADIO

Empire Broadcasting

GSH 21.47 Mcls. (13.97m),
GSG 17.79 Mcls. (16.86m)
GSF 15.14 Mcls. (19.82m)

7-30 p.m. Big Ben. The BBC Dance Orchestra, Directed by Henry Hall.
8-5 p.m. A Recital, By Sinclair Logan (Baritone) and Karl Ulrich Schnabel (Pianoforte), Karl Ulrich Schnabel: Five Songs without Words: (1) In F sharp minor, Op. 67, No. 2 (2) in B minor, Op. 30 No. 4 (3) In C Op. 102 No. 5 (4) In G. minor, Op. 102 No. 6 (5) In C (The Bees Wedding) Op. 67 No. 4 (Mendelssohn). Sinclair Logan: Tome the Rhymer; (Edward Loewe), Karl Ulrich Schnabel: Ballad in D minor (Edward) Op. 10 No. 1 (Brahms).
8-30 p.m. "Empire Exchange" Points of view on Imperial affairs given by travellers from the Dominions and the Colonies.
8-45 p.m. The Bournemouth Municipal Orchestra. Leader, Betram Lewis; conductor, Richard Austin; Solo Pianoforte, Solomon. From the Pavilion, Bournemouth. Vorspiel and Liebestod (Tristan and Isode) (Wagner). Pianoforte Concerto No. 5 in E flat (Emperor): (1) Allegro (2) Adagio un poco mosso (3) Rondo (Beethoven). Colour Symphony: (1) Purple (2) Red (3) Blue (Bliss).

Bombay Programmes

VUB 350.9 metres, 355 kc/s

a.m
11-30 A selection of Indian Music Fakre Alam Quawal "Sab Kahte Hai" "Muzako Ruswa Kia," Zohrajan "Chhal Baliya Ne Tor Dali" "Allah Jane Re" Kishanlal of Hyderabad "Aba Kaise Jobana" Hori, "Janat Hu Tum Gunan Bhare" Thumri, J. L. Ranade "Churiya Karke Gaye" Malkous, "Khelan Aye Hori" Bhima Palas, Master Vasant "Madhav Mo Samaan" Tilang "Shyam Khale Hori" Misra holi Kadim Hussein Khan "De Najarave Men" Jivan Puri. "Mha Ko Rajaji" Desh, Laloo Bhai and Raj Kumari "Rasila Jivan" "Sarovar ni Hansi" Nazirkhan of Jaora "Sitar Gat" Darbari Instrumental "Sitar Gat" Adana Instrumental

p.m.
1-0 Available Market Rates. Jules Crean and his Quintet. Relayed from Taj Mahal Hotel "Flirtation" Steck "Un Peu D'Amour" Silesu "Tales of Hoffmann" Offenbach. "Moment Musical" Schubert, "Love Song" (Walkyrie) Wagner. "Roses of the South" Strauss.
2-0 Close down
5-30 Relay from Krishna Cinema.
6-15 Talk (Marathi): "Bharatia Striya by V. D. Gokhale.
6-30 Gujerati Lyrics by Rasik T. Vin.
7-0 Violin Recital by Shridhar Parsekar.
7-15 Exposition of Gathas (Gujerati) by Ervad Framroz A. Bode.
7-30 Light Classical Music by Prof Amanatalli Khan, with Sarangi, Harmonium and Tabla.
8-30 Commercial News and News in Hindi.
9-0 "Vichitra Bheja" A Gujerati farce written by "Jaman," produced by Nagindas Jamnadas.
9-30 Talk (English): "International Affairs," by E. J. Gough.
9-45 News in English.
10-0 A Pianoforte Recital by Ivy de Costa, F.T.C.L. Sonata in C. Minor, Op. 13 "Pathetic" Beethoven. Grave—Molto Allegro E Con Brio Adagio Cantabile Rondo. Two Preludes Op. 28 Chopin. No. 7 in A Major No. 20 in C. Minor. "Golliwogg's Cake Walk" Debussy "Horloge A Musique" Stern 'The Little white donkey' Ibert 'Rush hour in Hongkong' Chasins.
10-30 "The Joke" A Sketch by the Bombay Amateur Dramatic Club.

Calcutta Programmes

VUC 370.4 Meter 810 kc/s 49.10 Meters 6.109 kc/s.

p.m.
12-36 SB Light Orchestral Selections from the Studio.
1-0 Talk (English) : "The Story
1-0 SB Talk (English): "The Story of a Leaf." by W. H. Miles.
1-20 SB Dance Music from the Studio. Calcutta Weather Bulletin for Oceancraft and Rivercraft.
1-36 Musical Selections.
1-51 Talk (Bengali): "The Story of a Leaf" by Dr. P. Guha Thakurta.
2-6 Musical Selections.
2-36 Talk (Bengali): "Vaishnava Literature—Govinda Das and his Poetic Genius by Harekrishna Sahityaratna.
5-6 Dialogue (Bengali): "The Doctor in the Village."
5-16 Baul Song by Harekrishna Das Vaishnav.
5-26 Talk (Bengali): "Beware of Swindlers." by Manmohan Ghose.
5-36 An Evening Song by Prafullabala.
5-51 Ornamental Bengali Song by Gouri Kedar Bhattacharya.
6-6 Bengali Thungri by Ashalata.
6-21 Modern Bengali Song by Harshadev Roy.
6-41 Duni Kheyal by Kamal Das Gupta.
7-1 "Autumn Comes" (A Musical Sequel to "Farewell to Rain.") Composed and Produced by Banikumar. Music by P. K. Mullick. Supported by the Betar Orchestra, conducted by Tarak De.
8-6 Talk (Bengali): "How properties are assessed in Calcutta" by B. N. Chowdhury.
8-21 Selected Bengali Songs by Mrinal Kanti Ghose.
8-41 Commercial News and Weather Report (In Bengali).
8-46 SB News in Bengali.
9-1 SB Commercial News and Weather Report (In English).
9-6 SB News in English.

Delhi Programmes

VUD 340.13 metres. 882 kc/s.

8 a.m. Naat by Air Artists. A Chorus). Accompanied by Sarod, Clarionet and Tabla.
8-10 Air Orchestra. Anand Bhairon.
8-20 Afzal Hussain. Thumri

(Continued in col. 4)

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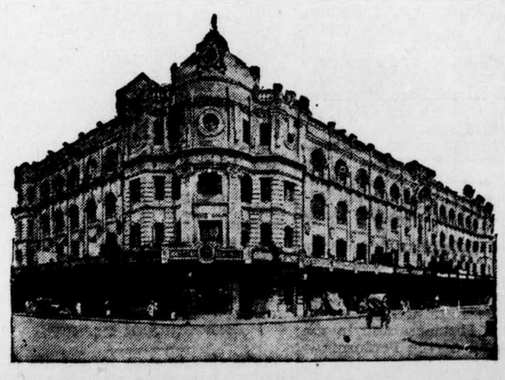

HINDUSTHAN CO-OPERATIVE INSURANCE SOCIETY LTD.
INDIA'S LEADING LIFE OFFICE

Bombay Branch: Commissariat Building, Hornby Road, Fort.

City & Suburbs

LOCAL ENGAGEMENTS

To-day.

Hindu: Bhadarva Vad 6, 1992
Muslim: Rajab 19, 1355
Parsi: Ardibehest 2, 1306
Hightide: 4-41 16-37
Lowtide: 11-16 22-45
Sunrise: 6h 31m
Sunset: 5h 24m
Municipal Standing Committee, 4-10 p.m.
Gandhi Jayanti lecture, Peoples' Jinnah Hall, 6-30 p.m.

NOTICE TO JURYMEN

Special Jurors' attention is drawn to the notice appearing in the Public Notifications Column.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS

The O S K steamer 'Taijin Maru' left Colombo on October 5 and is due to arrive in Bombay on October 9.

BOMBAY SECONDARY TEACHERS' ASSOCIATION

An ordinary general meeting of the Association will be held in the Secondary Training College to-day (Wednesday) at 5-30 p.m.

BOMBAY SECONDARY TEACHERS' ASSOCIATION

Under the auspices of the Association a debate will be held in the Secondary Training College, to-day (Wednesday) at 6-15 p.m. Rev. Fr. Duhr S.J. will preside.

SANGAT SABHA

Prof. V. N. Naik will deliver an address on Tagore's "Religion of Man" to-day (Wednesday) at 6-30 p.m. in the Prarthana Mandir, Girgaum.

"KING KONG" AT CAPITOL

From to-day (Wednesday) the Capitol Cinema will be showing the picture "King Kong" for three days, upto Friday.

SHREE GOGHARI VISHA SHREEMALI JAIN DISPENSARY

The total number of patients treated in the above dispensary in the month of September was 1584, in which there were 622 males, 295 females and 667 children.

BOMBAY HAWKERS' UNION

The monthly meeting of the Managing Committee of the above Union will be held to-morrow (Thursday) at 12 noon, in the office of the Union in the B. I. T. Chawls, No. 8.

REVIVED BY SPECIAL DEMAND.
FOR 3 DAYS ONLY
WED. 7th to FRI. 9th OCT.
At 4, 6-30 & 10 p.m.
THE CAPITOL
(Bombay's Leading Talkie House)
EDGAR WALLACE'S IMAGINATION OF A PREHISTORIC WORLD
"KING KONG"
Thrills that will make the Blood race in your Brains. Strange Passion that will Make your Blood Stand Still.
ALSO THE LATEST NEWS BY AIR

THE EXCELSIOR
AT 6-30 & 10 P. M.
The Popular Comedians
JACK HULBERT
CICELY COURTNEIDGE
In their greatest laugh-riot
"JACK'S THE BOY"

REGAL
Daily at 4, 6-30 & 10 p.m.
ANNA NEAGLE AND THE STREET SINGER (Arthur Tracy)
In R-K-O RADIO'S
Smash Hit Musical
"LIMELIGHT"
"LIMELIGHT"
SEVEN NEW SONGS!
LOVELY GIRLS!
EXQUISITE DANCES!

AMUSEMENTS OF THE DAY

CAPITOL—"King Kong", Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.
CENTRAL—"San Francisco" Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
EMPIRE—"Under Two Flags" Time as usual.
EXCELSIOR—"Once in a Million" Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.
GLOBE—"Rangilo Nawab" Daily at 5-15, 8, and 10-45 p.m.
KRISHNA—"Amar Jyoti" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.
MAJESTIC—"Pundalik" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-30 p.m.
MINERVA—"Maya" Daily at 5-15 8 and 10-45 p.m.
OPERA HOUSE — "Earthworm Tractors" Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
PALACE—"Little Lord Fauntleroy" Time as usual.
PATHE—"Case against Mrs. Ames" Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
PLAZA—"Flash Gordon" (remaining last parts). Daily at 6 8 and 10-15 p.m.
REGAL—"Limelight" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
ROXY—"Achhut Kanya" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.
WELLINGTON—"Wamaq Ezra" Daily at 5, 7-45 and 10-30 p.m.
WEST END—"Lahari Lala" Time as usual.

BAND IN POONA

By kind permission of His Excellency the Governor, the Band will play at the Band Gardens, Poona, to-day (Wednesday) from 6 to 7-30 p.m., weather permitting.

BOMBAY GIRNI KAMGAR UNION

The monthly meeting of the Managing Committee of the above Union will be held to-day (Wednesday) at 9 p.m. at the Head Office of the Union in Indira Building, Poibawdi.

THEOSOPHICAL SOCIETY

Mr. R. S. Bhagwat, M.A. will lecture in Marathi at the Theosophical Society, Blavatsky Lodge Hall, French Bridge, Chowpatty, to-day (Wednesday) at 6-30 p.m. (S.T.) on "Dr. Deshmukh's Bill."

SCHOOLS COMMITTEE MEETINGS

The Schools Committee meeting which was to have been held on Tuesday evening was postponed till to-day (Wednesday) for want of quorum.

The adjourned weekly meeting also will be held this (Wednesday) evening.

KHADI HAWKING AT 'C' WARD

Under the auspices of Bhuleshwar District Congress Committee, the members and workers had gone for Khadi Hawking on Tuesday at 8 a.m. to Dabholkar Wadi, within a short time. Khadi and Hundi worth Rs. 100 were sold.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE NEWS

The Hon. Sir Robert and Miss Bell, Lieut.-General Sir Ivo and Lady Vesey and Mr. J. A. R. Freeland lunched at Government House on Monday.

The Lady Brabourne opened the Sale of Work in aid of the Panch Howd Mission at St. Mary's School on Monday.

BOMBAY COUNCIL NOMINATION

H. E. the Governor has accepted the resignation by Mr. T. T. Kothavala of his office of member of the Legislative Council of the Governor of Bombay, and in his place Mr. N. A. Faruqui, I.C.S., has been nominated being an official, to be a member of the Legislative Council of the Governor of Bombay.

I. P. MISSION HIGH SCHOOL. SURAT

The Senior and Junior Cricket Teams of the I. P. Mission High School, here played the final rounds of the Antia Shield Matches against the Government High School and the Sarvajanik High School, respectively, and won both the matches.

It is for the first time that both the Shields have been won by one school.

DINATH CHARITABLE DISPENSARY

The following report of the number of out patients treated in the Dinath Charitable Dispensary and also Labour Cases in the Bai Aishabai Suleman Dinath Maternity Home at Rampura, Chadabol, Surat in the month of September. Men 1141; women 3164 and Children 1011.

SHIVAJI NIGHT HIGH SCHOOL

The Foundation Day of the above School at Parel was celebrated on Monday, under the presidency of Mr. R. V. Parulekar, Secretary, Schools Committee. After a programme of music Mr. N. G. Samant traced the history of the school and urged the students to take advantage of the institution. He advised the students to devote more time to their studies and to lead a frugal life.

A donation of Rs. 50 from Dr. D. R. Desai was then announced.

KHATAU MAKANJI FREE DISPENSARY

Under the auspices of the Khatau Makanji Trust one infant welfare Centre, besides a Maternity and Nursing Home, situated at Bazar Gate Street, Fort, Bombay is conducted for women and children of Bhatia community. During the month of September last in all (Bhatias and non-Bhatias) 2,084 patients were attended to at the Centre and the Hospital. Out of these were 1264 women, 305 children and 515 infants, 46 cases were admitted into the hospital. The average daily attendance was 69.4. The number of deliveries during the month was 36. The number of expectant mothers under observation was 107.

SARDAR IN BOMBAY

To Attend To Parliamentary Board Work

Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel, President of the Congress Parliamentary Board, arrived in Bombay on Tuesday afternoon from Simla, where he had been to attend the meeting of the Parliamentary Board. On the way he stopped for a couple of days at Wardha.

The Sardar will be staying in Bombay, till the end of this week, and attend to the Board's work. He will then proceed to Rajkot in connection with the Gandhi Jayanti celebrations, from where he is expected to go to the United Provinces to tour in connection with the Election campaign.

CHANGE OF PROGRAMME AT PLAZA

The Plaza Talkies (Tilak Bridge, Dadar) are screening from to-day the remaining last parts of "Flash Gordon" the Universal wonder super-production featuring the Lion-Man Buster Crabbe. Needless to say that this second instalment of all the remaining parts of this picture are more thrilling than their predecessors and the sensational climax is really thrilling.

MUNICIPAL WORKERS' MEETING

Under the auspices of the Municipal Workers' Union, a meeting of the Municipal workers in Bombay will be held to-day (Wednesday) at 5-30 p.m. in the Foras Road Gardens to ventilate the grievances of the workers employed in the various departments and to support the candidature, for the forthcoming Assembly elections of Mr. R. S. Nimbkar and Miss Maniben Mulji.

MAYOR'S FAMINE RELIEF FUND COMMITTEE

The Executive Committee of the Mayor's Famine Relief Fund and the lady volunteers and others who have agreed to work for collecting funds on the Famine Relief Day on 10th October, are requested to be present at the Mayor's Room in the Municipal Corporation Hall to-day (Wednesday) at 6 p.m. (S.T.) where allocation of localities for collection of funds in the different parts and other arrangements to be made for the Famine Relief Day will be settled.

GANDHI JAYANTI AT GHATKOPAR

Under the auspices of Ghatkopar Gramya Udyog Mandal, a Khadi Stall will be opened at Gandhi Chawk in the centre of Ghatkopar for last 4 days of Gandhi Jayanti from Friday the 9th to 12th October 1936. Swami Anand will deliver a lecture on "Our duties in the eye of Mahatma Gandhiji towards re-organization of home industries and village people", on the occasion on Friday, the 9th instant at 8-15 a.m. (S.T.). Khadi Hundies will be accepted at the Stall. Time: from 7-30 to 10-30 a.m. and 2-30 to 7-30 p.m.

Khadi hundies sale during the time has come to about Rs. 1700. And still going on.

KODAK FELLOWSHIP PICNIC

Versova for a swim and a ramble on 18th November. Non-swimmers and non-ramblers are also welcome. On that date they will have to meet at the Charni Road Railway Station at 2-50 p.m. to catch the 3-5 train. Those living in the intermediate stations might catch that train from their respective stations. The subscription (As. 12) must reach Mr. Ismail Jan Mahomed or through him the Secretary a week before the outing. Members are asked to wear their badges and bring their cameras. Write to Mr. Ismail Jan Mahomed leader of the group of the K. F. Club, 1st Floor, the Corner, Nepean Sea Road.

POSTAL NOTICE

Mails for Porebander, British and Portuguese East Africa Tanganyika Territory, Zanzibar, Union of South Africa, Lourenzo, Marques, Rhodesia and Nyasaland per s.s. 'Tairea' will be accepted at the Bombay General Post Office as shown below:—

Parcel mail upto 5 p.m. on Tuesday the 13th October 1936.

Registered and unregistered correspondence upto 12 noon on Wednesday the 14th October 1936.

Registered and unregistered correspondence only for Mauritius, Reunion and Madagascar Ports, will also be accepted up to 12 noon on Wednesday the 14th October 1936 for despatch by the above steamer.

REQUEST TO JAIN MUNI TO BREAK FAST

A general meeting of the Punjab Jain Bhratru Sabha, was held on Sunday last, under the presidentship of its Chairman Lala Jagan Nath Jaini. Among other resolutions, it was resolved that a deputation of the Sabha should see the fasting Jain Muni Shree Misrilalji, to request him to break his fast.

Accordingly 15 leading members went to Matunga and conveyed the resolution to the Muni, but he was as firm as before and refused to break the fast unless something substantial was done. The deputation consisted of members belonging to all sects and creeds of Punjabi Jains.

BOMBAY KERALEEYA SAMAJ
FIRST AID CLASSES

Under the auspices of the Bombay Keraleeya Samaj, it is proposed to open a First Aid Class for the benefit of the Kerala Youngsters in the City and Suburbs on Sunday, the 18th October 1936.

The Class will be conducted by the St. John Ambulance Association. Lectures will be delivered at the King George English School, Hindu Colony, Dadar, once a week (Sunday morning) and the course will last for 3 to 4 months. A nominal fee of Re. 1 only will be charged for the whole course including examination. Certificates will be awarded by the St. John Ambulance Association to the successful candidates at the examination.

All those wishing to join the class are requested to send in their applications by the 12th instant to the Honorary Secretary, Bombay Keraleeya Samaj, 160 Hindu Colony, Dadar.

No Enticement, But Joint Adventure

High Court's Judgment In Ranganayaki Case Appeal

KAPOOR ACQUITTED

BOMBAY: Tuesday.

R. N. Kapoor, a Punjabi share broker, was acquitted by Mr. Justice Broomfield and Mr. Justice Sen at the High Court who allowed his appeal in the Ranganayaki case.

The accused was sentenced by Mr. I. S. Haji, Presidency Magistrate, 4th Court, to three months' rigorous imprisonment and a fine of Rs. 1,000 on charges of enticing away a married woman, keeping her in wrongful confinement and committing adultery with her.

Ranganayaki was present in the court which was crowded by eager crowds in anticipation of the result of the case.

Dewan Bahadur Shingne appearing for the Crown in supporting the sentence awarded to the accused argued the initial point that section 199 was a mere limitation against the general law as to who should be the complainant and who should not be. The father and brother of Ranganayaki were responsible for taking care of the girl.

Hence the section was no bar against their setting the Criminal law in motion. Next to the husband the onus of looking after or taking care of the girl fell on the father and since the father used to be out of the place 20 days out of thirty, the complaint had been lodged by the Brother who used to look after the girl.

Mr. Justice Broomfield: When the husband fails to lodge the complaint and some other person does it, it cannot be stated that the complaint has been lodged on behalf of the husband.

Mr. Shingne stated that since the girl at the time of the offence was with the father, and the brother, they had to file the complaint.

The hitch between the husband and Ranganayaki seems to have started on the idea of the girl wanting to live separately from her mother-in-law. In support of the prosecution plea that the girl was under the care of the father and the brother Mr. Shingne quoted from Ranganayaki's evidence where she says: "It is true that I was under the protection of my father and brother". Hence it cannot be said that the complaint filed by the brother was unauthorised.

Form Of Enticement

Counsel said that abduction was a form of enticement and hence was a continued offence. As for detention, there was evidence to show that the girl had been induced or persuaded to run away with the accused.

There was enough material in the letters written by the accused to the girl. "The accused started his work very skilfully and wanted to see the father of the girl on business. He slowly got acquainted with the girl and began sending her letters and presents.

Mr. Justice Broomfield: "That is nothing unusual".

Mr. Shingne: "But that is the thin end of the wedge, my Lord, and the starting point of persuasion to entice her away and detain her". The accused had drawn a picture in his letters of his own greatness and his wealth. He made her believe that if she went with him she would be going to Paradise and also made her believe through his writings that she was the first woman and that she was an angel, etc.

In his judgment, Mr. Justice Broomfield observed that it appeared that Ranganayaki's marriage with R. Shrinivas Raghvan was a failure from the very beginning. For this the girl blamed her husband and his mother. It might have been Ranganayaki's fault or it might have been a case of complete incompatibility. But the fact remained that it was an unsuccessful marriage and there was no love lost between them.

It was contended for the accused that Ranganayaki was discarded by her husband, that she was unhappy at home, and that she and the accused had planned to elope together. This story was fully supported by Ranganayaki's evidence.

PRELIMINARY POINT.

His lordship then dealt with the preliminary objection of the defence that the complaint as filed by the girl's brother was not valid. His lordship referred to Section 199 of the Criminal Procedure Code, which laid down that no court shall take cognizance of offences of adultery and enticement except on a complaint made by the woman's husband or in his absence, made with leave of the court by some person who had care of such woman on his behalf at the time when such offence was committed.

As to the meaning of the words "in his absence," said his lordship, there was some difficulty. One view, which had been accepted by the magistrate, was that the words meant that the husband was not staying in the same house as the wife at the time of the offence. There was some authority for this view. On the other hand, another view, which was suggested by the defence, was that the husband could be regarded as absent only if he was not available to make a complaint. In the present case, it was argued, there was nothing to prevent the husband from making the complaint. He was not asked and had not cared to do so.

NO DELEGATION BY HUSBAND.

If the prosecution had succeeded in making out a case that the complainant (who is a brother of the girl) had the husband's authority to take care of Ranganayaki on his behalf so that the complainant stood in the place of the husband, for the time being, it would be difficult to say, in his lordship's opinion, that the requirements of the section were not satisfied. But his lordship was unable to accept the prosecution view in that respect. The evidence of the complainant and his father carried the matter no further. It was quite insufficient by itself to show any sort of delegation of the husband's authority on either of them.

GAVE HER UP.

It was quite clear that within a short time of the marriage the husband ceased to care for Ranganayaki and gave her up as a bad job. The few letters that he wrote her in the early days of the marriage, showed very little affection or patience. He never went to her house, and never enquired about her. He was not happy about her being coached up for matriculation; and he did not approve of higher education for women. Moreover, when Ranganayaki ran away wuith the accused, the husband was not consulted about taking proceedings. He had not shown the slightest concern in the present case.

It was quite true that when Ranganayaki was first brought before the magistrate she had admitted that she was under the protection of her father and brother. But this was not enough. It had to be shown that they had her care on behalf of the husband. The magistrate was right in saying that express delegation of husband's authority was not necessary. But the words "on behalf" must be given some meaning. Having left her husband's house, Ranganayaki had no

Continued on page 8)

IN AND AROUND — BOMBAY —

From Our Staff Correspondents

Where To Bury Them?

A Buddhist was buried in a Christian cemetery, a few weeks ago, as no special burial ground was provided for the use of the Buddhist community in Bombay. When that Buddhist died, permission was sought from the Municipal Coporation to bury the body in a Hindu burial ground. But, it appears, objections on religious grounds were raised, and the body could not be disposed of according to the Buddhist rituals and customs in the Hindu cemetery. The relatives of the dead Buddhist then asked for a small plot of land where the body could be buried, any where in the city. After much persuasion finally they could get some space in a Christian cemetery in the city. The Buddhists on account of the hardship experienced by them in this instance, requested the Mayor to set apart a small area as Buddhist burial ground and the matter is now under the consideration of the Municipal authorities.

To Bhoiwada

The Dadar Police Court, which is now situated near the Dadar tram terminus, will shift sometime next April to Bhoiwada, where it will be housed in a building opposite the Bhoiwada police station. The selection of a suitable site for locating the Dadar Police Court has been no easy job. On a previous occasion a building selected near the market was condemned by the Chief Justice as unsuitable for a Court. After that the new locality has been selected and arrangements are now in progress so that the Court may shift to Bhoiwada early next year. It will be interesting to know, whether the new Police Court after being shifted to Bhoiwada, will continue to be called Dadar Police Court or it will be rechristened as Bhoiwada Police Court!

RAILWAY TIME TABLE

G. I. P. Railway.

TIMINGS AT VICTORIA TERMINUS

Timings at Victoria Terminus (on and from 1st April, 1936):—	Arr. H.M.	Dep. H.M.
Trains		
Madras Mail	6 00	22 00
Peshawar and Lucknow Express	6 15	23 00
Calcutta Mail via Nagpur	7 30	17 45
Calcutta Mail via Chheoki	8 15	20 55
Madras Express	10 15	13 45
Deccan Queen	10 25	17 15
Punjab Mail	10 55	13 55
Poona Mail	11 43	15 30
Nagpur Express	14 55	21 10
Poona Fast Passenger	17 00	11 50
Poona Express	19 38	8 15
Allahabad Express	20 15	7 00

B. B. & C. I. Railway

TIMINGS AT BOMBAY CENTRAL

Mail, Express and Passenger train timings in force from 1st April, 1936:—	Arr. H.M.	Dep. H.M.
Trains		
Ahmedabad Passenger	5 35	22 20
Delhi Express	6 00	22 05
Gujarat Mail	6 45	20 25
Kathiawar Mail	7 40	21 50
Frontier Mail	8 30	21 30
Frontier Mail on Saturdays	8 35	
Ahmedabad Passenger	14 20	13 40
Kathiawar Express	19 00	8 45
Baroda Passenger	21 10	8 55
ARRIVALS AT BALLARD PIER		
Frontier Mail (on Saturdays only) for passengers for Europe at	8 55	

WITH THE CAMERA AROUND BOMBAY

Mr. Jepson's Lecture At The New Era School

Mr. S. Jepson, Editor "Illustrated Weekly of India," addressed the students of the New Era School on the "Beauty Spots Around Bombay" Mr. Kanaiyalal Vakil presiding.

Mr. Jepson, illustrating his remarks with instructive diagrams on the blackboard showed how one could travel around Bombay with a camera profitably.

He suggested the many spots, forests, hills and lakes and the stretch of the Ghodbunder creek which he compared with the loveliest continental spots of natural beauty for the coming ground for the camera enthusiast. Between Nasik and Thana and Bassein on the other side there were regions of beauty still practically unexplored by the camera.

Mr. M. T. Vyas, Principal of the School thanked the speaker and suggested that if Mr. Jepson visited the schools in the city he would notice the indifferent place assigned to pictures. He had great faith in the value of pictorial education.

Mr. Kanaiyalal Vakil concluding the proceedings observed that if he had been a dictator he would endow every school child with a camera. For, the child out to see realities around him in his environment before he understood or appreciated, or judged them in books.

TALK OF THE SUBURBS

(BY A SUBURBAN MAN)

Preparations for the coming elections under the new reforms are being seriously tackled in the suburbs.

Electoral campaign work is already full steam ahead, and the Congress authorities especially are striving hard, and putting as many candidates in the field as they can.

Mr. B. G. Kher, a solicitor, a resident of Khar, is the Congress candidate for the 'G' Ward and the Suburbs, and there is a possibility that the Congress will also contest the reserved seat for the Marathas for which Mr. Wandrekar is regarded as a candidate.

CHRISTIAN CONSTITUENCY

In the Christian constituency in the suburbs there are already three candidates namely Mr. D. J. Ferreira, Dr. P. A. Dias and Mr. Caesar DeMello. It is understood Dr. Wells, a practitioner of Thana, is now coming into the field.

Some time back I told you about the meeting of the East Indians of Bandra held in the East Indian Hall, and in that meeting a campaign was planned to get an East Indian for the Christian constituency in the suburbs; but I fail to understand how this could ever take place in the present situation, surely the East Indian votes would be divided amongst the three East Indians. There is every possibility of the fourth man coming in, though the contest is open so far, but it is understood some more candidates will come in as the elections draw nearer.

KHADI BAZAR AT KHAR

In connection with the Gandhi Jayanti Week celebrations, a Khadi Bazar or exhibition is being held opposite the Laxmi Nagar at Khar.

This bazar is open in the evenings, and is well patronised. Though this bazar is not very large, it yet contains varieties of Khadi ware, which undoubtedly would interest you, for it is one of the best products that India can boast of, so it is to be hoped every one will make it a point to at least pay it one visit.

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The Bombay Chronicle

BOMBAY: WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 7, 1936

FITTING ACTION

Explaining the Central Parliamentary Committee's decision in regard to Swami Govindananda, Sardar Vallabhbhai says in his statement: "The example Swami Govindananda had set before the public was such that in the opinion of the Committee a quick and firm decision was necessary as delay or laxity in the matter was likely to encourage a spirit of indiscipline and insubordination in Congress ranks, which the Congress cannot possibly countenance or tolerate." We congratulate the Committee on its decision because there can be no manner of doubt that, in the interest not only of the Congress, but also of public decency in general, rejection of Swami Govindananda's candidature was absolutely imperative. And the Swami himself was asking for it openly.

Central Motif

The whole story of the Swami's conduct is deplorable and it has been made more so by his own orgy of contradictory statements which he has been indulging regardless of any consequence to his own reputation. His passion for membership of the Legislature seems to have blinded him to everything else. Politics in every country offers instances of men who compromise their principles but Swami Govindananda's will find very few parallels. It is so nauseatingly open. Having adopted tactics ranging from appeals, confessions, threats and even open rebellion his temerity is really amazing in talking about heroic loyalty to the Congress and accusing the Sind Congress Committee of exactly those things that he was guilty of. And all because he wanted to be nominated a candidate for the ensuing elections. That is the central and guiding motif of all his statements and of his whole attitude. The Congress, or for that matter, any organisation, cannot, unless it is prepared to stultify itself, surrender to threats

Empty Threat

And we are glad it has not done so. The Swami says in his last statement "By this decision they had sounded the death-knell of the Congress movement in Sind." This presumptuous valuation of his own worth, is in its threat of dire catastrophe, a characteristic supplement to the threat of joining another party which will fight the Congress. But if the Swami's opinion is correct and if the alternative to surrender to a man, who will otherwise join the Congress Nationalist Party, is "death-knell of the Congress," Congress will choose an honourable death to an ignominious suicide. But that issue is not yet. Congress has survived many a Swami Govindananda.

An Ugly Feature

Shadowing by the Police is one of the most ugly features of even normal political life in this country. Instances are not wanting of the most law-abiding and respectable persons, who could, by no stretch of fancy, be imagined as engaging themselves in any subversive activities, having had to bear the humiliation of a C.I.D. escort. We are not, therefore, at all surprised by the statement issued by Mr. Shankarrao Dev, President of the Maharashtra Provincial Congress Committee, regarding the uncalled-for attentions he and his colleagues have been receiving in their recent tour of Sholapur. The ever-present spectre of a detective dogging one's footsteps—one cannot withhold a measure of sympathy from that unfortunate "shadower"—is doubtless, a source of great vexation and annoyance to the public worker. We do not, however, agree with Mr. Dev when he says that "such interference is calculated to frighten all those who intend to co-operate in the task of making a success of the Congress session." If Mahatma Gandhi has done anything for his countrymen, it is primarily the driving out of the fear-complex from their minds. The policeman, that living personification of Law and Order, was only a couple of decades ago, an object of awe, if not terror, to the public. Now he is merely recognised as a very involuntary and innocent spoke in the chariot-wheel of Imperialism. We are confident, therefore, that the people of Sholapur and elsewhere will not allow themselves to be cowed down by this display of surveillance. We must learn simply to ignore such interference. This is not to say that we do not condemn it. We most emphatically do, as it constitutes an unwarranted and wanton encroachment upon one's civil liberties. The Congress, moreover, as pointed out by Mr. Dev, is to-day a legal political body and its activities are not under restraint. There is thus no justification whatever for the gratuitous exhibition of excessive zeal on the part of the police. We are keenly aware, of course, that in such matters protests are, as a rule, of little avail, and the least notice one takes of such vigilance the better it is. Nothing kills like neglect.

On With Rearmament!

Mr. Malcolm MacDonald has amply justified the National Government's choice of its representative at the League Disarmament Commission. The speech made by this "National Labour" son of the ex-Socialist, Mr. J. M. Ramsay MacDonald, will do honour even to the Tory Neville Chamberlain. He plainly told the Commission that Britain would press with her re-armament programme "until the nations of the world have reached an international agreement for the limitation and reduction of armaments." We are immediately reminded of an earlier attempt at agreement, a few years ago, which was effectively sabotaged by the British delegate, Sir John Simon. But even that apart, it is a little significant that Britain will only follow and the lead must come from other nations. This attitude contrasts rather strangely—and yet it is not strange at all—with that adopted to liquidate Abyssinia. Incidentally, why not follow the French lead in the matter of "the control of trade in the manufacture of arms," rather than wait for an international agreement? The answer is that the National Government cannot be untrue to its essential self.

FROM ACROSS THE SEAS

Gleanings From The World Press

(BY OUR LONDON CORRESPONDENT)

Governor and Company of the Bank of England have made the handsome profit of £667,000 in six months.

The Bank was founded in 1694 by a Scotsman to lend money to a Dutch King for a French War. It was considered appropriate to call it the Bank of England. It was originally supported by Whigs and Non-Conformists but was opposed by the Tories and the goldsmiths, who did all the banking business before its foundation. The Bank was nearly ruined several times, but always managed to scrape through. It started life in the Chapel of Mercer's Hall, then moved to Grocers' Hall. Later on it moved into the present site in 1734 and has been there ever since.

Big Ben

People who correcy their watches when passing Big Ben were puzzled on Wednesday, September 23. Those who were on their way to work about nine o'clock thought their watches must be fast, for the time by Big Ben was 8.43.

The truth was that the machinery of one of the most accurate clocks in existence had stopped. It was found that a painter's ladder was resting against one of the spindles.

Big Ben has been guilty of graver aberrations than stopping for an hour or so, as on Wednesday morning. He has been stopped before, by a rat's nest in his mechanism and by ill-health. He is sensitive to the winter fogs and rains, has suffered from frost-bite, and once, during a very hard Christmas, took an authorised holiday on Boxing Day. In the House of Commons some years ago Big Ben was accused of being slow, but the First Commissioner of Works maintained that during ten months he had been only a second late on only eight occasions. His wildest eccentricity in his young days was to strike, on one occasion, forty-nine.

Big Ben, strictly speaking, is the hour bell, but the name now is applied to the clock. He is named after Sir Benjamin Hall, First Commissioner of Works when the clock was erected. He weighs 13 tons. The note is E. It is slightly cracked but no one dares to say his is hideous. The firm which cast him brought two libel actions on the point. The famous Westminster chimes have the following words:

All through this Hour,
Lord, be my guide,
And by Thy Power
No foot shall slide.

However, Big Ben is no longer the biggest clock in England, Shell Mex House having a bigger one. But he is undoubtedly the most famous in the world

Lloyd George and Hitler

When Mr Lloyd George has his last talk with Herr Hitler, the Fuehrer presented him with a signed and warmly inscribed portrait of himself.

In thanking him L.G. said that he would place it on his writing-table, where Herr Hitler would have for company the King, Foch, and Clemenceau. The Fuehrer, it is stated, replied: "Foch and Clemenceau were enemies of Germany. But I respect, them both as great patriots." Mr. Lloyd George has been as good as his word. Herr Hitler has now joined the select trio in the place of honour at Churt.

Popular Front in Temperance

Mr. Lloyd George has taken part in the centenary celebrations of the temperance movement in North Wales.

Fifty years ago he participated in the jubilee celebrations. In his younger days he was a prominent member of the North Wales Temperance Federation, which is organising the celebrations. At that time he was teetotaller. Now he is not. The only strict teetotaller in the Lloyd George family is Dame Margaret.

The Federation is a purely Welsh body; Mr. Lloyd George is an old member of it; the celebrations were held in Caernarvon—his constituency—and a celebration in Wales without Mr. Lloyd George is unthinkable. His function at the celebration was that of the Chairman. The speakers included Miss Margaret Bondfield, a member of the former Labour Cabinet, and Mr. Isaac Foot, who as an M.P. was a leader of the temperance cause in Parliament. Thus Wales has achieved a Popular Front in temperance if not in politics.

Barrie's Cricket Team

A book by Sir James Barrie, of which 22 copies only were printed, is the subject of copious quotations by Mme. de Navarro (Mary Anderson) in "A Few More Memories", published by Hutchinson (12-6d.)

Sir James was the captain of a cricket team, the "Allahakbarries", which included such players as

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Companies Law Amendment Bill

Appointment Of Auditors: Their Qualifications And Disqualifications

By P. D. SHAMDASANI XII

In my previous eleven articles I have drawn the pointed attention of all concerned to some of the fundamental defects in the law governing joint stock companies as regards (i) Powers of Directors; (ii) Removal of Directors; (iii) Disqualifications of Directors; (iv) Election of Directors; (v) Accounts and Balance Sheet; (vi) Form of Balance Sheet and (vii) Powers and Duties of Auditors. In this article I propose drawing their serious attention to the fundamental defects in the Law as regards the Appointment of Auditors, their Qualifications and Disqualifications.

Section 144 of the Indian Companies Act, 1913 (Act VII of 1913) as amended by the Select Committee which substantially corresponds to Section 112 of the English Companies (Consolidation) Act, 1908 (8 Edw 7 C 89) upon which Sections 132 and 133 of the English Companies Act, 1929 (19 and 20 Geo 5 C 23) are founded, provides for the Appointment of Auditors, their Qualifications and Disqualifications.

It is of some interest to note the history of Section 112 of the English Companies (Consolidation) Act, 1908 upon which Sections 132 and 133 of the English Companies' Act, 1929 and Section 144 of the Indian Companies Act, 1913 as amended by the Select Committee are founded. The English Companies Act, 1862 (25 and 26 Vic C 89) was silent as to audit of accounts. Table A in the First Schedule to that Act (which the Company might or might not adopt as it chose) contained provisions on the subject in Regulations 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90 and 91 as follows:—

(84) The First Auditors shall be appointed by the Directors: Subsequent Auditors shall be appointed by the Company in General Meeting.

(85) If one Auditor only is appointed, all the Provisions herein contained relating to Auditors shall apply to him.

(86) The Auditors may be Members of the Company; but no person is eligible as an Auditor who is interested otherwise than as a Member in any Transaction of the Company; and no Director or other Officer of the Company is eligible during his Continuance in office.

(87) The Election of Auditors shall be made by the Company at their Ordinary Meeting in each year.

(88) The Remuneration of the First Auditors shall be fixed by the Directors; that of subsequent Auditors shall be fixed by the Company in General Meeting.

(89) Any Auditor shall be re-eligible on his quitting Office.

(90) If any casual vacancy occurs in the office of any Auditor appointed by the Company, the Directors shall forthwith call an Extraordinary General Meeting for the purpose of supplying the same.

(91) If no Election of Auditors is made in manner aforesaid the Board of Trade may, on the Application of not less than Five Members of the Company, appoint an Auditor for the current year, and fix the Remuneration to be paid to him by the Company for his services.

Copied In Indian Act

The above Regulations were copied in the Indian Companies Act, 1866 (Act X of 1866) and the Indian Companies Act, 1882 (Act VI of 1882). The Regulations in the former Act bear the same numbers namely, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90 and 91 and the Regulations in the latter Act are numbered 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79 and 80.

In this connection Section 50 of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934 (Act II of 1934) which is founded upon Regulation 58 of Schedule 11 to the Imperial Bank of India Act, 1920 (Act XLVII of 1920) which is founded upon Section 47 of the Presidency Banks Act, 1876 (Act XI of 1876) which was founded upon Regulations 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90 and 91 of the Indian Companies Act, 1866 (Act X of 1866) as aforesaid, may with advantage be referred to. It is in the words following:—

50 (1) Not less than two auditors shall be elected and their remuneration fixed at the annual general meeting. The auditors may be shareholders, but no Director or other officer of the bank shall be eligible during his continuance in office Any auditor shall be eligible for re-election on quitting office.

(2) The first auditors of the Bank may be appointed by the Central Board before the first annual general meeting and, if so appointed, shall hold office only until that meeting. All auditors elected under this section shall severally be, and continue to act as auditors until the first annual general meeting after their respective elections.

Provided that any casual vacancy in the office of any auditor elected under this section may be filed by the Central Board

Only Individuals As Auditors

The provisions of Section 50 (1) of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934, as aforesaid, and Regulation 58 of Schedule II to the Imperial Bank of India Act, 1920, to that effect, clearly show that only individuals and not corporate or other bodies are contemplated to be appointed as auditors, firms, companies and other corporate or unincorporated bodies being impliedly although not expressly excluded from being appointed as auditors. Section 47 of the Presidency Bank Act, 1876 which was founded upon Regulations 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90 and 91 of the Indian Companies Act, 1866 as aforesaid pointed to the same conclusion. It is a fact that the practice of appointing individuals as auditors, which was established by the Presidency Banks ever since their incorporation, is rigidly fol-

(Continued on Page 13).

FRANKLY SPEAKING

A VITAL CONFERENCE

From the point of view of questions that it is seized of, the British Labour Party Conference that is meeting in Edinburgh, is certainly 'vital'. The recent incidents in the East End of London which involved the police with British Fascists, are expressions of a menace that is being insidiously but assiduously prepared and an inquiry into the activities and finances of the Fascist organisations ought, we dare say, to yield results that will give England something to think about. Equally important is the problem of re-armament and Mr. Neville Chamberlain's open challenge to the Opposition to do their worst to stop the march to war. But most urgent is the question of the British attitude as regards Spain. Non-intervention implies an obligation to see that the internationally accepted principle is also internationally enforced. And this cannot be done by employing the famous Nelson touch in regard to Italy, Germany and particularly Portugal. But the trouble is that the Labour Party's conception of what is vital is confined to verbal expressions.

HONOURING ITSELF.

The Bombay Corporation has honoured itself by allowing the Dadabhai Nowroji Memorial Association to place his bust in the Municipal Hall. The services of the Grand Old Man of Indian Nationalism are too numerous and too monumental to be recounted here. The inscription on the bust rightly says: "He was the Father of Indian Politics and Economics, and of the Ideal of Swaraj." It was thus entirely appropriate that his memory should be enshrined in a befitting form in the Corporation Hall of this city, where he spent the best part of his life. This memorial will ever remain as an inspiration to the citizens of Bombay in general and to our city-fathers in particular.

RAJPUTANA'S MUSIC REVIVAL.

The Maharaja Rana of Dholpur in opening the All-India Music Conference at Ajmere felt happy that their home-province of Rajputana, "the old reservoir of ancient culture," was again attempting to help the revival of a great art. He said, rightly, that India was not the only country where "classical" music had "suffered" He added: "The craving for rhythm has gone all over the world in a huge wave, and in Western countries also classical music has definitely suffered. I admit that rhythm has always occupied an important place, but it should not be allowed a place at the cost of music, because music, to my mind, is the soul and rhythm is the body." This is a shrewd observation, pointedly expressed. And, it is bold advice as well. If the discussions on Hindustani and Karnataki music could be directed towards such clearly specific issue, based on the daily experiences of the music-lover as well as the musician, there would be more than hope and lyric enthusiasm for national reconstruction in music.

DANGER TO CIVIC DEMOCRACY.

It is difficult to follow the argument of the Mayor who ruled out Mr. Masani's censure motion but allowed the same to be moved as an amendment. "The Corporation" he admitted, "was the paramount body and as such was vested with control over the Statutory Committee. The Corporation had, therefore, the right to censure that body if the councillors so desire". Why then make such a fetish of a distinction between censure as a motion and censure in an amendment? And what is exactly the significance of the remark that the Committee had decided the question once and they could not coerce that body to reconsider it again? As regards the subject matter of the censure motion, there is no doubt that the Standing Committee deserved it for the way they rejected the Corporation resolution recommending an increase of house allowance to the low salaried municipal employees. It was shown, moreover, that this was not the first time they had treated a decision of the Corporation with scant courtesy. On certain previous occasions when the Corporation had been persuaded to pass a few progressive measures to improve the lot of the poorer ictizens, the Standing Committee had promptly sabotage them. At the meeting on Thursday the Corporation would show whether they, too, are alive to the grave dangers to democratic civic administration in meekly accepting the dictatorial attitude of the Standing Committee.

NATIONAL SONGS.

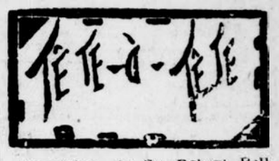
The Nagpur Municipality must be congratulated upon its decision to make compulsory the singing of the national songs in its schools every day. There is no gainsaying the fact that such an innovation will help to inculcate the virtues of patriotism and national service upon the growing minds of the young students. The recitation of national songs is widely practised in many countries of the world, and the introduction of this system in India also ought to be welcomed. It is to be hoped that this excellent example of the Nagpur Municipality will be followed by other civic bodies in India.

Bandra City Magistrate's Post

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—Since the present incumbent of the First Class City Magistrate's post at Bandra will retire in the near future, it is but proper to invite the attention of the authorities to the necessity of appointing a young and capable gentleman to hold the post in future instead of, according to the practice followed hitherto, bringing from the mofussil from the Revenue Department any one whose term of service is approaching its end. The Bandra Magistrate has as a matter of fact jurisdiction beyond the town of Bandra, from Borivli to Bandra. The suburbs are now more thickly populated than in years gone by, and the means of communication and contact with the city of Bombay are much closer than hitherto. The responsibility of the disposal of most of the principal criminal cases falls on the shoulders of the City Magistrate at Bandra; only a small portion falls to the lot of the District Magistrate himself. The public as well as the practising advocates and pleaders are entitled to expect the same dispatch of work and spirit of enlightenment from the Bench which one is accustomed in the Bombay City which is nearby. Any impartial observer would agree that men on the impending retirement list of the Revenue Department, are not the right sort of candidates for the City Magistrate's post for a thickly populated area in close proximity with Bombay. Why can Government not make a departure from the prevailing routine and make an appointment from the leading members of the Bombay Bar or the district Bar?—Yours, etc.,

N. B. KUDALKAR,
Advocate High Court.
Bandra, Oct. 5.



According to Sir Robert Bell—what is the Parliamentary procedure, by the way? Does one welcome him back to his Home Membership with congratulatory or sympathetic cheers? Anyway, according to Sir Robert, the Resident Magistrate of Kalyan (you know the gentleman very well of course) had visited Ambernath "in the interest of Law and Order."

Poor Law, to say nothing of Order, must have turned in its grave at this.

* * * *

The Government of India have, it is understood, appointed a Committee to investigate the problem of coal-conservation and sand-towing.

The Government of India will, it is anticipated, appoint in 1946 another Committee to investigate the problem of dealing with the present committee's recommendations, if any.

* * * *

In the course of an editorial lesson, the "Evening News of India" seeks to teach poor unlearned Indians that "any system, call it by what name you will, can be worked to the general benefit when intelligent people work it in accordance with the dictates of morality and justice."

And, of course, "dictates of morality and justice" are enshrined in the economic, political, administrative and executive laws that Imperialism makes for you without your consent and in spite of your protests.

* * * *

"It is," we are further taught, "a fundamental principle of correct living that we should do as we would be done by."

How would it be if Imperialists, Capitalists, landlords etc. were invited to agree to be done by as they do? But that would be Socialism, sedition, and so many other horrible things. That would, in short, be what the paper calls "not human."

We need not pursue the matter further. Impudent inflictions are the prerogative of Anglo-India

* * * *

Mr. Eden has left Geneva for a few days holiday in Monte Carlo.

A symbolical gesture of his love of the game of playing 'rouge et noir.'

* * * *

Britain's representative who is so efficiently defying the Disarmament Conference Bureau on behalf of his country is Mr. Malcolm MacDonald.

The honour, we are quite sure, is fully recognised by Mr. Ramsay MacDonald, the proud expacifist and socialist.

* * * *

The majority of London Fascist accused charged with obstructing the police or using insulting language were let off with small fines.

They at "Home" have still to learn a lot from India.

And then it is also true they were dealing with fascists.

* * * *

"In order to cater to the Moors' religious devotions and as a recognition of their assistance it is reported that the (Spanish) insurgents intend to authorize the practice of the Mahomedan religion in the famous mosque at Cordova, the ancient Moorish capital of Spain."

—Reuter.

And since this more than compensates the Moors for their "assistance," they need not bother about freedom—on pain of their ingratitude being treated with an "Inquisition" brand of the Nazi-Fascist medicine".

TO-DAY'S PRIZE HOWLERS

(Contributed By Our Junior Colleague)

(1) The "Times of India" has in a leading article, asked Indian nationalists to follow the political tactics of the South African Boers.

(2) The Raja of Bobbili and the Executive of the Justice Party were present at the Madras Railway station to accord a rousing reception to President Jawaharlal on his arrival in their city.

* * * *

"Are you going to take this lying down?" boomed the political speaker, starting his peroration.

"Certainly not," said a bored voice from the back of the hall. "The shorthand reporters are doing that."

In Bombay Council

Secondary Education In Presidency

MOVE TO OVERHAUL SYSTEM

District Municipal Amendment Bill Rejected

POONA, October 6.

The Bombay Legislative Council this morning rejected Rao Bahadur Parulekar's Bill to amend the Bombay District Municipal Act to provide for a scheme of joint octroi collection.

Sir A. M. K. Dehlavi opposing pointed out the defects in the Bill and said that the matter might be left to the new Government.

Mr. Jog's resolution seeking to overhaul the present system of secondary education in the Presidency was under discussion when the House rose for the day.

Proceedings In Detail

(From Our Correspondent)

POONA, Oct. 6.

After interpellations Rao Bahadur Parulekar moved the first reading of his Bill to amend the District Municipal Local Boards and Municipal Boroughs Acts, in the Bombay Legislative Council.

Section 46(1) (A) of the District Local Board Act provides that a District Local Board may enter into agreement with another District Local Board or Municipality for levy of joint octroi duty. Section 103 (A) of same Act provides that when such an agreement is entered into one of the agreeing parties shall have power to establish octroi limits, octroi stations and to collect octroi and divide the same between the contracting parties.

OBJECT OF BILL

This appears strange as the interests of the party so empowered and the other contracting parties may not be the same or may even be conflicting. The present Bill, therefore, seeks to provide for the appointment of a representative joint board by the contracting parties. This board is further authorised to fix a uniform octroi scale for the whole area under its jurisdiction.

Rao Bahadur Bole and Mr. L. R. Gokhale supported the Bill.

The Legal Remembrancer, Mr. Rajadhyaksha, pointed out that the Bill had several legal flaws.

MOTION REJECTED

The Local Self-Government Minister, Sir Ali Mahomed Khan Dehlavi, opposing the Bill said that though he sympathised with the object of the Bill, the present Bill was legally defective. Further administrative difficulties had first to be considered and it was not proper to enact such a legislation only for the Southern Division.

The motion for the first reading of the Bill was then rejected.

SECONDARY EDUCATION

The House then resumed consideration of Mr. V. N. Jog's resolution recommending reorganisation of the secondary education system by its overhauling to befit the students for departmental examination qualifying for various careers and entrance to vocational institutions and to enable them to reach a high standard of matriculation examination fitting them for the academic course of University education.

BREEDING UNEMPLOYMENT

Mr. Jog said that Government ought to establish at least one technical institute per division and also more industrial schools. He said that as Sind was no more with the Presidency the complaint of want of money should not be raised. The present policy of the Government, said Mr. Jog was responsible for increasing unemployment.

Dr. Vad supporting the resolution advocated the formation of a Board of Education.

Reverend Modak supported it on the ground of the uplift of the younger generation who were citizens of to-morrow.

Mr. T. Sinclair Kennedy stressed the necessity of providing engineering education in the secondary system.

The House then adjourned till ten to-morrow morning when the session will come to a close.

Govt. Not Prepared To Publish E. G. Hospital Supdt.'s Report

Dehlavi Denies Truth Of Dr. Harden's Charges

FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.

POONA: October 6.

In the Bombay Legislative Council to-day, during question time, Mr. T. Sinclair Kennedy (European) asked a short-notice question, whether the Government had completed consideration of the Surgeon-General's report about Dr. Harden's allegations in "The Bombay Sentinel," regarding the alleged defects in St. George's Hospital, Bombay.

The Local Self-Government Minister, Sir Ali Mahomed Khan Dehlavi replying stated that, the Surgeon-General had forwarded with his own observations the report furnished by the Superintendent of the St. George's Hospital.

Proceeding Sir A. M. K. Dehlavi stated that the Government were in a position to state that the allegations were for most part altogether unfounded and for the rest they were exaggerations or misrepresentations.

Sir Ali Mahomed next stated that the Government had decided that, no action in the matter was necessary beyond explaining to the House what the correct facts were and also that the Government were not prepared to put upon the Council table either the Superintendent's report or the forwarding remarks of the Surgeon-General.

Replying to supplementary questions the same Minister stated that Dr. Harden probably judged St. George's Hospital from American or European standpoint and next, possibly, he was not in a good state of health to form right judgment.

Mr. Kennedy asked if the Government were unaware that Dr. Harden was an M. D.

Sir A. M. K. Dehlavi: "His name was not on the Medical Register."

Ambernath Strike

The Bombay Council met at ten this morning, the Hon. Mr. Hooseinali Rahimtoola presiding.

Messrs. Grieve and Farnqu nominated members, were first sworn in.

At question time Mr. Bakhale asked about the alleged use of a car belonging to the management of the Ambernath Match Factory by the Kalyan Resident Magistrate for going to and coming back from Ambernath when visiting that place.

The Home Member, Sir Robert Bell, replying stated that the Resident Magistrate's visit was for collecting information regarding the strike in order to be able to report to the District Magistrate, Thana, and also in the interest of law and order. But it was not a fact that he used the employers' car.

Replying to Mr. L. R. Tairsee's question, Home Member stated that Government's attention had been drawn to the reports in the "Bombay Samachar" dated 1st September, 1936, and other papers of the inquest held by the Bombay Coroner, but that the Government were not aware that the remarks and innuendoes made by the Coroner, during the inquest, were insulting.

Sir Robert further stated that the report in the newspapers was inaccurate.

(At this stage questions regarding the St. George's Hospital affairs were asked).

SEVERAL BOATS CAPSIZE

Terrific Cyclone Sweeps Over East Bengal And Orissa

CALCUTTA, Oct. 6.

Reports of havoc wrought by a terrific cyclone which originated in the Bay of Bengal on Saturday last and passed on to Orissa on Sunday and Monday last, are pouring in from East Bengal districts.

A message from Tangail in Mymensingh District says that a cyclone swept over the northern part of the district as a sequel whereto over 200 houses have been blown off rendering nearly 500 families homeless. 20 persons have been injured by the falling of trees. Several boats are reported to have capsized in the river Lohajang. No death is reported yet.

Another message from Kusthea in the district of Nadia reports that several country boats carrying a large stock of jute capsized in the river Gorai as a sequel to a severe tornado lasting for barely five minutes. No loss of life is reported from this centre also.—United Press.

CYCLONE HAVOC IN ORISSA

CUTTACK, Oct. 6.

A severe cyclone passed over Orissa on Sunday as a sequel whereto telegraphic communications of the province with other parts of India have been interrupted and train service dislocated. No train from Calcutta side arrived at Cuttack on Sunday and the mails for Sunday were distributed yesterday.

It is stated that such severe storm has never been experienced by the province since 1885. In addition to many houses being damaged here many boats are missing in the river Katjuri. Communications with moffusils have not yet been restored and full reports from those places are not available.—United Press.

TRANSJORDAN ARABS APPEAL TO BRETHREN

Promise Help If Strike Is Called Off

JERUSALEM, October 5.

Although negotiations by the local Arab authorities with Arab Transjordan rulers are being conducted with the strictest secrecy, it is reliably learned that the appeal which the Transjordan rulers are issuing for the stoppage of Palestinian disturbances, expresses grave concern for the dislocation of the normal life and the continuance of bloodshed which the disturbances are occasioning.

The signatories to the appeal promise to use their best endeavours to help the Palestinian Arabs in future and appeal to them to cease the strike and the methods of violence while trusting the British Government in its determination to faithfully carry out its obligations.

Meanwhile the British Expeditionary Force is daily strengthening its control and is ready to implement martial law should occasion necessitate.

HUNGARIAN GOVT. RESIGNS

Sequel To Death Of Premier Gen. Gomboes

BUDAPEST, Oct. 6.

Government has resigned following the death of Premier, General Gomboes, but a serious political crisis is unlikely to arise or a change in Hungarian policy.—Reuter.

Premier Of Hungary Dead

BUDAPEST, October 6.

Premier General Goemboes is dead.—Reuter.

Govt. Watching The Move

(From Our Correspondent.)

ALLAHABAD, Oct. 6.

Some of the Nationalist Muslims of Delhi and U. P. who met here are reported to have formed a party of Muslims who will pursue the struggle for independence.

A section of Muslims who attended the conference wanted that instead of Muslims forming a separate party with the Congress creed of Independence, they should join the Congress but the suggestion was opposed by majority which also did not agree that the membership of Congress should be a condition precedent of the membership of the proposed Muslim party.

The attempt of these Nationalist Muslims to form a separate party is interpreted in some quarters as an electioneering move and I have reason to believe that Government are carefully watching developments.

Reserve Of Officers In Indian Army

Recruitment For Indian Wing To Open From October 20

SIMLA, Oct. 6.

A communique states:—

The Secretary of State has approved of the formation of an Indian wing of the Army in India reserve of officers and recruitment for Indian gentlemen in the army in India reserve of officers will, therefore, be opened from 20th October, 1936.

Intending applications for Commissions in the Indian wing of the army in India reserve of officers can obtain full particulars from the Headquarters of the nearest military district of the independent brigade area and all applications for such Commissions should be addressed to the same source.

The army in India reserve of officers has no connection whatsoever with the Indian regular reserve of officers which consists only of officers who have retired from the regular Indian army with pension or gratuity.—A. P.

DELEGATES FOR FAIZPUR SESSION

A. I. C. C. Circular To Provincial Committees

ALLAHABAD, Oct. 5.

The All-India Congress Committee office will prepare a quota of the number or delegates and the number of members of the A. I. C. C., in connection with the forthcoming Faizpur session of the Congress, by October, 31.

As they are to calculate the quota on the basis of the number of primary members of each area, they have issued circulars to all Provincial Congress Committees to send lists of primary members of their subordinate committees to reach the A. I. C. C. office by 18th inst.

The Secretary of the A. I. C. C. office intimates all subordinate committees to send their lists before the 10th inst., to provincial offices.—United Press.

BRITAIN COMES IN FOR SHARP CRITICISM

"Unable Effectively To Check Violence In Palestine"

GENEVA, Oct. 6.

British handling of Palestine situation was sharply criticised in the Mandates Commission. M. Lungy (Norway) said that the whole country had become a prey of extremist Arab nationalist agitators, and expressed the astonishment that the Mandatory Power was unable effectively to check violence. He suggested that a special meeting of the Commission should be called to discuss the situation.

Among other speakers who dealt with Palestine was the Polish delegate who hoped that Britain would maintain the policy of a national Jewish home, but said he would submit suggestions for other steps to deal with the immense reserve of Jews in Northern and Eastern Europe who constituted a great problem for Poland.—Reuter.

BRITAIN WILL REARM TILL OTHERS CEASE

GENEVA, Oct. 5.

Britain has made great progress in her re-armament programme and would continue with it until the nations of world have reached an international agreement for the limitation and reduction of armaments, declared Mr. Malcolm MacDonald speaking at the League Disarmament Commission.

Mr. Malcolm MacDonald said Britain would be ready to fall into line if the convention of budgetary publicity was generally adopted and if there was an agreement for the control of trade in the manufacture of arms. He envisaged Britain's policy would not be obstructive. He expected the Commission to adopt a resolution proposing the convocation of a bureau steering committee at some future date.

The League Council invited the Polish Government to seek the means of ending the unsatisfactory situation in Danzig and report on the subject at the next session.—Reuter.

DEATH OF LADY ROY.

LONDON, Oct. 6.

The death has occurred of Lady Roy, wife of Sir Ganen Roy.—Reuter.

CAPTURE OF LEGISLATURES

A. I. C. C. Will Consider Election Issues At Patna

MADRAS, Oct. 6.

It is understood that the Congress Working Committee and the All-India Congress Committee will meet at Patna in the third week of November to consider the issues connected with the forthcoming elections to the Provincial Legislatures under the new Constitution.

In all probability the Congress Parliamentary Committee will assemble at Benares on October 25 and draw up a memorandum in this connection.—United Press.

WOMEN AND NATIONAL STRUGGLE

MADRAS, Oct. 6.

"If women's question in India happens to become a part of the struggle for national independence and economic emancipation then you not only better yourselves but will also advance the country. If the women of India take their full part in the struggle for national feedom, their status will be raised and they gain a position in the public life of the country from which they cannot be removed," declared Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru addressing a largely attended women's gathering this evening at the Congress House. Mrs. Muthulakshmi presided and an address of welcome was presented to Panditji.

THEIR GLORIOUS PART

The Congress President recalled the part played by women in the last Civil Disobedience movements and said that women had joined the Civil Disobedience movement of 1930 in large numbers. They came out, took part actively, showed powers of organisation and constructive work and raised their status not only in the eyes of India but of the world.

Concluding the Congress President said:—

"So far as the Congress is concerned I should welcome more and more women to occupy seats in its Committees. In actual practice however there are not many occupying positions of authority. This may unfortunately be partly due to lack of power and human material at the present moment in women compared with men. Secondly it may be that men are not keen in pushing up women. But if you are really keen on pushing ahead, you should take the initiative and also take your due share and your rightful place in the country."—United Press.

SOLUTION FOR INDIA'S ILLS

MADRAS, Oct. 6.

"Mere talk of Socialism without doing anything for gaining political power is sheer absurdity," observed Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru addressing a huge gathering of M. and S. M. Railway workers this evening at Perambur, when they presented the Congress President with an address of welcome.

The Pandit said that poverty and unemployment were the biggest problems of the day and he believed that Socialism alone would put an end to all troubles in India. But Socialism, he averred, could not be achieved unless they gained political independence and seized the reins of Government in their hands.

He stressed the necessity for unity in the rank and file of labourers in the country and exhorted them to work hand in hand with the Congress for a Free India first and later for a Socialistic India, always keeping the Socialistic principles in the foreground.—A.P.

"YOUR APOLOGY, NOT YOUR ADDRESS"

MADRAS, Oct. 6.

It is understood that Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru has informed Mr. Ponniah Pillai, Chairman of the Trichy Municipality, in reply to the latter's letter requesting Panditji to accept an address of welcome by the Municipality, that he is only prepared to accept their apology but not their address of welcome.—United Press.

WELL-KNOWN EGYPTOLOGIST DEAD

LONDON, October 5.

The death has occurred at the age of 86 of Dr. Alfred Butler, the well-known Egyptologist, who, in his younger days, was tutor to the former Khedive of Egypt.

While at the Egyptian Court, he was largely instrumental in founding the Coptic Museum at Cairo.—

Merger Of Steel Companies In India

Proposed Corporation With Capital Of Four Crores

To meet the demand of steel in India, which greatly exceeded the output of the Tata Iron and Steel Company and to eliminate unhealthy internal competition, were the objects of the proposed merging of Steel Companies of India, said Sir Nowroji Sakhatvala, Chairman of the Tata Sons Ltd., who returned to India last week from England.

CAPITAL OF 4 CRORES

Sir Nowroji said that the negotiations were characterised by a spirit of harmony on all sides, while he was in England, and the talks would be continued in this country. The capital for the proposed corporation would be Rs. 4 crores and the companies which would merge are: (1) Messrs the Tata Iron and Steel Company, (2) Messrs. Martin and Company (representing the merger of the Bengal Iron and Indian Iron and Steel Companies), (3) Bird and Co., and (4) Hayes and Co., all of Calcutta.

Sir P. C. Roy's Munificent Donation

11 Lakhs For Scientic Research

CALCUTTA, Oct. 6.

The "United Press" reliably learns that Sir P. C. Roy has decided to donate a sum of eleven lakhs of rupees for advancement of scientific research in Bengal.

In a note addressed to the shareholders of the Bengal Chemical and Pharmaceutical Works whereof Acharya P. C. Roy is one of the founders, he points out that the profit in his share in the Company has accumulated to eleven lakhs of rupees out of which he has not drawn anything uptil now. He desires that this fairly large amount should now be released and utilised by the Universities of the province for creating facilities for scientific research.—United Press.

ANOTHER REPRISAL

Hundred Fifty Shot Dead In Retaliation For Rebel Air Raids

ST. JEAN DE LUZ, Oct. 6.

Dr. Junod, a delegate of the International Red Cross, arrived on board the British warship from Bilbao, where he states that at least 150 hostages have been shot as reprisals for insurgents' air raids.—Reuter.

REBELS PLAN BIG ATTACK ON MALAGA

GIBRALTAR, Oct. 5.

The intense activity reported in the naval yards at Cadiz is regarded as a prelude to a combined air, land and sea attack on Malaga, which according to the insurgents' Headquarters at Seville, will be launched either on Thursday or Friday.

Leading units of the insurgents' fleet are conncentrated at Cadiz where anti-air craft guns have been mounter on the cruisers "Canarias, republic, Almirante and Cervera.

It is estimated that during the past ten days 16,000 troops including Riffian sharpshooters have landed at Cadiz, Jerez and Algeciras from various Moroccan towns. In addition to troop movements by sea, Riffians are being brought over by air at the rate of 70 per hour.

It is understood that 5,000 Moors headed by Riffian sharpshooters will form the advance guard of a series of attacks on Malaga, while the rear guard will consist of Foreign Legion troops, Levies and Fascist volunteers.—Reuter.

REBEL 'PLANES BOMB MADRID

RABAT, Oct. 6.

Thirty insurgent planes bombed Madrid yesterday, according to an insurgent broadcast.—Reuter.

Plight Of 250 Insurgent Men, Women & Children

LISBON, Oct. 6.

Two hundred and fifty insurgent men, women and children isolated in a mountain fortress on one of the highest hills of Sierra Morena, 20 miles from Andujar are surrounded by Government forces. They are daily resisting the attempts at dislodgement, thus emulating the feat of their comrades at Alcazar, though they have been cut off from communication with outside world, nine days longer. Those besieged include 150 civic guards, with their families. The insurgent forces who have been advised of the plight by a carrier pigeon message are now hurrying to the rescue and have reached a point 30 miles distant. Meanwhile food is being conveyed to the besieged by air.—Reuter.

BIG SACCHARINE HAUL

Customs Authorities On Gang Of Illicit Traffickers

KARACHI, Oct. 6.

Following the seizure of a large number of saccharine tins, said to be smuggled from foreign ports into Sind, the Customs Authorities are on the track of a gang which is believed to be engaged in a systematic illicit trade of this kind. The Customs Revenue on the haul of tins seized by the Customs would be Rs. 4,000. This is said to be the second largest haul in recent years.—A. P.

JAWAHAR MUST BE, RE-ELECTED

Bengal Socialist Conference Demand

CALCUTTA Oct. 5.

At the resumed sitting, this afternoon of the session of the Bengal Socialist Conference, the following resolution was unanimously adopted:—

"Considering that momentous problems are likely to face the country during the coming year, this Conference is of opinion that it is necessary to have at the helm of Congress affairs a President, who commands the confidence of all sections of Congressmen, particularly of the Left, and recognising the very valuable work done by Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru during his present tenure as President this Conference is of opinion that Pandit Jawaharlal should be re-elected as the President of the Congress".

The Conference also passed resolutions: (1) condemning the measures taken by the Government to suppress Civil Liberties and protesting against the promulgation of the Public Security Act in Labour areas as it was calculated to suppress workers' basic right of the Assembly, organisation and expression and thereby to prevent them from active participation in the election campaign at a time when Labour had been enfranchised for the first time;

(2) demanding the unconditional release of all political and working class prisoners;

(3) condemning the present method of sending political prisoners to the Andamans, detention without trial and curfew orders;

(4) demanding the immediate repeal of Acts calculated to suppress Civil Liberties namely, the Criminal Law Amendment Act, Regulation III, Trades Disputes Act, Wage Payment Act, Press Act, etc.—United Press.

MISS BATTEN AT BRINDISI.

BRINDISI: Oct. 5.

Miss Jean Batten has arrived here. She is leaving to-morrow morning for Cyprus.—Reuter.

THE WORLD AND ITS WAYS

Nazis Cast Eyes On Liberia

British Foreign Secretary Recommends German Mandate To League?

LONDON, (By Air Mail).

The London correspondent of the "Pester Lloyd," Budapest, wires to his journal that the British Foreign Secretary who is the "rapporteur" on Liberian affairs to the League has recommended Liberia's exclusion from the League on grounds of her inability to secure peace and justice for the inhabitants. A suggestion has also been made for handing over Liberia to Germany under a mandate so that Germany could develop the Republic's fertile territories to mutual benefit.

The correspondent adds, now that the affairs of Liberia are to be made a subject of debate again, the independence of the last sovereign negro state is in grave danger.

Canada Re-admits Soviet Imports

OTTAWA, (By Air Mail).

The embargo on Soviet goods that was imposed by Mr. Bennet, the former Conservative Prime Minister in February 1931 has now been cancelled. In return, the Soviet Government have also removed the embargo on Canadian products.

Labour Camps For Unemployed

WARSAW, (By Air Mail).

Plans for enrolling youth of Poland in labour camps in order to combat unemployment has been foreshadowed here in the official press.

Will Landon Beat Roosevelt

NEW YORK, (By Air Mail).

Landon, it is understood, is rapidly advancing as a favourite to the Presidential post and from coast to coast conclusion has been reached that Roosevelt will have to fight hard for his existence.

The first returns of the vote organised under the auspices of the "Literary Digest," which have always been correct have come as a shock to the admirers of Roosevelt.

Landon has received 16,056 votes to Roosevelt's 7,645. It is an initial majority of 2 to 1 and it is believed that any such majority would mean a devastating landslide.

Arabs Refuse To Call Off Striks

JERUSALEM, (By Air Mail).

According to Palcor, it is understood that the Arab Higher Committee is not disposed to issue any appeal to end the strike until it is fully satisfied that Nuri Pasha is authorised by Iraq and other Arab Governments in his negotiations, and until he has definitely secured the British Government's acceptance of the terms which were laid down by the Arab Higher Committee this week. They constitute a basis upon which the strike should be called off and officially abandoned.

According to a report in the "Palestine Post," the terms of the agreement are as follows:

A general amnesty to be granted in successive stages to all Arab offenders during the present disturbances.

Suspension of Jewish immigration during the inquiry of the Royal Commission.

An undertaking by the Palestine Government that the Royal Commission will recommend such restriction of Jewish immigration as will preclude Arab apprehensions in regard to their future position in the country.

That a representative of the Iraq Government is to have the right to appear before the Royal Commission with the view of supporting the claims of the Arabs in Palestine.

That after the Royal Commission inquiry, the Iraq Government is to continue its efforts with the British Government with a view to ensuring the carrying out of the recommendations by the Royal Commission favourable to the Arabs, and to annual such recommendations as are not favourable to them.

Arabs Not Afraid Of British Troops

JERUSALEM, (By Air Mail).

Intensification of Arab preparations for a general revolt, rather than a weakening of their aggression, appears to have followed the announcement of the British policy of strong measures to restore order.

Dissident Arabs are largely placing their ropes in Fauzi Bey, who according to the Arab Press from Syria, is now issuing "official communiques" from "rebel headquarters" recording "bravery" and "progress" by his " troops."

TROTSKY TO FILE LIBEL ACTION

OSLO, (By Air Mail)

It is feared that further difficulties between Russia and Norway will follow a libel action which Trotsky, the exiled Bolshevik leader, is bringing against the Norwegian Nazi and Communist parties.

During the recent Moscow trial of Zinoveff, Kameneff and others implicated in the so-called Trotsky plots against Stalin, these parties accused Trotsky of murder and terroristic acts. As soon as he has completed a long statement which he intends to lay before the court, a summons will be served.

His Norwegian lawyer has visited him on several occasions preparing the case. Now his French lawyer has arrived in Oslo and the two men have seen Trotsky. Nothing is known of the nature of the conference. It is felt that the action will arouse severe criticism in Russia.

Feelings in Moscow are likely to be still embittered by the revelation to-day that one of Trotsky's intimate friends, a Socialist editor named Scheflo, has been allowed to visit him, contrary to the conditions of the internment of Trotsky.—United Press.

"DARBY AND JOAN" OF RANGOON

RANGOON, (By Mail)

The popularity of Darby and Joan, Orangutans of the Rangoon Zoo is commented on in the annual report of Zoological Gardens for this year.

The report says; "These apes (Darby and Joan) which were acquired by the Trustees in June 1935 are still a source of great attraction to visitors". The finances opened with a credit balance of Rs. 2,201 and closed with a credit balance of Rs. 2,221.

GOEMBOES TO RESIGN PREMIERSHIP

BUDAPEST, Oct. 5.

Gen. Goemboes is about to resign the premiership owing to ill-health. Acting Premier Daranyi is forming a new Ministry in a few days from which several of the present ministers will be omitted.—Reuter.

POLAND'S MONETARY POLICY

WARSAW, Oct. 5.

Government sees no necessity to modify Poland's monetary policy, it was officially announced, following the Cabinet meeting.—Reuter.

FACTION FIGHT

KARACHI, Oct. 6.

One person was killed and eight injured in a faction fight among Muslims, says a report received here from Tando Alahyar in Hyderabad District. The parties had been at variance over the marriage of two women and the dispute had been referred to a Court of Law. One of the parties, being dissatisfied with the decision, is alleged to have raided the place where the women were living and carried them away by force, the casualties mentioned above being sustained in the fight that followed.—A. P.

OKHA PORT NEWS

The Port Officer, Okha, wires under date October 6:—

S. S. "Gairsoppa" of the British India Steam Navigation Company arrived on the 29th ultimo, discharged 102 tons of general cargo from Calcutta, loaded 197 bales of cotton yarn for Rangoon and left the same day.

S. S. "Jalamohan" of the Scindia Steam Navigation Company arrived on the 3rd inst., for loading salt.—A. P.

BACHELORS v. MARRIED

The Bengal Club arranged for a friendly football match the other day amongst Bengali Bachelors and Married residents of Bombay, when the former won the game by the odd goal in three.

(Photo by S. I. Das Gupta)

Ganpatrao Gopalrao Buti, (garlanded), the only graduate from the Buti family in C. P. sailed on October 3 for further studies in Economics and Banking. Photo taken with his family and friends on Board the s.s. "Strathmore".

FROM ACROSS THE SEAS

(Continued from Page 6)

Own Seaman, Augustine Birrell, Bernard Partridge, A. E. W. Mason, and E. T. Reid. They played an annual match at Broadway, Worcestershire, against a side captained by Mary Anderson.

"The Allahakbarrie Book of Broadway Cricket" was privately printed and presented by the author to the members of the two teams. It consists of a whimsical forecast of an impending match. There is much chaff of Bernard Partridge for playing with his pads. Barrie describes himself as "receiving an ovation" on returning to the tent. In fact, says Mme. de Navarro, "the brilliant Barrie was not a shining light in the cricket field. I never saw him make a single run. His speciality seemed to be poultry."

Philby in Arabia

Only a few months ago Mr. St. John Philby, the Arabian explorer, was informed that his exploring days were over owing to his advanced age. Mr. Philby is 51 and has replied to the warnings by completing one of his longest desert journeys.

He left King Ibn Saud's camp at Ashaira, between Mecca and Riyadh, on May 21, and reached the Indian Ocean at Shihr on August 29. As Mr. Philby last winter motored from London to Riyadh via North Africa, Jerusalem and Damascus, he is probably the first man ever to cross Arabia from North to South. He is certainly the first European to have seen Abha, capital of Najran, and the first to reach the Hadramaut from the North. Except, for ten miles the whole journey was done by car. The chief obstacles were a barrier, 30 miles wide, of billowing sand dunes and a series of sand storms which assailed the Party for ten days.

During the journey Mr. Philby reached Shabwa, capital of the ancient kingdom of the Himyarites, and Pliny's "city of 60 temples". The first European to reach Shabwa was the German photographer, Herr Helftitz, who, however, was forcibly expelled after only an hour or two. Mr. Philby found that the inhabitants' notorious zenophobia melted on the arrival of travellers moving under the aegis of King Ibn Saud. His investigations into the size of the old city show that there could never have been 60 temples, or anything like that number, within its ancient walls. The ruins at Shabwa have not stood the test of time. This Mr. Philby believes to indicate that most of the buildings were constructed of rock salt from the neighbouring mines.

Chamberlain on Motor Cars

"As a Conservative I resented the advent of the motor-car", confessed Sir Austen Chamberlain at the banquet given by the motor industry in London to Baron Austin of Longbridge.

"I took my first ride in one with the late Lord Balfour", he went on, "but now I should be very sorry if there were no motor-cars, and even more sorry if there were no Lord Austins".

Sir Shadi Lal sailed for Europe on Saturday. Before his departure he announced that he would resign from the Privy Council and enter politics.

Noel Coward's Autobiography

It is learnt that Mr. Noel Coward has at last finished his autobiography. The announcement is made with a due sense of responsibility.

A fierce, if intermittent, light of publicity has been turned on its preparation. In the spring of 1934 he was reported (in America) to have written half of the 200,000 words to which it was to run. The following summer he took the manuscript with him on a Mediterranean yachting cruise. His yacht was wrecked. When he recovered the manuscript (now 20,000 words) Mr. Coward was able to state that the little damage it had suffered proved that there "must be some good spring in". What that spirit is Mr. Coward has not divulged, despite assurances (also from America) that that master of "Chatty dialog" has adopted a deliberate style for its expression. Even his publishers do not know whether the book is long or short, grave or gay. Only one thing is certain. Mr. Noel Coward has taken as many years for his autobiography as he usually does weeks for his plays.

MADRAS GIFT FOR DYAN CHAND

(From Our Correspondent)

MADRAS, Oct. 6.

On the eve of the departure of the Indian Hockey Team from Madras yesterday, a fancy silver cup was presented to Dyan Chand in appreciation of his able leadership by Jettmal Maneckjee and Brother.

AMUSING FIASCO

Abrupt End Of National Agriculturist Party Meeting

(From Our Correspondent)

ALLAHABAD, Oct. 6.

A meeting of the National Agriculturist Party held in the Marris Hall ended in an amusing fiasco this evening. Invitations had been issued by the Honorary Secretary, local branch to about 250 persons but only about a dozen persons attended.

Discussions regarding the applications from intending candidates for elections to the Assembly however resulted in the amazing discovery that there was no properly and validly formed branch or executive of the National Agriculturist Party at Allahabad and in their absence it was futile to discuss any serious matter. The Secretary then pressed for the formation of a nominal body and the election of the President and Secretary but with such poor attendance the idea was given up. One member from the audience proposed that the Secretary should try to increase the membership of the party at Allahabad to which the Secretary patheticallly replied 'How can I do so I cannot increase the membership by waving a magic wand'.

One of the items on the agenda was to chalk out a programme of work of the party in the District but as the existence of the party itself could not be traced the meeting abruptly ended in aimless confusion.

NO ENTICEMENT, BUT JOINT ADVENTURE

(Continued from page 5)

other place to go to, and she went to her father and brother who treated her with paternal authority or with the authority of a senior member of a joint family. As a matter of fact the complainant was only a few years older than the girl.

NOT COMPETENT.

"I dare say," observed his lordship, "both of them did what they thought was best for the girl. But the fact remains that they were acting on their own behalf and not on behalf of the husband."

That being so, the complainant was not competent under section 199, and that in itself was sufficient to invalidate the conviction.

There was further the point that the offence of enticing was not a continuous one, and the offence, if any, was committed at Madras. A Bombay Court would, therefore, have no jurisdiction to entertain a complaint on this charge.

JOINT ADVENTURE

His lordship further observed that there was no satisfactory evidence of enticement in this case. According to Ranganayaki she herself had fixed the date of elopement and had arranged for the aeroplane. No doubt Ranganayaki might be infatuated with the accused and her evidence might be suspected for that reason. It was quite possible that the accused might have deceived her in many ways. But considering the history of the case, his lordship could not see any reason to doubt that the two were in love with one another and that the elopement was a joint adventure in which the motive force was mutual affection and not enticement by the accused.

NO DETENTION

Dealing with the next point about detention, his lordship thought it could not be said in any sense that Ranganayaki was kept back by the accused either from her husband or from the complainant. She was of no more use to her husband than he was to her. And she was evidently most unhappy at her father's place. Under these circumstances, his lordship thought, neither force nor persuasion was at all necessary to keep her with the accused. She had stated in her evidence that she was perfectly a free agent to go anywhere she liked.

ACQUITTED.

As regards the charge of adultery, his lordship held that the charge could not stand, since no formal complaint on this charge was made as requisitioned by law.

The accused was therefore acquitted.

Mr. Justice Sen concurred.

Mr. G. C. O'Gorman with Mr. Ayyangar instructed by Mr. A. R. Gadkari and Mr. Randive appeared for the accused. The Government Pleader instructed by Mr. N. C. N. Acharya appeared for the prosecution.

Assembly Interpellations

Problem Of Kathiawar Ports

Agreements Reached With All States Except Bhavnagar

SIMLA, Oct. 6.

Sir H. P. Mody asked: "What progress has been made regarding negotiations between the Government of India and the Kathiawar States? Has a settlement been reached with any of them; if so, on what terms?"

Sir James Grigg said he had promised to make statement to the Assembly and proceeded to announce: "The Government of India have for some time been in negotiation with certain maritime States of Kathiawar with a view to arriving at a settlement to regulate the import or foreign goods at the States ports, including particularly goods destined for markets beyond Kathiawar. The main object has been, with due regard to the rights and interests of the States, to prevent the development of the uneconomic practices which lead to a diversion of the trade from its natural channels.

AGREEMENTS WITH STATES.

Agreements have been now concluded with the States of Junagadh, Nawanagar, Porbundar and Morvi by which arrangements have been made with a view to ensuring that all goods imported at the States ports are effectively subjected to customs duty at full British Indian tariff rates. These arrangements are calculated to produce healthier trading conditions within Kathiawar as well as beyond it, and are, therefore, conducive to the advantage of the States themselves as well of British India.

"As regards revenue derived from the duties levied on the goods consigned to destinations outside Kathiawar, a settlement has already been made with Nawanagar after the Dunedian award. By which the State retains such revenue not exceeding five lakhs in any year, and any excess over this amount is paid to the Government of India.

A similar settlement has now been embodied in the agreement with the States of Junagadh, Porbander and Morvi. An agreement has also been concluded with another Maritime State, namely, Baroda, whereby the State will retain the revenue from customs duties levied on foreign goods imported at its ports, subject to a maximum equal to the estimated revenue derived from the consumption of such goods in the territories of the State. Foreign goods which have been imported at British Indian ports and there subjected to customs duty, will be admitted free of duty to the territories of the State, and goods, which have paid duty at the States ports, will be admitted free of duty into British India. British Indian ports and States ports will thus be free to serve their economic hinterland without any obstruction arising from the necessity of securing that the customs revenue from particular imported goods accrues to the State or to the British Indian treasury according to the location of the market to which the goods are consigned.

PACT WITH FRENCH INDIA.

"In this connection it may also interest the house to learn that the Government of India have concluded a convention with the Government of French India, regarding consignment from Pondicherry and Karikal through letter post of dutiable goods addressed to the open settlements of Chandernagore, Yanaon and Mahe. For some time highly dutiable articles, including in particular Japanese silk piecegoods, have been so consigned and have found their way to British Indian markets without being subjected to duty, thus causing serious loss of revenue as well as considerable disturbance to legitimate trade in those commodities. Arrangements now concluded provide for subjection to British Indian customs duty of such consignments before they are accepted for despatch from Pondicherry and Karikal.

"The Government of India have every reason to believe that these arrangements have been successful in putting a stop to the practices, which I have described."

BHAVNAGAR'S CASE.

Sir H. P. Mody: The reply is silent about Bhavnagar. Do I understand that no settlement has been reached with that State? Press reports seem to indicate that some action has been taken.

Sir James Grigg: The Hon. Member is right in assuming that there has been no settlement with the Bhavnagar State. The present position with regard to Bhavnagar is this. The Government of India have asked the Durbar to furnish with consignments of goods for British India an invoice showing the valuation of the goods and the amount of customs duty paid. The Durbar has refused for the time being to furnish those invoices and at the moment, therefore, no goods are being cleared across the Viramgam line from Bhavnagar.

Sir James Grigg informed Mr. B. Das that the onus of proving that no rebate is being allowed would lie on the States.—A.P.

INCREASED IMPORTS OF JAVA SUGAR FEARED

SIMLA, Oct. 6.

In the Legislative assembly today Mr. Ramsay Scott asked the following short notice question:—"Have Government any reason to apprehend abnormally increased imports of sugar from Java as a result of Holland going oc the Gold Standard?

Sir James Grigg replied "No. The Government of India have received information from an official source that the guilder export price of Sugar from the Netherlands Indies will be increased by an amount proportionate to the depreciation of the Guilder. The rupee price of the imports from Java will, therefore, be unaffected by the departure of Holland from the Gold Standard."

Mr. Scott: "Is Government aware that the Guilder has been devalued by about 25 per cent?"

Sir James Grigg: "My information is not so recent as that of the Hon'ble Member. I do not believe that the Dutch Government have come to any conclusion except to have a managed currency, and the amount of depreciation is not yet finally settled.—A. P.

NAZI SEA PLANE VISITS KARACHI?

KARACHI, Oct. 6.

An unidentified seaplane described as bearing German Colours, visited Karachi at midday to-day. After circling over the harbour, the plane alighted in the channel, but after a short time took off again and flew in the direction of the Kathiawar seaboard.

Later

A later message from the same source says that the above message is incorrect and based on a misapprehension.

EXODUS OF SUBJECTS FROM BHOPAL STATE

BHOPAL, Oct. 5.

In view of the heavy exodus of the State subjects from the State on account of unemployment, and their migration into the surrounding British districts and Indian States, the Government of Bhopal State. it is understood, has issued a confidential circular to the heads of all the departments of the State, asking them to submit a report of the number of people, who have left their hearths and homes, from their respective jurisdiction.—United Press.

GANDHIJI AND KASHMIR STATE

Rights Of Minorities And Political Problem

(From Our Correspondent.)

SRINAGAR, (By Mail.)

Reverting to what is called "Gandhi-Nehru-Bajaj correspondence" lately released to press where it met with different interpretations, Mahatma Gandhi has sent the following letter to Pt. Gwashalal, Editor "The Kashmir Times" in which he has given his considered opinion on the present political problem of Jammu and Kashmir State after studying the subject from all points of view:—

"In a Musalman State non-Muslims need not become Musalmans or lose their right of worship or otherwise if the State is well-managed. But if a minority feels aggrieved, it has the right and it may be its duty to leave the State. As before I have again merely stated the ideal. What would be expedient in given circumstances can only be judged by those on the spot."

Pt. Jawaharlal Nehru in his letter to the same gentleman writes, "These opinions are based on the situation as I view it and on certain principles which I hold. It was and is not possible for me to say anything about detailed happenings in Kashmir. But the larger view-point holds whatever the details might be."

Mainly About Motion Pictures

"Pundalik" at the Majestic (Marathi—Parijat Picture)

SANGEET'S SOCIAL

"Call Of The Soul" Or "Hridaya Manthan" Awaited At The Majestic

Here is one of the greatest—rather the greatest—achievements in screen history, a musical masterpiece of soul stirring narrative, "Call of the Soul" or "Hridaya Manthan", Sangeet Movietone's newest social smash hit which succeeds in tracing out the destructive efforts of the century old social customs and the misinterpretations of the Holy Shastras on once the most foremost society of the world—the Hindu Society, without losing its thread of interest from beginning to end.

This interesting and powerful picture. "Call of the Soul" or "Hridaya Manthan" combines satire with hilarity, music and with most artistic dancing. The name of the Sangeet Movietone does itself mean something 'exceptional break from the usual track" indicating something novel in plot and its treatment.

This latest challenge contribution of theirs "The Call of Soul", the most heart rendering dramatic theme, is the subject of the feature. The story of the "Call of the Soul" or "Hridaya Manthan" is not imaginative. It is entirely based on the cen per cent real incidents in life, most tragic and eventful of a once happy and blessed family of Bengal, but now absolutely ruined. The chief characters of the story are still alive and being so compelled by the gruesome and absurd laws of the society and those orthodox Pandits, who are responsible for misleading innocent millions by preaching glittering sermons, hopelessly misinterpreted from our Holy Shastras, are leading at present shameful but pitiable lives, having had no other alternative, the one having drowned his life and soul in drinking and the other in having become a public street girl.

The masterful network of this tragedy of events and a compulsion calls our society seemingly alive, though dead in fact, to rise up to the situation and save the precious lives and souls of our innocent millions.

While entirely modern in every phase, as a screen material, "Hridaya Manthan" has been skilfully adapted from the masterly pen of Bengal's greatest dramatists, Babu Jaiodhar Chatterjee, whose pages have seared the souls of millions; directed by the only woman director of India, Bai Jaddanbai the Proprietress of Sangeet Movietone, plus the embellishing value in production effects and results. It is undoubtedly an absorbing entertainment with a powerful sympathy and stimulating appeal. Bai Jaddanbai herself playing the most tragic role of Nirmala Devi, a deserted Hindu wife, interpreting therein human emotions.

Heading the cast are A. Hussain and Smt. Urmila Devi, the former a well educated young boy, full of hopes and vigour, with a golden voice and most impressive features and the latter, the Beauty Queen, a cultured young lady hailing from a very highly respectable family, supported by the gay galaxy of stars, like that wonderful child star Baby Rani with her soul-stirring songs and charming actions, Syt. Siddiqui, Yusuf, Shahzadi and others.

This most glamorous social smash hit of the Sangeet Movietone will very soon be on the silver screen of the Majestic, Girgaon. The picture-going public will surely appreciate the smart balancing of struggle, disappointments and a well knit suspense building to a tense climax in this picture.

OPENING CEREMONY OF MINERVA'S "SAED-E-HAVAS"

At Simla

Mr. Bhulabhai Desai, M.L.A., Bar-at-Law performed the opening ceremony of Minerva Film Company's Maiden picture 'Saed-e-Havas', before a record crowd, which included about a hundred M. L. As and high Government officials at the Prince of Wales Theatre, Somla, on Saturday last.

Mr. Bhulabhai Desai congratulated the Minerva Film Company on their bringing this Indian adaptation of Shakespeare's "King John" on the screen. "Saed-e Havas" was shown on the silver screen.

"Tukaram" forthcoming Prabhat release at the Central.

"PRIDE OF INDIA"

At The Imperial

The Imperial Cinema is being stormed by crowds since last Saturday to witness Imperial's latest Socio-historical picture in the spectacular scenes in Hindi "Pride of India" with Miss Sulochana, known as the "Pride of the Screen" and Mr. Billimoria, supported by Asuji, Gulam Mohamed and the versatile comedian Hadi. "Pride of India" is an exceptional social master-piece depicting the glory of Indian woman-hood.

The story is distinctly modern in its sophistication and might be labelled a society melodrama. It should offer splendid scope for Sulochana who has just the personality to bring out its full meaning and value.

Colonel Sinha, proper Indian Army veteran, bristling moustaches and all, finds his charming and beautiful wife Saroj far too extravagant and light-hearted. Saroj thinks him a tight-fisted old wretch who doesn't realise that youth and beauty must have its full of joy and love and laughter. She seeks the double of happiness with feverish eagerness and thinks to find it in gratification of every whim and desire and passion. Her one good point is her affection for her beautiful little daughter.

One of the rich friends with whom she reads the flowery path is Thakur Ratanlal who is rich and looks a gentleman. The Thakur lusts after her beauty. Her money troubles show him an easy way to her heart and when the Marwaris press for payment he asks her to come to his house for a loan.

She goes but soon realises what the beastly man wants and in struggling to escape she kills a servant with a heavy statue. When she reached home at last her husband the Colonel is waiting for her. He charges her with unfaithfulness and turns her out. She goes with the sobs of little Kamal in her heart and walks straight into a hospital with brain fever. The Thakur finds her out and gives her the option of becoming his mistress or being tried for murder, she prefers the latter and gets a sentence of twelve years. While she is in jail her daughter and the Thakur's secretary's son Vasant fall in love and on the day of her release they are to be married. But when she appears her own daughter refuses to meet her and Vasant surprise at such behavour breaks with Kamal. More complications follow and the emotions are fully engaged by what follows till the denouement is reached in an amazing finale. This takes place on the Frontier where all the principals are again gathered with the Pathans busily attacking. At last Thakur Ratanlal, Vasant and an unknown soldier alone are left. Ratanlal who is an officer orders Vasant to blow up the magazine. But the unknown soldier objects, and removing her mask reveals herself as Saroj. The end comes with aeroplanes bombing the Pathans and rescuing Vasant as the sole survivor to send him back, to Kamal and happiness. As you can see, it is a tale of incident and romance affording full scope for engaging the attention and emotions of picture fans. And Sulochana has taken the fullest advantage of her splendid role and the beautiful moving story. The Frontier sequences, tool, are incredibly thrilling and the fighting remarkable for its realism. To rare wealth of variety and thrilling action the picture adds the histrionic merit. This the rarest Indian Screen piece, type of which to be for the first time in this city. The citizens of Bombay should not miss this unique production, which is showing to crowded houses at the Imperial.

"PUNDALIK"

A picture that is entirely and refreshingly "different" is screened at the Majestic for the Bombay Film Fans. While mainly concerned with the dogmatic outlook depicted in the Hindu mythology it brings to the talking screen the life and love of this great Saint in an effective manner never before attempted. Such glorious bits of natural beauty as the Pandharpur Jatra photographed by the cameraman from a scenic standpoint is magnificent, while the intimate glimpses of Pilgrims are fascinating.

Prominent in the supporting cast Mohite and others and Bedekar's direction is masterly. The music and scenes of Bhajan are lavishly spectacular, and film as a whole is a blend of stirring —heroism, tender devotion and scrificing spirit. "Pundalik" in one of those action pictures that make excellent entertainment.

Kumari Kajjan in "Raj Dulari" at the Globe.

"ACHHUT KANNYA"

At The Roxy

When a picture has been running for twelve weeks and looks like going on for yet some more, even the sceptics and the highbrows sit up and take notice. It is no wonder, therefore, that there are many who are going to Roxy to see "Achhut Kannya" now and regretting they never took the trouble of seeing it before.

Essentially a picture which provokes thought, even as it entertains, "Achhut Kannya" is a picture which no serious student of current tendencies in Indian cinema can afford to miss. It represents the new weal of film-production—realistic interpretation of life with a view to make it better. As Shrimati Gangaben Patel, the well-known Congress worker remarks, "It is a true mirror of our every day life." But that, by no means, implies that it is dull. This beautiful panorama of Indian Life, which it unfolds has all the drama, humour and pathos which one amply finds in the lives of our people. A distinguished cast led by Devika Rani interprets the story with an understanding and intelligence which is rare among Indian artistes.

Kumari Sulochana in "Pride of India" at the Imperial.

MINERVA FILM CO. BOMBAY

The company has nearly completed the tremendous preparatory work for the production of their special production 'Atma Tarang'. Mr. Sohrab Modi has already shot some initial scenes too. It is of interest to note that Mr. Modi has availed himself of the service of some fine technical experts for the creation of special effects which are required by the gignatic theme of 'Atma Tarang' and the fantastic spectacles of 'Alauddin'. The Arabian Nights' story of the wonderful Lamp is their next production on schedule and Feroze Dastur, the sonorous Sangeet-Ratna of the screen will play the lead in both. It looks, Minerva is preparing to give you fans a rare treat in their productions. Their Marathi 'Namdev' which have been nearly half finished has already set the ole Maharashtra speculating. Mr. Modi sure picks up subjects that are novel and exciting.

"RAJ DULARI"

Next Friday At The Globe

You must seen and heard all those poignant tales of love and romance—like those of "Laila and Majnu" and "Shirin and Farhad" from Madan Theatres. You cannot forget the lilting song-hits given by well-known songstress and star Begum Jehanara Kajjan —whose voice is as sweet as that of nightingale. Now if you want to see her—hear her—her wonderful art of expressions and, ner ringing silvery voice, you must see Jollywood Studio (Calcutta's) remantic picture "Raj Dulari"—coming to Globe Talkies from next Friday.

"Raj Dulari" is a poignant drama of a beautiful girl for whose love, an elegant young man risks his life and sallies forth into the jaws of death. She is sweet, attractive and intelligent. He is brave, dare devil and romantic. They both fall in love—and then matters take different turn altogether. What happens then? You must see this great picture "Raj Dulari" at the Globe next Friday.

Kajjan is supported by a big cast Khalil, Mohamed Husein Sheila etc.

"RANGILO NAWAB"

Sharda movietone's B. K. Dave production "Rangilo Nawab" or "Fighting Chevalier" is running 2nd week at the Globe. You will be amazed to see the daring stunts of Mr. Vithal and you will surely like Miss Noorjehan.

MID-WEEK CHANGE OF PROGRAMME

At The Capitol

From to-day, Wednesday, 7th October, the Capitol will be showing the exciting film "King Kong" which is adapted from Edgar Wallace's imagination of a Prehistoric World. It is heralded as entertainment that should send any audience into a high fever of intense excitement and terror..... You will see thrills that will make the blood race in your veins, strange passion that will make your blood stand still..... the strangest story ever conceived by man! Out-leaping the maddest imaginings! Out-thrilling the wildest thrills. We are having three shows daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.

"AMAR-JYOTI"

Showing 14th Week At Krishna

Prabhat's exciting marine romance "Amar-Jyoti" is running for the fourteenth week at the Krishna Talkies.

Its success is due to doubt primarily to the thrilling story which depicts its ancient glory of India with fascinating realism and the courage of Indian women in the days when piracy was prevalent on the Indian sea coast.

The story is well portrayed and this unique picture delights your ear with its fine songs and gaily infections choruses sung by the pirate gang. Its beautiful seascrapes are a joy to the eye of the beholder. There are some lovely pastoral shots depicting the idylic romance between Princess Nandini and a shepherd boy who is a prince in reality.

Owing to this piling of beauty upon beauty and artistic charm upon charm, "Amar-Jyoti" is liable to run at Krishna Talkies for many weeks more in this city. Shanta Apte. Vasantee, Durga Khote, and Chandra Mohan do well in the principal roles. 'Amar Jyoti" applauded at the International Exhibition.

Smt. Sitara in "Prem Bandhan" (Golden "Eagle" forthcoming release.

"PRIDE OF INDIA"

At The Imperial Cinema

(CONTRIBUTED).

Imperial's latest release "Pride Of India" at the Imperial Cinema is indeed a screen achievement and justifies the deserving title for all the fond hopes and expectations of the throng of visitors during the successive shows have been verily fulfilled.

Sulochana soars into a different plans of artistic attainment, hitherto not achieved by any star of magnitude.

The story sweeps through like a mighty torrent, gaining greater altitude of drama at every wave of incident and situation until it crashes into an amazing denouement, rousing every spectator into a frenzied but delightful satisfaction.

Although the Heroine Saroj (Sulochana) succumbs to the succulent silks, just as any of her sex, and falls into the wily machinations of Thakur Ratanlal (Gulam Mahomed) who inveigles her into his snare by helping her monetarily, yet the inherent virtue—the true heritage of every Indian Woman, asserts, and accidentally she kills Thakur's servant.

Arrested—sentenced for 12 years—Saroj lapses into obscurity but the protecting instinct of motherhood for her daughter Kamal, now a lovely creature, serves as the means of preserving the daughter from the clutches of the scoundrel Thakur Ratanlal, at the supreme moment.

The scene of the mother and daughter enacted brilliantly and skillfully photographed, is just one of the highlights of this powerful production.

It would be cheating the fans of their curiosity by revealing the further thrilling situations, so let them see and hear for themselves and judge the relative standard.

The supporting characters, D. Billimoria, Gulam Mahomed, Asuji and the darling Baby Mayuri have enriched the picture by their respective portrayals.

A visit at the Imperial Cinema is well worth any price of admission."

"MAYA"

At The Minerva

(CONTRIBUTED).

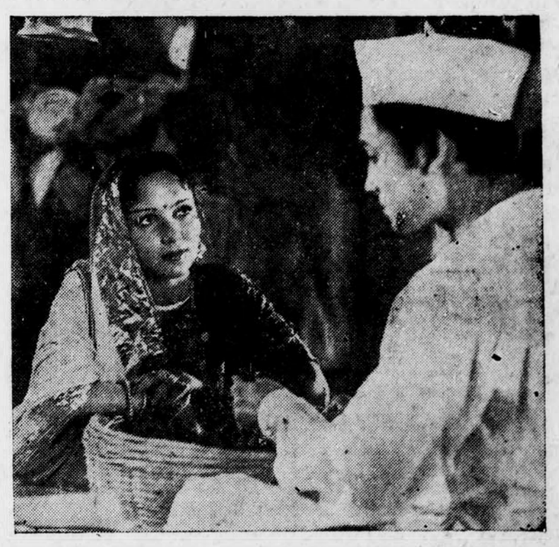
The release of the "Maya," New Theatres' latest release at the Minerva will be one of the real hits of the season.

It is a story of a forsaken—forlorn woman, with a stirring dramatic theme. Pratap is to be—no, Shanta is to be married to Pratap, but he falls in love with Maya, the woman of his dreams. . . . . The hand of destiny moves. Maya bears his child, but he is not heard of. It is due to Shanta, she does not allow the letters from Pratap to reach Maya —so Maya is forced to hide herself in slums.

A further gripping element is supplied by a complication which provides the film with a sensational climax—the trial of Maya as a coldblooded murderess. Every Indian picturegoer must make it a point to see this soul stirring picture to fully appreciate the attraction of its powerful and smartly different story.

Sjt. Barua's direction will sweep the severest critics off their feet—his skill in introducing pathos, his feeling for beauty and his deep human understanding of different characters can make him an outstanding director of India.

Jamuna, playing the titular role, is really marvellous—laying bare a forgotten woman's heart. Her performance is without question a penetrating one, it is sensitive and vital. Pahari Sanyal establishes himself as one of the greatest dramatic actors in the Indian Cine-world to-day. He retains our sympathy as a lover, Azurie, as an up-to-date girl dancing in amateur theatricals, handles her role with fine understanding. K. C. Dey and Nawab are splendid in their parts.



"Devika Rani" In Achhut Kanya at the Roxy.

Bad roads... Bad weather... Phillips overcomes them all

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OUR READERS' VIEWS

Meaning Of "Vernacular"

To The Editor of "The Chronicle"

Sir,—Apropos of the interpellations in the Legislative Assembly with regard to the meaning of the word "vernacular," I wish to make a few observations which, I trust, will also be verified by persons interested in the study of words.

There is no doubt that the original meaning of the word in question is "the language of the slaves" But since English is a living language, this word has, like so many others, undergone in the course of time a change for the better. This sort of process goes on 'ad infinitum' and as long as any language is not dead like Sanskrit or Latin, such changes in the meanings of words are bound to take place. A student of Shakespeare, for instance, will find that so many words which had in his days a good sense, are to-day used in the bad sense and 'vice versa'. Persons interested in the study of words should read "Study of Words" by Trench.

As to the second part of the question whether or not English men will be prepared to treat their own language as "vernacular of England," the answer is in the affirmative. Dr. Symonds writes in the "Encyclopaedia Britannica" about the effect of translations from Greek or Latin on the English language and then remarks as follows about the translation of the Bible in the English language:

"The authorised version of the Bible has also been recently given to the people—so that almost at the same period of time England obtained in the VERNACULAR an extensive library of ancient and modern authors". (capital letters are mine).

Now from this quotation one can easily find that the word "vernacular" connotes no bad meaning to-day as was once the case.—Yours, etc.

STUDENT.

Bombay, Sept. 30.

Constitution For Parsis

To The Editor of "The Chronicle".

Sir,—I shall be highly obliged if you will kindly spare me some space in the valued column of your esteemed paper in order to enable me to take a summary review of the "Communal Constitution" as framed by my educated and scholastic friend Mr. Fredoon K. Dadachanji, Solicitor, after great labour and assiduity.

As an impartial critic, I give great credit to Mr. Dadachanji in minutely studying the Communal History from the advent of the Parsis in India to the "Modern Times" and I do fervently hope that all Parsis who have a great feeling for the welfare of the community at heart will strongly side with him in his advocacy of having a constitution for the community at large.

Now if all of us agree on the very fundamental thing of having a constitution for the community then the discussion "on what type of constitution will be best suited to us must follow. The constitution as framed by Mr. Fredoon Dadachanji goes much more beyond our expectation and acceptance in some points and falls far short of it in some others. The very first thing that strikes an impartial reader of the constitution is that Mr. Fredoon completely ignores the privileges of the Board of Punchayet Trustees as constituted at present to be the accredited and true beacon-light of the Community.

The Tribunal, as he wishes to have, bears no mention of the Punchayet Trustees being on it. To me it seems that together with the two or three Head Priests of the Parsis from different centres in India, the whole Board of the Parsi Punchayet of Bombay and the Presidents of all Parsi Punchayets in the Moffussil should be included in this Parsi Tribunal.

The second point which strikes me most is the advocacy of Mr. Fredoon K. Dadachanji to send the Parsi Priests to Jail if they commit technical offences as not signing a Navjote registration form when the ceremony is not performed. It puzzles me to think how an Orthodox Parsi gentleman like Mr. Fredoon Dadachanji could bear to see his own co-religionist and that too priests with a white turban going to Jail. With due apology to Mr. Dadachanji I would only suggest that our Parsi Tribunal, when it comes into existence be empowered to take such priests to task and punish them for their offences with due severity by rejecting their rights to perform ceremonies in Agiaris or Fire Temples for varying terms from one year to five years as is deemed best and deserving to meet the ends of justice. If for argument's sake, we suppose that such offending priests disobey the orders of the Tribunal then as a last recourse Suits may be filed against them in British Law Courts of course at their own risk and costs. But it must be clearly noted that in such offences the Magistrates be only empowered to levy heavy fines on the culprits and nothing else.

The third and the most important point is the definition of a "Parsi" as is given in the said constitution. I wish that Mr. Fredoon had taken more pains to include some few exceptions in this definition. He and his prototypes do not wish to move with the times. He thinks that the religion of the Parsis is in danger and he and his prototypes are out to save it from ignominy and complete ruin. With let me once for all pointedly tell him in public that he has not studied the minds and the hearts of the present day Parsi boys and girls. He has not taken this modern age as the age of progress but has interpreted it as an age of retardation in which he can and very easily incorporate the old fossilized ideas, that the Parsis have become so bad that the old Halkaroo Raj, Dadamoda Raj, and Mansookhi Raj should find their sway amongst the Parsis even for a short time to check the spread of "Reforms" in the community. If it is the earnest desire of my learned Guru Mr. Fredoon to make his proposed constitution a workable one, without having recourse to the repetition of the three Raj's aforesaid, the method is simple and that is by taking the youths of the community into his confidence. With due respect I put it to him whether it is not advisable for him to consult in the matter, the different College Unions, the University Students of Parsi Boys and Girls or the Managing Committee of the Young Men's Parsi Association. If he does it it will be considered a judicious step. The late Mr. Mansukh became a powerful leader to reckon with in his days because he had the younger element of Parsis at his command. The Collegians listened their ideal orator Mr. Mansukh with rapt attention, and this young army of enthusiastic youths followed their Parsi Mussolini wherever he went.

—Yours, etc.

ARDESHIR EDALJI BENGALI.

The Menace In Spain

To The Editor, of "The Chronicle"

Sir,—"My interest is not imperial, but solely humanitarian" with these concluding words of appeal appearing in the columns of "The Times" dated 18th August 1936. Mr George Lansbury makes a laudable effort to rouse the British statesmen (holidaying 'en masse' with some honourable exception) from their masterly inaction and chronic lethargy in having allowed Spain to be a licensed Slaughter House of Europe.

Mr. Lansbury is perfectly right when, sounding a clarion call, he gives a timely warning that "the Spanish revolution is rapidly-destroying people's faith in ordered progress through Constitutional means." It is actually creating an adverse and fearful impression, elsewhere and everywhere, that tends to destroy one's faith in all Governments established by law and order. India gapes with amazement at "the present military invasion into Spain by an army of aliens" brought about by "the money and materials" pouring in from "somewhere outside Spain."

He thinks "the British Government is palsied with fear." The heart-rending telegrams are like iron piercing our souls. From a ruling Prince to a peasant, all are flabbergasted at the streams of blood.

No one knows when the hearts of nations including the fragile one of the League of Nations will move with solid sympathy. Who shall rush manfully first of all to render First Aid to lacerated Spain? A tardy first aider is a danger to himself and the patient. Will Britain awake?

The League of Nations with the double fracture of the spine at the Munchukuo and the Abyssinian vertibrae is helplessly lying on the world's jolting stretcher.

British passivity is watched here with wrath and despair. For the strings of foreign affairs are tightly held fast, on behalf of India, at the Whitehall and at 10, Downing Street. India as a Nation constituting the Great Family of Nations is unfortunately denied the right to have her say in foreign affairs and also her human voice to condemn officially the un-Christian butchery of human lives.

If the researches on the Spanish Laboratory Table bear even an iota of the estimated results, if human lives are reckoned as those of the ring bulls, and if the might of the Great Commonwealth is consciously allowed to be emasculated, then it is human and quite likely the identical experiments will be imitated and undertaken elsewere.—Yours, etc.

BURJOR J. SHROFF.

POINTS FROM LETTERS

Remove It

G. B. WELKAR refers to the letter addressed to the Collector of Excise by a number of Muslim gentlemen in the locality, regarding the removal of the liquor shop at the J. J. Hospital corner, and urges the authorities to expedite the removal "in the interest of the peace of the city."

Memorial

H. H. QAZI suggests that a Scholarship Fund should be founded in honour of Capt. Gladstone Solomon, the Director of the Bombay Arts School, who is sailing soon for England. He recommends that special shows of the drama which is being staged by the students of the School of Art should be given for collecting the necessary funds.

Half-Anna Fares

S. B. KALGUTKAR requests the B. E. S. T. Company to put an indicator on the first tram car, which starts charging the special half-anna fares between certain hours on particular routes, as otherwise some confusion and unpleasantness is often caused.

Arrangement At Mole Station

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—Recently when H. E. the Governor of Bombay landed at Ballard Pier by "S. S. Strathmore" the public was not allowed to go on the Mole station until His Excellency had left. Was His Excellency the only passenger in the steamer as is it that other passengers do not pay their fare? Some of the passengers are up-country passengers who have to leave by train after a few hours. What about their relatives and friends who want to see them after a long time and greet them.

Moreover the Manager of the company has the temerity of telling the friends and relations of other passengers to entertain their friends any where else in the city as if the friends do not know even this much, time permitting.

But why should passengers tolerate this kind of treatment?

Is the company getting more profit from ordinary passengers or officers of the Government?

I also fail to understand why the public should not be allowed to go on the Mole station because the Governor is coming? On the contrary they should be encouraged to go there to receive him.—Yours, etc.,

R. R. PARIKH.

Proceedings In Hindustani

To The Editor of "The Chronicle"

Sir,—Mr. Morarji Desai of Gujarat deserves to be congratulated on his attempt at persuading the members of the A.I.C.C. to agree to carry on the Congress proceedings in Hindustani, alone, henceforth. The House, unfortunately, voted down the proposal but the truth was exposed in its utter nakedness. The fact that all the members of the Working Committee voted for the resolution is enough to prove the urgency of its immediate adoption.

The difficulties, no doubt, are bound to arise in regard to short hand and typing. But that should not be allowed to come in our way. We cannot afford to wait till our language comes to be written in short-hand. It is the duty of all our leaders including that of Mr. S. Satyamurty who was most vocal in voting down the resolution, to learn up our language at the earliest. Then alone will they be able to approach the masses. Leaders should only realise the necessity of the language and instead of thinking that they are wasting their time in learning it, should know that they will be able to account themselves better than before.

If Pt. Malaviya could think of learning the German language at the ripe age of 75, why not we youngsters, our own language? But the blind faith in the English language must go. This language, if I were to quote Babu Tandon, is 'symbolic of slavery'.—

Mint Road, Fort,
Yours etc.,

DHIRAJLAL S. TRIVEDI.

Bhugwan Bhuwan,

ECHO OF SOUTH AFRICAN DELEGATION'S VISIT

No Facilities For Pressmen In Hyderabad

(From Our Own Correspondent)

HYDERABAD (Dn.) (By Mail).

Great indignation prevails among the various press representatives representing the local and British India newspapers at the action of a British Indian News Agency, which covered speeches delivered at Banquets and Dinners (State) by the members of the South African Delegation, even though it was not invited. This, the local journalists feel, is an insult to the profession, and in order to safeguard their prestige, and rights, it is understood that, plans are being chalked out for establishing a Press Correspondents' Association, independent of the Hyderabad Journalists Association which has ceased its activities of late.

NO FACILITIES

It might be recalled that on various occasions, it was brought to the notice of the authorities by the Local Press, about providing facilities to correspondents to report various functions conducted under the auspices of the State. With regard to the banquets and dinners arranged in honour of the South African Goodwill Delegation, the correspondents awaited for invitations to the last moment, and when they found that they were ignored, they took an opportunity to boycott reporting such speeches. However, it is learnt that a shorthand typist was engaged by the authorities concerned to take down the speeches and the copy was handed over to the news agency for the purpose of broadcasting.

It would be interesting to note that the newly established Information Bureau whose duty it was to supply the programme of the visit of the South African Delegation did not rise to the occasion.

MATAN CONTROVERSY

Tribunal Of Two Judicial Officers Appointed

SRINAGAR, Oct. 6.

Apropos of the tension prevalent here between the Hindus and Muslims as regards Matan (holy place for Hindus) and the State Government's decision given on the matter on September 5 last, the State Government in the course of a communique announced the appointment of a Tribunal consisting of two Judicial Officers namely, Pandit Kishanlal and Sheikh Abdul Rashid, to examine the whole matter, record evidence, and suggest suitable changes in the Government's previous award on the dispute.

The communique further states that, this was in response to various representations made to the Prime Minister by both Hindus and Muslims, who appeared dissatisfied with the Government's award.—United Press.

M. Gomboes is about to resign the Premiership owing to ill-health. The acting Premier, M. Daranyi, is forming in a few days a new Ministry, from which, several of the present Ministers will be omitted.

"PURGING" OF CONGRESS

Swami Govindanand's Latest Statement

KARACHI, (By Mail).

"I was, I am and shall ever remain and die an intrepid Congressman," says Swami Govindanand in his latest statement to the Press.

Proceeding the Swami says that there are undesirable elements in the Congress Organisation and that, he is going to start a party according to the advice of his friends, with a view to "purge the Congress of those undesirable elements."

Concluding Swami Govindanand says:—

"Whatever I have done so far and shall do hereafter is in the interests of the Congress."—United Press.

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Question Of Primary Education In City Of Bombay

"PRESENT ARRANGEMENT INCOMPATIBLE WITH INCREASING LIABILITIES OF CORPORATION"

Mr. Donde Urges Negotiation With Govt. For Revising Contribution To Municipality

Mr Donde has prepared a note on the question of Government's contribution to the expenditure on education in Bombay City from which the following extracts are given:—

At the outset Mr. Donde traces the history of the Primary Education problem right from the year 1888 when the Bombay Municipal Act was enacted when Primary Education was transferred to the Municipality, which was amended in 1907, which amended Act was popularly called the Police Charges Act. In 1920 the Government passed an Amendment to the Municipal Act, called Act XV of 1920, providing for the extension of Primary Educatioi in the City of Bombay.

Under Section 18 (1) of Act XV of 1920 Government were authorised to make rules for the purpose of this Act and inter alia determining to share the cost of providing free and compulsory primary education, specifying the extent to which the cost thereof shall be borne by the Local Government.

TEN YEARS' SCHEME

About the year 1916 or so, there was a strong public feeling that Primary Education should be immediately made free and compulsory by public bodies and by the Government and the Bombay Municipality in response to the pressure of public opinion submitted to Government a Ten-Years' Scheme, under which it was proposed to provide for Free Education and a voluntary expression of education for ten years, and at the end of the tenth year of the scheme, to make education free and compulsory throughout the City. The scheme was submitted to Government, and although there was no definite statutory obligation on Government to aid primary education in the City at that time, still, Government realised their moral responsibility in the matter, and although the original proposal from the Municipality was that Government should give a grant amounting to one-third of the difference between the expenditure incurred in the year immediately preceding the first application of the scheme and the cost from year to year under the scheme, still Government were good enough under to give an administrative undertaking that they would share equally between themselves and the Corporation all additional expenditure that the Municipality would incur under the scheme beyond the net budgetted expenditure during the year 1917-18. It was on this understanding that the Municipality later on claimed against Government from year to year exactly exactly half the expenditure beyond that for the year 1917-18. Government paid their share according to the Municipal claim for three years viz., for the expenditure incurred in the year 1918-19 1919-20, 1920-21. On the expenditure incurred for the year 1921-22, although the Municipal claim for Government Grant was Rs. 6,43,000 the Government paid only a grant equal to that paid in the previous year, viz., Rs. 4,42,000 approximately, and since that year, the Government have been paying grants according to their own calculation which fall far short of the claims preferred by the Municipality.

GRANT FROM GOVT.

At present, the Municipality received from Government, approximately, after the application of a cut of 14 per cent, a net grant of Rs. 7,17,000, though the total expenditure of the Municipality on Primary Education has gone on increasing for a long time and has reached Rs. 33 lacs approximately.

The ten years' scheme of expansion of primary education can be briefly summarised as follows:

In the year 1917-18, the Municipal expenditure on Primary Education was about 6,95,000 Rupees. This is deducted from the total expenditure on Primary Education. Till the year 1926, the amount deducted was not the actual expenditure for the year 1917-18 but the budgetted expenditure for that year was approximately Rs. 6,58,000. According to the scheme it was estimated that in the tenth year of the scheme of voluntary expansion of education the expenditure would rise to Rs. 18,60,000 approximately, and as it was proposed to introduce compulsion throughout the City in the Tenth year of the scheme, an additional expenditure of Rs. 5,40,000 was provided for that purpose laying down the final expenditure after the introduction of free and compulsory education throughout the City, at Rs. 24 lacs approximately, including of course, the original expenditure of Rs. 6,58,000 budgetted for 1917-18.

PRESENT STATE OF AFFAIRS

At present, the Government grant of Rs. 7,17,000 is roughly calculated on two different bases. There is one part of the grant which Government give for voluntary expansion as carried out to the maximum limit under the ten-years' scheme. Under this voluntary expansion, according to the original estimates of the scheme the maximum extra expenditure was put down at about 12½ lacs of Rupees beyond the budgetted expenditure for 1917-18 and Government pay us for this voluntary expansion Rs. 6,25,000, which is exactly half of the amount of Rs. 12½ lakhs as mentioned. To this grant is added another portion which is meant to be a grant on the expenditure on Compulsory Education.

INCREASE IN EXPENDITURE.

The calculation of expenditure made in the ten years' scheme fell too short of the mark, and expenditure in the last year of the scheme, viz., 1927-1928, was nearly 29,50,000 i.e. 5,50,000 more than that provided in the scheme and this with the difference that compulsion had been introduced actually in two wards only, while the scheme contemplated its introduction in all the Wards. Increasing the number of children in the Municipal Schools, can no doubt be pointed out as one of the reasons for this abnormal increase of expenditure, over the estimates of the scheme. But the fact, that the Corporation introduced new grades of teachers salary even against the point of view held by the then Schools Committee in that matter is a thing that cannot be entirely ignored. This increase was objected to by Government and was the cause of the whole trouble between them and the Municipality.

PRESENT DEAD LOCK

The Municipality are very anxious to spread free and compulsory education (it has been made free already) to the whole City. They have submitted to Government schemes for extension of compulsion to other wards, but Government are not prepared to accord any sanction to such schemes on the ground of financial stringency. Even if the Municipality take it upon their own responsibility, still the Government are not prepared to give their sanction. There is thus a complete deadlock. The Municipality are governed by the Municipal Act as amended by Act XV of 1920, but the rules regarding the financial obligation of Government regarding cost of free and compulsory education in the City to be made under that Act, have not yet been formulated and declared by Government. The present state of things is not therefore governed by any definite law or rules laying down the understanding as to the portion of the financial responsibility of primary education in this City to be borne by each side viz., the Government and the Municipality. There is another Act of 1923. which Government have laid down their responsibility in this matter so far as all other Municipalities and Local Bodies are concerned, and under that Act, the Government have changed their policy in respect of financing primary education.

The Bombay Municipality who do not come under the operation and provisions of that Act, ought now bring home to the Government the fact that they have a claim to benefit by this change of policy, as provided under Section 62-B of the Municipal Act as finally amended by Act XV of 1920. This right of the Bombay Municipality to benefit along with the other Municipalities and Local Bodies require the more to be asserted, in view of the fact, that the rules which were to be framed in respect of the financial responsibility of Government under Act XV of 1923 have not yet been laid down. If Government accept the view that the Bombay Municipality are entitled to benefit to the same extent, as the other Municipalities and Local Bodies are, under the Act of 1923, then this Municipality would stand to get half of the cost of education irrespective of any other limitations placed on it, by Government till now.

IDEA BEHIND RESOLUTION

By the resolution I am proposing to move in the Schools Committees, I wish that the question should be restarted and the Committee should prepare a case for the Corporation on the ground stated above, and the Corporation should be requested to move the Government and the Legislature to enact a law definitely laying down the respective liability of the Municipality and the Government on this great nation-building activity, viz., free and compulsory Primary Education, so far as this City is concerned.

END OF THE MONSOON.

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CHIEF SCOUT'S DAUGHTER HAS VILLAGE WEDDING

Miss Betty St. Clair Baden-Powell, younger daughter of Lord Baden-Powell, the Chief Scout, and Lady Baden-Powell, was married in the old village church Of Bentley, Hampshire, to Mr. Gervas Charles Robert Clay, District Officer in the Administrative Service of Northern Rhodesia. Mr. Clay is the elder son of Mr. and Mrs. Gerard Arden Clay of Albury, Surrey. The bride is 19 years of age and first met the bridegroom when she was returning to England with her parents and sister. Photo shows: The bride leaving her home at Pax Hill, Bentley, with her father, Lord Baden-Powell, for the wedding.

Mrs. J. Bolland who heads the ranking list among women tennis players.

MRS. BOLAND HEADS LIST OF WOMEN PLAYERS

CALCUTTA, Oct. 5.

The Ranking Committee of the All-India Lawn Tennis Association has issued the following ranking of the women players based on the 1935-36 season:

1. Mrs. Boland.
2. Mrs. McInnes.
3. Miss Leela Row.
4. Miss Harvey Johnstone.
5. Miss M. Woodcook.
6. Miss Rose Gibson.
7. Miss Laura Woodbridge.

The men's ranking will be issued shortly.

Ramillion has cabled to the All-India Lawn Tennis Association that he and Cochet will not be able to make the projected trip as Cochet is not coming to India. Ramillion is most probably coming out again as the guest of the Maharajakumar of Cutch, Vice-President of the A.I.L.T.A.

Dr. S. Chandrasekharan, nephew of Sir C. V. Raman, has been appointed Associate, Research Professor at the Chicago University.

RAJEN BABU'S HEALTH

Regrets His Inability To Visit Jharia

JHARIA, Oct. 6.

Expressing his inability to attend the Manbhum District Political Conference and the Annual Khadi Exhibition to be held on October 10th and 11th owing to the present condition of his health, Babu Rajendra Prasad has addressed the following letter to the organisers of the Conference and Exhibition:—

"It was my intention to be at Jharia about the time of the District Conference and the Annual Khadi Exhibition. But, unfortunately my health is such that it is not possible to make any programme. I have therefore to deny myself the pleasure of meeting old friends and seeing Jharia once against after the calamities it has been its misfortune to be visited by.

FLOOD HAVOC.

"I have a particular request to make. You know how the northern portion of the province has been devastated by successive floods this year. There has occurred an accumulation of stock of Khadi and I had been hoping that I would be able to reduce it to some extent by personally attending and selling at the Exhibition. That being impossible now, I have to request you to see that the sales are satisfactory and I hope you will not grudge this."—United Press.

CASE AGAINST STUDENT PILOT

Alleged To Have Flown beyond Prescribed Limit

SHEIKHUPURA, Oct. 6.

The interesting case under Indian Aircraft Act against pilot Raja Mohammed Fazal, a college student, was taken up yesterday in the court of the Additional District Magistrate.

Fazal is alleged to have flown beyond the prescribed limit without the permission of the ground engineer and committed breach of pilot rules by flying low and thereby destroyed the aeroplane belonging to the Northern India Flying Club.

It will be recalled that Fazal had come to Sheikhupura on solo flight on 20th March last and while gliding low in search of a landing place, he met with an accident in which the plane crashed and was burnt.

The case was adjourned to the 17th instant without recording any evidence.—United Press.

LECTURES ON SOCIALISM IN "SWARAJ BHUVAN"

ALLAHABAD, Oct. 5.

A series of lectures on "Socialism" under the auspices of the Allahabad Socialist Organization are proposed to be delivered in Swaraj Bhuvan for eight days between November 2 and November 9. Speakers' names as announced are Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, Acharya Narendra Dev, Mr. Jayaprakash Narain Shanti Dhaon, Mr. Sajjad Zaheer and Doctors Ram Manohar Lohia, Ahmed and Ashraf.

It is proposed to charge four annas per head as admission fees. —United Press.

Octroi Duty On Lahore Imports

LAHORE, (By Mail).

The Government propose to impose Octroi duty on certain types of articles and goods entering into Lahore Cantonment, by rail or road. The things subjected to this levy will be articles of food and drink, animals for slaughter, articles used for fuel, light and washing, articles used in the construction of buildings, drugs, gums, spices, perfumery and chemicals.—United Press.

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KUMTA RESIDENTS AGITATED

Proposal To Locate Liquor Warehouse In Heart Of Town Resented

(From A Correspondent.)

KUMTA, (By Mail.)

There is a great and just agitation in the Kumta Municipal town of the North Kanara district against the Excise plan to take over the old building of the Taluka office for the purposes of a liquor warehouse. Negotiations seem to be continuing for the transfer of the building to the Excise Department.

The old building is in the heart of the town and in the midst of respectable residential quarters and as such it is more appropriate to put the building to better and more sensible public use than for the location of a liquor warehouse.

There is greater need of a building for the local vernacular school and the Kanara District Local Board is understood to have requisitioned it in proper time.

The demand from the Excise Department seems to have come later, but the Kumta public is rightly afraid that preference may be given to it. The Board's claim deserves to be more sympathetically considered by the Government. Liquor warehouse and like Excise buildings do not require central locations.

The Minister of Excise and the Government of Bombay, should give heed to the cry of the public of Kumta.

The Local Board's requisition is just and its need of a building for a school house cannot be denied. The Collector must study the situation and advise the Government in proper time.

PARSI SUCCESSION BILL

Nizam Gives His Assent

(From Our Own Correspondent.)

HYDERABAD (Dn.), (By Mail).

According to the latest Hyderabad Gazette, His Exalted Highness the Nizam has given his assent to the Parsi Succession Bill, introduced by Raja Bahadur Justice Rai Bishweshver Nath to regulate the succession to the property among the Parsi subjects of the Hyderabad State, when property holders die intestate.

In the course of the preamble to the Bill it was stated by the mover of the Bill that the provisions of the Bill were drafted in consultation with certain prominent members of the local Zoarastrian Association. Unlike the law on this subject in British India, Hyderabad provides that sons of a deceased Parsi get double the share of the widow or daughters. Likewise where a Parsi woman dies intestate, her husband and children will share the property equally. In case where there is no issue, the property is to be divided among the next kin. The preamble adds, that on the suggestion of the Parsi Members of the Zorastrian Association, provisions have been made to the effect that when any heir to property under the Act has changed his or her religion such a person stands deprived of his or her share. In the case of the death of a widow, her children will share the property equally, and if any child of a Parsi intestate dies in the latter's life time, the widow or widower and the issue of such a child shall be entitled to such a share which that child would have received if living at the time of the intestate's death.

Provision is also made where a Parsi dies leaving a widow or widower, but no lineal descendant.

NEW SECTION TO PENAL CODE?

Preventing Slavery In Hyderabad

(From Our Correspondent.)

HYDERABAD, October 3.

The following communique regarding trade in slavery in the Hyderabad State, has been issued by the Government late in the evening:

"The reports appearing in the Press, that a Bill is to be shortly introduced by the Government to amend the Penal Code for ending the traffic in slavery, are likely to be construed as an indication that this iniquitous social system has hitherto been tolerated by H. E. H. the Nizam's Government. The fact is that slavery was abolished and made penal in this State simultaneously with other parts of India as is evident from the provisions of the Hyderabd Penal Code. The recent measure is designed merely to add to the Hyderabad Code the provisions of Section 371 of the Indian Penal Code, which relates to the habitual dealing in slaves."

The Andhra District Association of Mahbubnagar, felicitated Mr. Konda Venkat Ranga Reddy, on his being elected to the Hyderabad Legislative Council this evening, and hoped that Mr. Reddy would render much service in the Council, in getting various useful legislations passed.

Mr. Reddy arranged a dinner at his residence this night, when hundreds of guests including journalists were invited. This is the first occasion, when journalists of Hyderabad were invited for dinner, and it is hoped that the State authorities would follow suit when arranging such functions. It will be recalled that during the recent visit of the South African Delegation to Hyderabad, the Journalists were avoided from being invited to the State banquets etc.

JHABUA STATE WARNED

Present Policy Will Lead To Serious Consequences, Says Leader

(From Our Correspondent.)

DOHAD, Oct. 5.

The third special Jhabua States' Peoples Conference was held yesterday in the compound of Pratap Vyayamshala, Dohad under the presidentship of Jjt. Pranlal Munshi, Baroda Prajamandal leader.

Prominent among those who attended were Mr. Krishnakant Vyas, Secy. of the Jhabua States' Peoples Conference, Mr. Kamalashanker Pandya, Secy. of the Guiarat Congress Socialist Party, Mr. Kaluram Porwad, Secy. of the Reception Committee, Seth Phoolmal Magniram of Ranapur, Mr. Gendalal Maheshwari, Mr. Virchand Bhansari, Mr. Rakhabchand Ghodawat, Mr. Harilal Shah and Mr. Damodar Acharya, Secretaries of the Congress Committee, Mr. Ramanlal Seth and others.

Sjt. Ganesh Hariram Patel of Parbalia welcomed the President and about 200 delegates and narrated the woes of the Jhabua People under the Council Administration.

Seth Kaluram Porwad addressing the confrence traced the history of "the Jhabua misrule" and referred to the hunger-strike resorted to by Sjt. Kanaiyalal Vaidya, Seth Sobhagmaljee, Seth Vardechandjee and other state prisoners who are losing weight due to 25 days' hunger-strike. He said that political prisoners were handcuffed, not given writing materials, not allowed to see their pleaders, and generally maltreated.

Mr. Krishnakant Vyas moved a resolution censoring the present policy of the State Council administration and condemned the repressive regime of the State and warned the State authorities of the serious consequences that would follow if the present policy continued.

The president complimented the brave fighters of Jhabua State and appealed to the delegates to be firm and implement the resolutions. He deprecated that there was not a particle of liberty in the State. "Your grievances are just and must be redeemed and therefore you must organise."

Mr. Kamalashanker Pandya gave a detailed account of the happenings of the last 4 years and affirmed his faith in the solidarity of the masses which alone would fight against the injustices committed by the present administration.

Hold Inquiry

The following resolution was passed at a meeting held at Laloobhai Karsondas Hall, Ahmedabad to observe the Jhabua Day:—

"The citizens of Ahmedabad, here assembled, protest very strongly against the autocratic mis-rule prevailing in Jhabua State; support the demands of the people and sympathise with the hunger strike of the political prisoner. This meeting further requests the Paramount Power to hold an impartial inquiry of the repressive measures in order to give proper relief to the State subjects."

PLAN FOR UNIQUE EXHIBITION

Where Indian Arts, Industries And Culture Will Be Displayed

(From A Correspondent.)

CALCUTTA, Oct. 2.

In pursuance of the general scheme of celebrations of the Sri Ramakrishna Centenary, an Exhibition of Indian Arts, Industries and Culture will be held in Calcutta from 1st February, 1937, for a month.

The Exhibition will be divided into three sections (i) Religious and Cultural, (ii) Artistic, and (iii) industrial. The first two will, to some extent, be overlapping, naturally enough as early and medieval Indian art and mainly religious.

It is expected to exhibit specimens of Indian arts in original or in photograph from the earliest period as at Mohenjo-Daro and Harappa, down to modern times in the work of the revived Indian school, Indian religion, throughout its history, in its ritual and in the lives of its great men, its sacred books and temples, its messages and mottos, will be exhibited as far as possible. Representative specimens of Indian art will also be gathered together, in original and reproduction.

The Industrial section will concentrate itself on the handicrafts of India, but the manufactures of the country will also be represented. For further particulars and stalls enquire to the Secretary, Ramakrishna Centenary, 15, College Square, Albert Hall, Calcutta.

Arrested For Alleged Misbehaviour

(From Our Correspondent.)

POONA, Oct. 6.

Sergeant Breen, of the N. W. F. Cameron Scottish regiment, now on training at Poona, was arrested last evening by the railway police Poona for alleged misbehaviour in presence of some ladies in a railway compartment. The arrest was effected at the Poona Station.

Mr. Breen was later on handed over to military authorities.

Jinnah Charges Bengal Proja Party With "Breach Of Faith"

(Continued from page 16)

the names of their 15 representatives they shall be added to the number of the Board now constituted".

Before I left Calcutta the meeting of the Board so constituted was fixed for the 6th September again in consultation with Mr. Shamsuddin, Secretary of your Group, as he assured us all that he will be able to send the names of the representatives of the Samity as soon as possible.

"MISREPRESENTATION."

From the Press reports it seems that you issued a statement on the 1st September, 1936, before the Board could meet, which is not only full of misrepresentation but is offensive all round and in particular to your colleagues with whom you had agreed just a few days before to work. Again I find from the Press reports that you issued a statement giving the account of your walk-out on the 9th September, 1936, as President of the Nikhil Banga Proja Krishak Samity. Taking that statement of yours, it leads me to the conclusion that you have deliberately broken the solemn agreement to which you were a party because in your statement you say that you and your group insisted upon the question of the abolition of the Permanent Settlement. Not only that, but you insisted that all the members of the Board should accept and sign in toto the policy and the programme of the Nikhil Banga Proja Krishak Samity. These are words from your own statement:

"Before the proceeding commenced Mr. Shamsuddin, Secretary of the Nikhil Banga Proja Krishak Samity, asked and obtained the permission of the Chair to read out a statement containing the aims and objects and programme of the All-India Muslim League and the Nikhil Bonga Proja Krishak Samity, and declared that all gentlemen present must accept and sign the creed and programme so defined before the representatives of the Nikhil Banga Proja Krishak Samity, could consent to be party to further proceedings".

RAISING SAME ISSUE AGAIN

This, in my opinion, was raising the same issue over again, which was abandoned long before the Bengal agreement was arrived at, and constitutes a breach of faith. The Secretary of the All-India Muslim League Parliamentary Board, Bengal, has placed before me all the materials with regard to this controversy and he has drawn my attention to your conduct and attitude and so I am obliged to write this letter to you. It is strange indeed that neither you as the leader nor the Secretary of your group, has upto the present moment even shown the courtesy to draw the attention of the Central Board to the Controversy and the parts that you have played. You know that you are a member of the Central Board, and, I think, you owe, if not to me as President, to the Board, to have drawn their attention to any difficulty or difficulties that may have arisen before breaking up so abruptly the Bengal Muslim League Parliamentary Board and establishing a separate Board of the Nikhil Banga Proja Krishak Samity. You know that the Central Board has given me the power to deal with any member of the Board, who is disloyal or defies or commits a breach of fundamental principles and the policy and programme of the Central Board, to take such disciplinary action against him as may be necessary and also to remove his name from the membership of the Board. In the circumstances I call upon you to explain your conduct which is not only violation of the fundamental principles and the policy of the All-India Muslim League Central Board, but is not worthy of any Leader who really wishes to serve his people. —United Press.

Flying Officer Clouston, the last remaining airman in the South African Air Race crashed 120 miles south of Salisbury in Southern Rhodesia on Saturday night, and was thus robbed of the chance of qualifying for a handicap prize. He was within 500 miles of Johannesburg. Clouston was not injured, but the plane was badly damaged.

Inspection Of Civic Medical Institutions

Dr. Mehta Takes City Fathers Round Different Departments Of G. S. M. College

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Although 16 members of the Standing Committee and 22 members of the Medical Relief Committee were invited to the inspection of Seth Gordhandas Soonderdas Medical College and the King Edward Memorial Hospital by Mr. Mohanlal M. Desai, Chairman of the Standing Committee only four, including the Commissioner of Police and three members of the Medical Relief Committee went this morning to inspect the benevolent work these two institutions are doing for the City.

Since Mr. Mohanlal Desai came to the chair of the Standing Committee, he has made a practice of giving an opportunity to his colleagues to see the different departments of the Municipality functioning, so that they may fully understand, when discussing the Budget Estimates, whether the items of expenditure on each department are necessary or not.

Research Work At G. S. M. College

Those present this morning were:

Mr. Mohanlal M. Desai, Chairman, Mr. I. H Taunton, the Municipal Commissioner, Mr. J. W Rowland, Commissioner of Police, Mr. K. H. Goregaoker and Dr. A. J. Collaco. Dr. H. F. Pavri, Dr. Tendulkar, and Dr. E. Moses represented the Medical Relief Committee.

Dr. Jivraj N. Mehta took the members round the different departments of the Seth Gordhandas College and showed how the research work is carried on by the professors and also taught to the students preparing for M B. B. S. and other higher medical degrees. In the Museum there are many interesting varieties of physiological specimens. In brain section a variety of brains with different diseases were shown as well as diseased livers, kidneys, hearts and lungs.

Research Work In Diet

One important thing which impressed the members was the research work on diet. The boys of David Sassoon Reformatory and the boys of the Byramjee Jeejeebhoy Institution are examined for research work by the professors of this college. For this purpose their diet is weighed and measured and notes taken of the progress or otherwise made by them.

In the hospital, outdoor and indoor patient departments were shown. More than a thousand outdoor patients are attended to every day and more than five hundred indoor patients are under treatment. Although the normal accommodation is 350 indoor patients, the daily average is over 500.

Skin And Venereal Ward

The need for a separate ward for the treatment of patients suffering from venereal diseases having been felt ever since the opening of the Hospital, the Corporation decided in March 1928 to construct a ward over the Isolation Ward in the K. E. M. Hospital for the accommodation of skin and venereal cases.

The construction was taken in hand in November 1929 and completed in October 1930. The total cost of constructing and equipping the ward and of providing quarters for the nursing staff required for the ward will amount to about Rs. 45,000; the Governor's Hospital Fund contributing half the cost.

Although the skin and venereal ward has been constructed since October 1930, financial stringency would not permit its use for several years. Last year, however, the Corporation having decided to constitute the "Hospital Fund" by crediting the contribution received from the Hospital Maintenance Fund, etc., and to utilize the interest thereon to meet the annual recurring cost of the ward, it became possible to open it from last June. The annual cost of maintenance of the ward is expected to be about Rs. 10,500.

Seth Jamnadas Lallubhai Museum

In 1929, the Trustees of the Seth Jamnadas Lallubhai Charities offered a donation of Rs. 1,10,000 in Government Promissory Notes for the construction of a Hall for the Museum to be attached to the Seth G. S. Medical College on condition that the Museum was named after the late Seth Jamnadas Lallubhai and that the Municipality undertook to maintain it. This handsome donation was very much appreciated and was accepted with thanks by the Municipal Corporation under their Resolution No. 3024, dated the 24th July 1930 on the condition proposed.

The work of construction was started on 23rd May 1932 and completed on 31st October 1933.

The total cost of constructing and equipping the Museum amounts to Rs. 98,083; the amount raised by the sale of the Securities of Rs. 1,10,000 coming to Rs. 86,110. The Corporation bore the rest of the cost.

Grouping Of Specimens

The exhibition space in the museum comes to about 9,500 sq. ft. Over 1,000 specimens are at present housed in it.

All the materials and the apparatus in connection with the mounting of specimens is carried out in one of the side rooms of the Museum. The specimens are grouped in two parts, one for the use of the undergraduate students and teaching purposes, and the other for the demonstration of relatively uncommon pathological conditions which will be of use for post graduate study.

The specimens for the new Museum are prepard according to newly developed technique of proper preservation in natural colours. They are thoroughly studied and a system of cards for specimens giving a complete information about each specimen has been introduced with success.

Arrangements are being made to develop a medico-legal section and a public health section of the Museum, and also to display a number of disapositives of skiagrams taken at the hospital, illustrative of various pathological conditions.

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COMPANIES LAW AMENDMENT BILL

(Continued from Page 6.)

lowed by the Imperial Bank of India (their successor) and the Reserve Bank of India.

Is it not very strange that the salutary principle of appointing individuals as auditors which is recognised by the Law governing the Imperial Bank of India and the Reserve Bank of India is given a go-bye by the Law governing Joint Stock Companies?

The provisions of Section 144(1) of the Indian Companies Act, 1913 as amended by the Select Committee which are in the words following:—

144 (1) No person shall be appointed or act as an auditor of any company other than a private company "not being the subsidiary company of a public company" unless he holds a certificate from the Governor General in Council entitling him to act as an auditor of companies:

Provided that a firm whereof all the partners practising in India hold such certificates may be appointed by its firm—name to be auditor of a company, and may act in its firm-name.

are singularly at variance with the provisions of Section 50(1) of the Reserve Bank of India Act 1934, as aforesaid and Regulation 58 of Schedule II to the Imperial Bank of India Act, 1920 which is founded upon Section 47 of the Presidency Bank Act, 1876 to that effect which was founded upon Regulations 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90 and 91 of the Indian Companies Act, 1866 as aforesaid.

Shareholders' Difficulty

The rule is clearly established that the word "person" denotes an individual and does not include bodies of individuals whether corporate or not, since any such extended definition would be repugnant to the subject and context of the section. A firm is not a person. The Calcutta High Court has held that a partnership firm is not a person but merely a collective name of the individuals who are members of the partnership. (1923) 50 Cal. 549, 557, 558 "Seodoyal V. Joharmull." That being the state of Law, the proviso to sub-section 1 of Section 144 of the Indian Companies Act, 1913, which is new, was enacted by the amending Acts XIX of 1930 and I of 1932 so that a firm whereof all the partners practising in India hold the certificates as required by the said sub-section may be appointed by its firm-name to be auditor of a company and may act in its firm-name. The Law was altered to give legislative sanction to the practice of joint stock companies of appointing a firm by its firm-name to be auditor of a company, and to act in its firm-name, which had grown although it had no foundation in Law. Strictly speaking, it is the firm so appointed, and not the shareholders, who elect for and on behalf of the company one of the partners of the firm to be the auditor of the company. In the result the shareholders of the company have absolutely no voice in the election of such individual. They have no means whatsoever of knowing even the name of such individual. If they have any cause of action—civil or criminal, against the auditor of the company, they cannot proceed against the individual—the real delinquent or the real culprit but must necessarily sue the firm in the court having jurisdiction to try such suit or matter and/or make all the partners of the firm or some of them as the accused, at their own risk as to consequences, in the court taking cognizance of the offences committed under the Indian Companies Act, 1913 and/or the Indian Penal Code, 1860 with which they are charged.

In this connection Section 2 of the Indian Penal Code, 1860, may with advantage be referred to. It is in the words following:

2. Every person shall be liable to punishment under this Code, and not otherwise for every act or omission contrary to the provisions thereof, of which he shall be guilty within the said territories.

The words "every person" in this Section, in spite of Section 11 mean natural persons, and do not include juridical persons, such as corporations or firms. A crime, if committed by such a body, is, as a rule, only punishable as committed by such members of it as took part in the act.

A Stereotyped Reply

Whenever any shareholder institutes an inquiry as to the name or names of the partner or partners who attended to the audit of the Balance Sheet and the accounts of the company upon which such Balance Sheet is founded and the name of the partner who authenticated the signature of the firm on the original Balance Sheet he receives from the firm appointed to be the auditor of the company a reply in the stereotyped legal form following:—

"We have received your letter dated ..... but we regret it is not possible for us to communicate with each and every individual shareholder of each and every company of which we happen to be the auditors. We, therefore, decline to communicate with you on the subject referred to in your letter."

Supported by the armour-plates of Solicitors, the firm appointed to be the Auditor of the Company is in a position to hit out with impunity. The evil is hydra-headed and deep-rooted. Such a state of affairs is the direct result of the proviso to sub-section (1) of Section 144 of the Indian Companies Act, 1913 as aforesaid. The fact that the shareholders have no remedy at Law to compel the firm appointed to be the Auditor of the company to make such disclosure as aforesaid and must continue to be victims to the aforesaid inequities shows in all its nakedness the fundamental defect of the Law as regards the Appointment of Auditors.

Section 131(2) of the Indian Companies Act, 1913, as amended by the Select Committee imposes a duty and obligation upon every company—Public or Private to have the Balance Sheet and the Profit and Loss Account or Income and Expenditure Account audited by the auditor of the company as provided in Sections 144 and 145 of the Act. Public companies are required to appoint Registered Accountants who are Professional Accountants but Private Companies are not required to do so. It will thus be seen that while the legislators have taken one class of shareholders under their protecting wings, they have left the other class of shareholders altogether unprotected. Shareholders in Private companies require protection in the matter of the appointment of Auditors as much as shareholders in Public Companies, perhaps even more, since they are exposed to more risks.

Disqualification Of Auditors

A comparison of the provisions as regards the disqualifications of Auditors contained in sub-section 5 of Section 144 of the Indian Companies Act 1913 as amended by the Select Committee which is of considerable importance to the shareholders of joint stock companies and which is in the words following:—

Section 144(5) The following persons: that is to say,

i. A director or officer of the company; and

ii. a partner of such director or officer; and

iii. in the case of a company other than a private company "not being the subsidiary company of a public company", any person in the employment of such director or officer; "and"

"iv. any person indebted to the company."

shall not be appointed auditors of the company "and if any person after being appointed auditor becomes indebted to the company his appointment shall thereupon be terminated."

(words in quotation marks indicate the amendments proposed by the Bill as altered by the Select Committee).

with the provisions on the subject in Regulation 86 of the Indian Companies Act, 1866 which is in the words following:

The Auditors may be Members of the Company; but no person is eligible as an Auditor who is interested otherwise than as a Member in any Transaction of the Company; and no Director or other Officer of the Company is eligible during his continuance in office.

shows the fundamental defect in the Law as regards the Disqualifications of Auditors during the past 70 years.

Amendments Suggested

For the aforesaid reasons, I would strongly urge that Section 144 of the Act which is of vital importance to the shareholders and creditors of joint stock companies be amended in the manner following:—

(i) Delete the words "other than a private company not being the subsidiary company of a public company" after the word "company" in sub-section 1.

(ii) Delete the proviso to sub-section 1.

(iii) For sub-section 5, the following sub-section shall be substituted, namely,

(5) None of the following persons shall be qualified for appointment as auditor of a company—

(a) a director or officer of the company or its subsidiary company; and

(b) a partner of such director or officer; and

(c) any person in the employment of such director or officer; and

(d) any person related to such director or officer; and

(e) any person indebted to the company or its subsidiary company; and

(f) any person interested otherwise than as a member of the company or its subsidiary company in any transaction of the company or its subsidiary company; and

(g) any person who is acting as auditor of any subsidiary company of the company; and

(h) any person who is acting as auditor of the managing agent or agents of the company or ias subsidiary company; and

(i) a body corporate or a firm and if any person after being appointed auditor becomes subject to any of the disqualifications as aforesaid, his appointment shall thereupon *ipso facto* determine,

(iv) after sub-section 9, the following sub-section shall be inserted, namely:—

(10) If any default is made in complying with this section, the company and every auditor and every officer of the company who is knowingly and wilfully a party to the default shall be punishable with fine which may extend to five hundred rupees.

It will be admitted on all hands that the necessity and urgency of tightening up the Law governing joint stock companies and freeing it from the fundamental defects to which attention has been called in this and the previous articles, by amending Section 144 of the Act on the lines indicated by me, for granting the shareholders and creditors of such companies the much needed protection in that behalf, can neither be avoided nor postponed.

(To Be Continued.)

BREACHES ON MAIN BENGAL-NAGPUR LINE

Bombay Mail Diverted Via Asansol

The Assistant Transportation Officer, Chakradharpur, Bengal-Nagpur Railway wires under yesterday's date as follows:—

Breaches have occurred on the main line of the Bengal-Nagpur Railway at mile 278, between Rajganpur and Sonakhan and at mile 286 between Sonakhan and Garpos during the night of 4th and 5th October owing to flood.

Traffic was brought to a standstill and the 2 up Bombay Mail and the 14 up Howrah-Nagpur Passenger were detained at the Eastern end of the Bridge, and the 13 down Nagpur-Howrah Passenger at the Western end.

Passengers and their luggage from 2 up Bombay Mail were returned to Chakradharpur and diverted via Asansol 'en route' to Bombay.

It is hoped through running will be introduced by 12 noon on October 6th. Transhipment is as yet impossible owing to heavy current.—A.P.

MOVE TO STOP PANDIT'S FAST

Hindus Level Charge Of Suicide Attempt

CALCUTTA, Oct. 5.

To-day is the 36th day of the fast resorted to by Pandit Ramchandra Sharma with the object of stopping animal sacrifice before the goddess Kali in the Kalighat temple.

An interesting petition was filed to-day by the Hindu citizens before the Additional Chief Presidency Magistrate praying for prosecution of Pandit Ramchandra Sharma on a charge of attempting to commit suicide as the latter persists in the vow of killing himself by starvation until and unless animal sacrifice is stopped for good.

The Magistrate has passed orders directing the Police Commissioner to enquire into the matter and report.—United Press.

467 Copies Of 'Samyavadakior' Seized

ALLAHABAD, Oct. 5.

The local police seized yesterday 467 copies of the pro-Hindu publication "Samyavadakior", published by Mr. Bhupendra Sanyal.

The book had been proscribed. —United Press.

Secretary Of State Sued

HOSHIARPUR, (By Mail).

Ganshya Ram of Rabrian, Hoshiarpur district, formerly an engine driver of N. W. R. who was employed at Jullundur loco shed has sued the Secretary of State for India in the court of Mr. Maqbool Ahmed, sub-judge claiming Rs. 15,000 as damages, for having maimed his hand while on active duty thus disabling him for life.—United Press.

The Government of India have, it is understood, instituted an inquiry to investigate the problem of coal conservation and sand-towing. The following are the members of the committee:—Mr. L. B. Burrows, Commissioner, Burdwan Division, Chairman; Mr. J. Meckie; Mr. H. K. Nag; Mr. N. Barracklough and Mr. Walchand Hirachand, members. There will be an official secretary.

VITAL FOOD OF SOUL

Dholpur Ruler On What We Owe To Our Ancestors In Music

AJMER, Oct. 5.

The Secretary, All-India Music Conference wires:—

Opening the All-India Music Conference Lt.-Col. H. H. Maharajarana of Dholpur said:—

I have heard with interest of the recent efforts of music lovers in holding various conferences in the country, and our conference to-day will, I hope, justify itself in helping to vitalise this great and divine art. Music has been and will be the vital food of the soul. It sweetens human existence and comes as a balm to the sore soul of suffering humanity. In India I feel we shall never cease to lift our eyes to our ancestors who have left us this highly scientific art and our classical ragas stand to-day as proud sentinels of great achievement in this field of fine art.

I agree that lately we have not paid the attention that classical music deserves and have allowed what you describe as theatrical music to usurp its seat, but I honestly feel we are not the only ones to be blamed for this. The craving for rhythm has gone all over the world like a huge wave and in western countries also classical music has definitely suffered. I admit that rhythm has always occupied an important place, but it should not be allowed a place at the cost of music, because music to my mind is the soul and rhythm is the body.

I will say no more about this, as I know there are so many masters gathered here to advise us and show us the right way and an attempt by a layman like me will be trespass. Nevertheless, I feel happy that our home province of Rajputana, the old reservoir of ancient culture has again attempted to help the great revival of a great art.—A. P.

20 GRADUATES APPLY FOR POSTS OF POLICE CONSTABLES

LAHORE, Oct. 3.

An index of the seriousness of the unemployment problem in the Punjab is afforded in reports received from certain district head-quarters regarding the large number of applicants, many of them with good educational qualifications, for the posts of foot constables.

A report from Montgomery says that about 500 applicants, including nearly twenty graduates, appeared for the selection of five foot constables before the Superintendent of Police.

The six selected candidates included a B.A., LL.B.

In Sialkot 150 candidates, many of whom were at least matriculates had applied for six vacancies. Eleven candidates, were selected of whom six will be retained in the final selections. —A. P.

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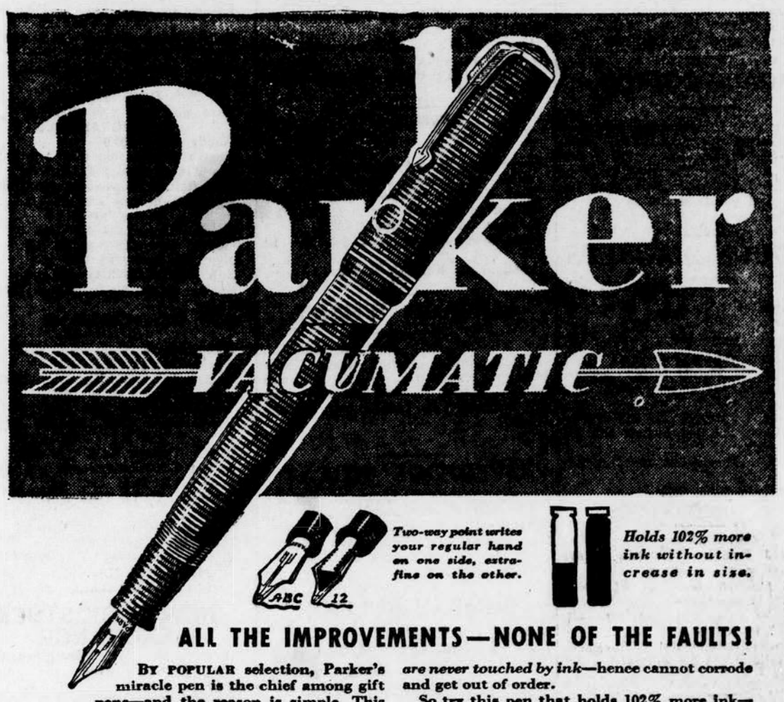

Two-way point writes your regular hand on one side, extra-fine on the other.

Holds 102% more ink without increase in size.

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3, Wittet Road, BOMBAY.

Latest Commercial News

NEW YORK COTTON 10 POINTS DOWN

Gold, Silver, Wheat And Rubber Firm

BOMBAY, Oct 6

On Tuesday cross rates ruled quiet.

NEW YORK COTTON EASY

New York cotton prices moved within a narrow range. Operators await the release of the next Bureau Report. The closing tone was easy.

BULLION FIRM

London gold and silver ruled firm.

WHEAT STRONG

Wheat was strong and so was rubber, metals were quiet but steady.

SECURITIES IN FAIR REQUEST

The London Stock Exchange was quiet in the absence of any important enquiry. Giltedged securities were in fair request.

COTTON

LATEST NEW YORK COTTON PRICES

MARCH 1937.

New York, Oct 6

Previous closing	11.99
To-day's opening	12.00
Difference	+.01
To-day's closing	11.89
Difference	—.10

LIVERPOOL COTTON

MARCH 1937.

Liverpool, Oct 6

Previous closing	6.60
To-day's opening	6.66
Difference	+06
To-day's closing	6.64
Difference	+04

BROACH EXPECTATION

April May ..... Rs. 219

N. Y. COTTON MARKET

New York, Oct 6

Cotton was moderately active on scattered trade and foreign buying with the demand for spot very active and the basis firmer but the enquiry generally continued slow with operators holding back pending the release of the Bureau Report. Weather continues somewhat unsettled.

Operations in March commenced at 12.00 i.e. 1 point higher than previous closing. Prices advanced slightly on better Liverpool and trade and foreign buying was subsequently prices gave way under scattered hedging and liquidation prior to the Bureau Report with March falling to 11.97 but the undertone kept steady.

New York cotton finally closed at 11.89 with a decline of 10 points for March delivery.

NEW YORK COTTON

New York, Oct 6

The following were the opening ranges:—

October (11.98/11.97) 12.03/12.02
December (11.94/11.94) 12.01/12.01
January (11.95/11.94) 12.00/11.99

LIVERPOOL COTTON

Liverpool, Oct 6

The following were the rates at 12-15 p.m.:—

American October (6.65) 6.70
American December (6.62) 6.67
Egyptian October (10.39) 10.46
Egyptian November (10.39) 10.46

BROACH COTTON

Bombay, Oct 6

Broach cotton for April May delivery moved between Rs. 220-4 and Rs. 219-12 at night. The rate at 10 p. m. was Rs. 219-12 with New York futures about 2 points down.

LONDON MARKETS

London, Oct 6

The rates at 3-30 p.m. were as follows.

METALS

Tin (£202 3/4 buyers £203 sellers. Steadiest) £202 1/2 buyers £202 3/4 sellers. Barely steady

Lead (£18 1/4 buyers £18 3/8 sellers. Barely steady) £18 1/8 buyers £18 1/4 sellers. Steady.

Electrolytic Copper (£44 to £44 1/2) £44 3/8 to £44 1/2

Glasgow Iron (£78) £78

LINSEED

Castorseed Bombay Oct-Nov £12 7/8 sellers) £12 7/8 sellers.

Linseed Calcutta Oct Nov (£13 5/16 sellers) £13 1/4 sellers

Linseed La Plata Oct. (£11 1/2 sellers) £11 7/16 sellers

Groundnuts Coromandal November (£14 3/8 sellers) £14 3/8 sellers

TEA

Indian Pekoe (0-11 1/2) 0-11 1/2
Indian Pekoe higher (1-2 3/4) 2-8
Ceylon Pekoe (0-11 1/2) 0-11 1/2
Ceylon Pekoe higher (2-2) 2-2

JUTE

New Crop October November (£17 3/16 sellers) £17 1/8 sellers

Dunlop October (£19 3/4) £19 3/4 sellers.

Lightning October (£18 1/4) £18 1/4 sellers

RUBBER

Spot (7 13/16) 7 7/8 paid and value

Forward January March (7 15/16) 8 paid and sellers

EXCHANGES

LONDON-NEW YORK CROSS RATE

Latest Quotations

T. T. NEW YORK ON LONDON

New York, Oct 6

Previous closing	4.91 13/16
To-day's opening	4.90 11/16
To-day's rate (at the time of New York cotton closing)	4.90 1/2

T. T. LONDON ON NEW YORK

London, Oct 6

Previous closing	4.91 3/8
To-day's opening	4.91 3/4
To-day's closing	4.90 13/16
Difference	—.00 9/16

FRANC RATE

London, Oct 6

Previous closing	105.25
To-day's opening	105.28
To-day's closing	104.96
Difference	—.29

LONDON EXCHANGES

London, Oct 6

London exchanges opened with the sterling dollar at 4.91 3/4 and then fell to 4.90 15/16 on selling pressure.

The sterling dollar cross rate closed at 4.90 13/16

Franc opened at 105.28 and then improved to 105.10 on better buying support.

The sterling franc cross rate closed at 104.96

SILVER CABLES

London, Oct 6

The following cable information was received from London to-night:—

"India bought. China sold. Market steady."

LONDON SILVER

	London, Oct 6 Price.	Price.
Spot	20 1/16d.	20 1/8d.
Forward	20 1/16d.	20 3/16d.

The market was steady

LONDON GOLD

London, Oct 6

Gold per fine ounce (£7-1-0 1/2) £7-1-7

DISCOUNTS

London, Oct 6

3 months (5/8 to 11/16 per cent) 5/8 to 11/16 per cent.

4 months (5/8 to 11/16 per cent) 5/8 to 11/16 per cent.

6 months (5/8 to 3/4 per cant) 5/8 to 3/4 per cent

CROSS RATES

London, Oct 6

3-30 p.m.

London on Bombay (1-6 1/8) 1-6 1/8
Paris on Bombay (7.957) 7.930
New York on Bombay (37.28) 37.22
Berlin on Bombay (0.92 5/8) 0.92 5/8
London on Milan (64.45) 93.25
London on Shanghai (1-2 5/16) 1-2 5/16
London on Kobe (1-2) 1-2

CHICAGO WHEAT

Chicago, Oct 6

Chicago wheat opened steady with December at 1.14 1/2. Prices improved on good outside demand and local buying influenced by bullish cables from abroad.

LIVERPOOL WHEAT

Liverpool, Oct 6

Liverpool wheat opened steady with October at 98 1/4 and December 91 3/8. The market was fairly steady on scattered buying influenced by steadier outside cables.

BOMBAY BULLION

Latest Quotations

Bombay, Oct 6

11-0 p.m.

	Rs	a.	p.
Silver ready	49	15	0
Silver 1st settlement	50	0	0
Silver 2nd settlement	50	2	0
Gold ready	35	0	6
Gold 1st settlement	35	0	6
Gold 2nd settlement	35	0	6
Sovereigns	22	1	0

BROWN BOLD LINSEED

May 1937 delivery.

(Through Bombay Grains and Seeds' Association).

Bombay, Oct 6

Rates at 11-0 a.m.	7	3	0
Rates at 12-0 noon	7	3	0
Rates at 3-0 p.m.	7	2	9
Rates at 6-0 p.m.	7	3	6
Rates at 8-0 p.m.	7	3	3
Rates at 10-0 p.m.	7	3	6

INDIAN STERLING LOAN

London, Oct 6

The 3 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan closed to-day at £99 1/4 as against the previous closing at the same rate.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London, Oct 6

3-30 p.m.

Industrials generally were strong and active. Otherwise there was less doing. Giltedgeds were firmer. Internationals and oils were rather undecided.

BRITISH FUNDS

2 1/2 per cent Consols (£85 7/8) £85 3/4

3 1/2 per cent Government Loan (£108 1/4) £108 1/8

4 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (£110) £110

5 per cent Indian Loan (£117 1/2) £117 3/8

3 1/2 per cent War Loan (£108) £108

4 per cent Victory Bonds (£115 3/4) £115 3/4

INDUSTRIALS

British Celanese 2nd Preference (19-1 1/2) 20-0

Marks and Spencer Ordinary (£4 3/8) £4 3/8

Hydro Electric (dol 9 5/8) dol 9 5/8

Musical Industries (22-6) 22-6

Princhin Johnson (49-0) 49-0

Imperial Chemical (40-6) 40-6

Imperial Chemical Ordinary (10-0) 10-0

Woolsworth New Ford (148-6) 148-6

Realisation 1930 (£91) £91

Dunlop Rubber (36-3) 36-9

Unilever Ordinary (38-10 1/2) 38-10 1/2

Ford Motors (35-10 1/2) 34-9

Cables and Wireless (£6 1/4) £6 3/8

British American Tobacco (130-0) 130-0

Carreas A (£10) £10

Imperial Tobacco Ordinary (£165 5/8) £165 5/8

P and O S N Company Defd (27-1 1/2) 27-1 1/2

Distillers (108-9) 108-9

Bredford Dyers (9-3) 9-7 1/2

British Celanese (10-1 1/2) 10-7 1/2

J and P Coates Ordinary (55-6) 56-9

Courtaulds Ordinary (55-1 1/2) 57-3

Fine Cotton Spinners (8-9) 9-1 1/2

Vickers Limited Ordinary (36-9) 37-4 1/2

Inter Nickels (£63 3/4) £63 3/4

Bengal Iron and Steel (8-3) 8-6

Tata Iron and Steel (£104 1/2) £104 1/2

INDIAN LOANS

London, Oct 6

3-30 p.m.

3 per cent New Indian Loan (£101 1/2) £101 1/2

3 1/2 per cent Indian (£99) £99

4 1/2 per cent Indian Stock 1950/55 (£117) £116 3/4

4 1/2 per cent 1958-63 (£119 1/4) £119 1/2

4 per cent Indian 1948/53 (£111 1/4) £111 1/4

5 per cent Indian 1942-47 (£115 1/2) £115 1/2

3 1/2 per cent New Indian 1954/59 (£107 1/2) £107 1/2

AUSTRALIAN LOANS.

5 per cent Australian Loan 1945-75 (£112 5/8) £112 3/8

TEA SHARES.

Assam Company (18-0) 18-0
Donaro Tea (42-0) 43-9
Empire of India Ceylon (28-0) 28-6

RUBBER SHARES.

Anglo Dutch Rubber (32-0) 32-0
Gula Kelampong (28-9) 28-9
Rubber Plant Inv Trust (33-0) 33-0

JUTE SHARES.

Barnagore (£10 1/2) £10 1/2

MINING SHARES

Nandy (60-0) 60-0
Burma Corporation (10-7 1/2) 10-7 1/2
Rio Tintos (£18 3/4) £17 7/8
East Rand Proprietors (69-3) 69-3
Rand Imam (£8 1/2) £8 1/2

MINE SHARES

Crown Mines (£14 5/8) £14 5/8
Gedule New (£9 5/8) £9 5/8
New Modders (39-4 1/2) 40-0
Sub Nigel (£11 3/4) £11 3/4
Spring Mines Split Shares (37-6) 36-10 1/2
Union Corporation (£9 £9

OIL SHARES

Venezuela Persian (47-6) 47-6
Anglo Iranian (92-6) 92-6
Burma Oil (101-3 Ex Div) 101-3
Mexican Eagle (30-0) 30-0
Shell Transport (113 1/8) 113 1/8
Royal Dutch (£39 1/4) £39 5/8

HOME RAIL SHARES

Royal Western (£58 1/4) £58 1/2
L and S Ordinary (£29 1/8) £29 1/8
L N E R Defd (£6) £6
Southern Dutch (£24 1/2) £24 7/8 £136
London Transport 'C' Stock (£102 1/2 Ex Div) £102 1/2
London Transport 'C' Stock (£104 3/4) £102 1/2 Ex Div.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

New York, Oct 6

The following were the opening rates:—

General Motor (dol 71 1/2) dol 70 7/8

Anaconda Copper Mining (dol 40 1/2) dol 41

U S Steel Common (dol 74 7/8) dol 74 3/4

U S Steel Preference (dol 140 3/8) dol 140 1/2

WHEAT AND LINSEED

Closing Quotations

Bombay, Oct 6

	Rs.	a.	p.
Wheat January 1937	5	7	9
Wheat May 1937	5	0	9
Linseed May 1937	7	3	3

Wheat and linseed steady.

SPECTACULAR ADVANCES IN STOCK EXCHANGE

Wall Street Firm

(SPECIAL CABLE)

LONDON, Oct 6

On the Stock Exchange the intensification of yesterday's strong demand in leading industrials resulted in numerous spectacular advances and such profit taking as appeared was promptly absorbed. Elsewhere markets were firm but rather quieter. Improvement in Chinese bonds reflected more hopeful interpretation of the Sino-Japanese situation.

In commodities rubber was firmly held and sellers were reserved. Wheat was very steady on bullish Australian crop estimates.

In Foreign Exchanges most currencies moved against sterling. Dollars and francs owing to the movement of funds for investment in Stock Exchanges, Guilders moving sympathetically.

Wall Street was firm.

INDIAN CENTRAL COTTON COMMITTEE

Facilities Offered For Training In Elements Of Spinning

The Publicity Officer, Indian Central Committee writes:—

As in the past the Technological Laboratory will admit this year two students for training in the elements of spinning and the routine methods of testing cotton fibre and yarn. The selected candidates will be expected to join on the 2nd January, 1937 and will conform to the Laboratory regulations regarding hours of work, etc. The course will normally last for a period of six months and a fee of Rs. 50 only will be charged for the full course.

Candidates desirous of admission should submit written applications to the Director, Technological Laboratory, Matunga, Bombay, so as to reach him not later than the 30th November, 1936.

LONDON SHARE QUOTATIONS

Bombay, Oct 6

Messrs. Lewis and Jones, Bombay, have received the following quotations by cable from their London Agents:

Names.	Latest prices. £		
Rosterman Gold Mining Ordinary	0	6	6
Guest, Keen and Nettlefold Ltd.	1	16	3
Turner and Newall	4	19	0
Associated Electric Industries	2	11	9
Attock Oil	0	15	6
Associated Portland Cement	5	9	0
International Automatic Telephone	2	8	9
American Rolling Mills Co	dol.	31.50	
Beira Railways	1	7	6
United Br Oilfields of Trinidad	0	13	9
Marconi International Marine	1	16	6
Western Union Telegraph	dol.	89.00	
General Electric Ordinary	4	10	6
Fairey Aviation Co Ltd	1	6	6
Perak Hydro Electric Ordinary	1	11	6
International Rlye of C America	dol.	6.75	
Malayalam Plantations	1	14	6
British Burma Petroleum	0	8	3
Soudan Plantation Syndicate Ordinary	2	5	9
British South Africa (Chartered)	1	8	6
Pahang Consolidated Ord	0	16	0
Indian Copper Corporation Ordinary	0	4	0
Brazilian Traction Light and Power	dol.	16.75	
American Radiator	dol.	22.75	
Timken Roller Bearing Co	dol.	65.75	
American Can Company	dol.	125.00	
General Foods Corporation	dol.	41.00	
British Treasury Bills (3 months)	0	10	6.07 p.c. p.a.
Capital Securities Trust Units	0	10	0

JUTE SHARES WEAKER

Less Interest In Coals And Teas

CALCUTTA, Oct 6

Jutes ruled weaker in sympathy with lower Jute and Hessian markets and the volume of business was also very much restricted. Coals showed less interest. Teas were devoid of any interest. In miscellaneous Iron and Steels kept fairly steady, while others were more or less unchanged. Government securities were steady. Following were the closing quotations:—

Government securities: Three per cent Government paper 91/8 small odd lot; three and half per cent Government paper 99/11; two and three fourth per cent new loan 1948/52 101/2/6; three and half per cent loan 1947/50 107/9/6; four per cent loan 1960/70 115/11; three per cent new U P Bonds 1961-68 100/5 small lot.

Banks: Imperial fully paid 1562; Imperial conty 388 small lot; Reserve Bank 138/8

Railways: Ahmadpur Katwa 99 cum div; Mymensingh Bhairab Bazar Rebate 100/8.

Coals: Burrakur 13/8 ex div; Mundulpore 5/11

Jutes: Albion 195; Anglo India 410/8; Agarpara 21/4; Howrah 51/2; Hukumchand pref 109; Kamarhatty 485; Standard 268/8.

Miscellaneous: Burma Corporation 7/10; Indian Copper Corporation 2/15; Patna Electric 18/8; Rawalpindi Electric 26; U P Electric 192; Bengal Iron pref 19; Bengal Irn ordy 6; Burn and Company seven per cent pref 144; India Steel and Wire Products ordy 153; India Steel and Wire Products defd 64/8; Indian Iron and Steel 13/12; Calcutta Safe Deposit 2/2 premium; Great Eastern Hotel 128; Midnapore Zemindary 79; India General Navigation ordy 102; Champaran suga r22/12; Gungaram Tea 270—A. P.

HEAVY SELLING IN WHEAT BY PUNJAB

(From Our Special Correspondent)

HAPUR, Oct 4

Earlier during the week under review the market was very strong on active European inquiry for near shipment and bullish manupulations for September delivery. But though a strong tone is still maintained prices have declined to the extent of one anna per maund towards the end on heavy selling by the Punjab commission houses and lower Liverpool cables. Favourable monsoon reports and the harvesting of Sawani crops are being ignored and the markets are largely under the influence of foreign markets. Never during the last seven years the market displayed so much export activity and so bullish a trend as at present and it looks almost certain that with a slight mishap to Australian and Argentine crops; prices will soar high. The following figures complied by the Institute of Agriculture; Rome would be studied with advantage.

STOCKS

The most recent estimates of the stock on August 1, 1936 in the exporting countries and of the quantities afloat indicate that the total amount of stocks; which has already been considerably reduced in 1934-35 contracted still further in the season which has just ended. They have declined from 503 to 383 million bushels and are thus at the beginning of the new season at the level normally recorded before 1929 crisis. Some of the figures for after years are:—

Stock of old crop of Wheat on Aug. 1. (In Million Bushels)	1931	1933	1934	1936
U. S. A.	355	408	306	174
Canada	140	219	204	128
Argentine	49	50	90	27
Australia	49	43	73	33
Afloat	38	32	35	21
Total	631	752	708	383

The small crop of 1936 will barely suffice to meet requirements and it will again be necessary to draw upon stocks. The margin betwee the exportable supplies of the 1936 crop and the import requirements of the year 1936-37, which is to be covered by the drawings upon the stock held on August 1 varies between 90 and 130 million bushels according to the following provisional estimates.

EXPORTS

Exportable supplies of 1936 crop. Canada 130 Argentine and Australia 200 to 220 U. S. S. R.; Danubian, N. African and other countries 110 to 130 million bushels. Total 440 to 480 million bushels.

Import requirements in 1936-37 European importing countries 420 million Non-European importing countries 150 million bushels. Total 570 million bushels.

KARACHI ERRATIC

The tone at Karachi ruled erratic and reflected the trend in the oversea markets. It still continues to be steady though as previously referred to, some reaction was confidently looked for last week in the prices and a decline of annas eight per candy has been recorded during the week under review. Trading during the week ending September 28 was on a very broad scale. Wheat exports amounted to 20115 tons; out of which 47000 bags are reported to have been shipped to the United Kingdom and 144300 bags to Port Said. This heavy outturn was hardly expected and had made Bazar sentiment everywhere hardened and stockholders reserve. This keenness of demand is attributed to further reduction in the European crop estimated and to the poor quality of the harvest; and it is believed that London will continue to take nterest in Indian wheat for sometime more and the tendency is likely to remain steady. The stock at Karachi is reduced to one lakh tons. Imports were on the increase during the week being 11187 tons as against 5757 tons of the previous one. The demand was fairly active.

CALCUTTA ACTIVE

Calcutta ruled quite steady towards the close and in the speculative section trading was specially active. Some of the big bulls have succeeded not only in preventing a set back but forcing an advance in the prices in the face of particularly favourable internal food crop prospects. The mofussil markets have also ruled very active. There have been some exports to Calcutta from eastern markets which had their stocks so far locked up.

ARRIVALS

Arrivals in the ports during the week ending September 26 were Calcutta 3848 Bombay 2116 and Karachi 11187 tons. Import and export figures for the three main British Indian ports according to the Indian Trade Journal for the period from April 1 to September 26 and for the corresponding period of 1935 are:—

IMPORTS IN TONS	1936	1935
Calcutta	114704	104419
Bombay	90737	81778
Karachi	245008	184305
EXPORTS TO FOREIGN COUNTRIES		
Calcutta	4	9
Bombay	701	651
Karachi	41771	2364
Coastwise exports to other Indian ports from Karachi	31443	49401

TENDERS FOR TREASURY BILLS

Tenders for Rs. Two Crores of three months' Treasury Bills were opened on Tuesday, the 6th October 1936. Total amount offered was Rs. 2,82,50,000. Tenders at Rs. 99-13-3 were accepted in full and those at Rs. 99-13-0 allotted approximately 81 per cent. Lower tenders were rejected. Total amount accepted was Rs. 2,00,00,000, the average rate of accepted tender being Rs. 0/12/- per cent per annum.

Tenders for Rs. Two Crores of three months' Treasury Bills will be received on Tuesday, the 13th October 1936. Successful tenderers should make payment on Friday, the 16th October 1936. Other conditions are as usual.

During the week ended the 2nd October 1936, Treasury Bills for Rs. 1,00,00,000 were renewed in favour of the Issue Department of the Reserve Bank of India.

SHIPPING NEWS

Imports And Exports

ARRIVALS

O. S. Kaisha's s.s. Borneo Maru of 4261 Reg. tons Capt. Y. Iwasaki arrived from Karachi with cargo of cotton scrap iron.

Lionel Edward's s.s. Thautenfels of 3924 Reg. tons Capt. H. Steuar arrived from Bremen via Hamburg, Antwerp and Port Said with passengers and general cargo.

Turner Morrison and Coy's s.s. Kohinnur of 3240 Reg. tons Capt. J. Murray arrved from Saurabaya via Java Ports, Galle, Colombo, Karachi, Cutch Mandvi, Cutch Kundla, Pore Bunder, Verawal with cargo of sugar.

DEPARTURE

F. F. Campbell and Coy's s.s. City of Johannesburg of 2583 Reg. tons Capt. A. Gardner sailed for Colombo, Madras, Rangoon and Calcutta with local same bottom cargo.

LOADING

The following steamers entered for loading on 6-10-36.

S.S. Hopecrest (Volkart Bros) for Java and American Ports via Alleppy and Colombo.

S.S. Silver Beech (Volkart Bros.) for American Ports via Karachi.

ALEXANDRA DOCK

BOMBAY, Oct. 6.

2 Clan Macvicar, 3621, Bhavnagar, 9-10 J. Finlay & Co.
3 Nirvana, 3765 Karachi 8-10 M. M. & Co.
4 Traunfels, 4679, Karachi, 8-10, L. Edward Ld.
6 Anyo Maru 5741, Japan 10-10, N Y Kaisha.
7 Trautenfels, 3924, Karachi, N. F. L. Edwards Ltd.
8 India, 4077, Marmagoa, 7-10, L. Triestino.
9 Britannia, 5281, Liverpool, 15-10 Grahams T. Co.
10 Saint Dunstan 3566 Durban 8-10 Grahams T. Co.
14 Tairea, 3756, Durban 14-10, M. M. and Co.
16 Jeypore 3209 Japan 10-10 M. M. & Co.

VICTORIA DOCK

3 Bamora 1870 P.-Gulf, -7-10, M. M. & Co.
4 Varela, 1926, Busrah, 8-10 M. M. and Co.

PRINCE'S DOCK

(A) Jalaganga 3080 Calcutta 9-10 Scindia S. N. Co.
G Oostcappelle 348 M'Coast 6-10, Merchant S. N. Co.

STEAMERS EXPECTED

FROM LONDON

Maloja 8-10, P & O S N Co.
Viceroy of India 12-10, P. & O. S. N. Coy.
Carthaye 15-10 P. & O. S. N. Coy.

FROM GENOA

Conte Verde, 7-10, Lloyd Triestino.

FROM NEW YORK

City of Johannesburg 5-10, F F Campbell and Co.
Pres. Van Buren 1-10, F F Campbell and Co.
Tampa 6-10, Lionel Edward.
City of Glasgow, 18-10 F. F. Campbell and Co.

FROM CHINA JAPAN

Taijin Maru 9-10 O. S. Kaisha.
Holland Maru 20-10 O. S. Kaisha.
Hamburg Maru 24-0 O. S. Kaisha.
Allpore, 6-10, P. & O. S. N. Co.
Toyama Maru 16-10, N. Y. Kaisha

FROM BASRA.

Barala 8-10, M. M. and Co.
Vasna, 10-10 M. M. and Co.

FROM SAN FRANCISCO.

Hopecrest 6-10, Volkart Bros.

FROM CALCUTTA

Jalapadma 14-10 Scindia S. N. Co.
Garbeta 13-10 M. M. and Co.

SAILING DATES

FOR LONDON

Narkunda 10-10, P & O S N Co.
Viceroy of India 17-10 P. & O. S. N. Co.
Mongolia 24-10 P. & O. S. N. Co.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

City of Hongkong 19-10 Killick Nixon and Co.
Britannia 15-10 Grahams T. Coy.
Elysia 1-10, Graham Trading Coy.

FOR NEW YORK

Pres. Polk 30-10 F. F. Campbell and Co.
City of Glasgow 21-10, F. F. Campbell & Co.
Pres. Garfield 16-10, F. F. Campbell & Co.
Silver Beech 7-10 Volkart Bros.

FOR CHINA & JAPAN

Muraran Maru 16-10 N. Y. Kaisha.
Borneo Maru 8-10 N. Y. Kaisha.
Anyo Maru 10-10 N. Y. Kaisha.
Conte Verde 14-10, Lloyd Triestino.
Burdwan 12-10, P. & O. S. N. Coy
Tokiwa Maru 3-10, N Y Kaisha.
Woyo Maru 5-10, O S Kaisha.

FOR GENOA

Carnero 26-10 Lloyd Triestino.
Conte Rosso 13-10 Lloyd Triestino.

FOR BASRA.

Varela 8-10 M. M. and Co.
Bamora 7-10 M. M. and Co.

FOR DURBAN.

Tairea 14-10, M M and Co.
Kenya 30-9 M M & Co.

FOR SYDNEY.

Maloja 9-10, P & O S N Co.

FOR GENOA.

Conte Rosso 13-10 Lloyd Triestino.
Carnero 26-10, Lloyd Triestino.

FOR KARACHI.

Traunfels, 4-10, Lionel Edward.
Trautenfels 12-10 Lionel Edwards.
Ellora, 29-9 M. M. & Co.

GENERAL LANDING DATES

S.S. Anyo Maru	3-10-36
S.S. Smatra	3-10-36
S.S. Pres. Van Buren	3-10-36
S.S. Nardana	5-10-36
S.S. Oostcappelle	5-10-36
S.S. Varela	5-10-36
S.S. Ellora (boats)	5-10-36
S.S. Parvati (boats)	5-10-36
S.S. Sonavati	5-10-36

IMPORTS

S.S. Hespredes Agents I F. & Co. from Liverpool:—127 bags mixed P. goods, 15 cases glue case powder, 104 cases Lead plates, 12 cases Accumulators, 40 cases Gin, 400 L/s. Cement pipes, 23 cases Pulley, 100 packages San. E. Ware, 98 cases Whisgy, 59 cases Ring frames, 28 bundles spring steel, 10 bags magnesia, 38 L/s. steel axles, 24 drums Chloride of zinc, 481 L/s. Tyres and Tubes, 86 L/s. C. I. Cisterns, 863 cases Jelo hoops, 15 bags Ropes 50 key. Hyposulphate of Soda, 200 cases M. S. Wire, 50 bags newspapers, 71 bundles M. S. Piping, 29 cases Biscuits, 75 bundles steel fish plates, 100 drums Nitrate of Soda, 48 drums zinc chloride 132 drums lub oil, 298 cases cottons, 565 bags old news, 10 drums selcate of soda, 48 cases Tles, 13 cases Ink, 26 bundles Iron tubes, 147 bags crude asbestos, 50 cases fruit cardeals, 21 rolls B.R.C. fabric, 630 cases condensed milk, 31 cases colour, 1015 bundles steel hoops, 15 cases healds 285 cases machinery and parts, 638 bags cotton p. goods.

From Glasgow:—180 cases Beer, 35 drums lub oil, 103 cases cut nails, 25 cases wine, 418 cases whisky 82 cases cottons 35 cases provision and stores, 27 drums boiler fluid, 314 cases sewing machines, 138 bundles Tyres and tubes, 5,000 bundles fire bricks, 158 bundles old newspapers.

EXPORTS

S. S. Britanio for Liverpool:—660 bags gr. oil cake H. Rawji and Co., 30 bags cotton T. waste B. Bros. & Co.

Glasgow:—30 bags cotton T. waste B. Baras & Co., 2668 bags gr. oil cake A. Oomerbhoy

City of Barecelona for Manchester:—4,000 bags myrabollams, C. Jivanlal & Co.

For Liverpool:—9,100 packets myrabollams C. Jivanlal & Co.

S. S. India for Osaka:—51 bags Castor oil, Bharat Oils Mills.

For Venice:—50 bags cotton, G. K. Kaisha. 220 bags cotton Volkart Bros.

For Trieste:—137 bags cotton Volkart Bros.

S. S. Trautenfels for Antwerp:—1,200 packets myrabollams G. Mathradas & Co. 1,000 packets myrabollams K. Tricomji & Co.

For Antwerp, Rotterdam, Hamburg:—

For Oporto:—2730 bags gr. oil cake. H. Rawji & Co., 100 bags Talc powder D. Abrahams & Sons.

For Rotterdam:—3380 bags Linseed oil cake. H. Rawji & Co., 400 packets myrabollams K. Tricomji and Co.

For Amsterdam:—500 baks Talc. powder D. Abraham & Co.

For Hamburg:—55 bags cotton. B. Harakchand and Co.

S.S. Silver Beech for Baltimore:—1,600 bags City byrabollams G. Mathradas & Co.

For New York:—4,000 bags myrabollams C. Jivanlal & Co.

For Norfolk 3,440 bags myrabollams, K. Tricomji & Co.

S. S. Borneo Maru for Yokohama:—289 bundles Tin clipping, Burmah Shell.

For Kobe:—50 bags cotton G. K. Kaisha.

For Kobe option Osaka:—1050 bags cotton. Japan Cotton T. Co.

For Nagasaki:—50 bags cotton G. K. Kaisha, 300 bags cotton R. Kanji & Co.

S. S. Anyo Maru for Moji:—200 tons steel scrap G. Gabriel.

For Kobe:—525 bags cotton R. Kanji & Co., 18 bags cotton G. Dassa & Co.

For Kobe Option Osaka:—1,500 bags cotton, Japan Cotton T. Co.

Cotton Operators Await Bureau Report

PEAK OF MOVEMENT REACHED

World-Wide Improvement In Trade

GENERAL FEELING BULLISH ON STRONG STATISTICAL POSITION

BOMBAY, Oct. 6.

Pending the U. S. Cotton Bureau report which is due to be out on Thursday, cotton markets have adopted a waiting attitude.

Strong statistical position justifies higher prices and trade buying is absorbing hedges.

There is a decided improvement in world trade and the general feeling remain bullish. The average estimate of the members of the New York Cotton Exchange is 11,347,000 Bales.

On Monday the New York cotton futures market opened barely steady and declined on hedge selling and liquidation due to very favourable weather at the week-end

TRADE BUYING.

Prices later rallied on trade buying with orders quite evently matched and undertone was steady.

SHORT COVERING.

Spot demand was active with basis firm. Textiles were quiet but the market kept very steady with short covering.

BUREAU REPORT.

Operators are awaiting the Bureau report due on Thursday. The average estimate of N. Y. Cotton Exchange members is 11,347,000 Bales. Large estimate figure is discounted.

LANCASHIRE BETTER.

There is a world-wide improvement in trade and cotton trade is gaining ground. Lancashire is doing well.

N. Y. MARKET.

The New York cotton futures market opened at about the lowest level of the day at 11.94 for March. There was scattered selling which was absorbed by a slow

GOOD UNDERTONE.

The market displayed good undertone and at last short covering raised prices by 6 points and March was quoted 12.00 which was the highest level. The market closed at a net rise of 3 to 5 points. Spot cotton prices improved 3 points at 12.48c.

N. O. MARKET.

The New Orleans cotton futures market was fairly steady and closed unchanged to 2 points up. Spot cotton prices were unchanged at 12.37c. per lb.

LIVERPOOL COTTON.

The Liverpool cotton futures market opened at a decline of one point with March 6.60. The market was quiet but steady.

STRADDLE SELLING.

Later on there was straddle selling and hedging which met with trade calling and the market closed at a decline of one point. Middling American spot cotton prices were reduced 7 points at 6.90d.

INDIAN COTTON.

East Indian cotton futures were quiet and closed at a decline of one point. At the close October was 5.44, January 5.41 and March 5.42.

SAKELS FUTURES.

Sakel futures were steady with a slightly better inquiry, and closed unchanged to 3 points up. Spot cotton prices advanced 3 points at 10.59d.

UPPERS QUIET.

Upper Egyptian cotton futures were quiet with scattered selling and closed at a decline of 2 to 3 points. Spot cotton prices were unchanged at 7.54d. per lb.

ALEXANDRIA MARKET.

There were increased offerings in Alexandria market which depressed prices. Sakels lost 9 to 10 points and Ashmouni futures were 9 to 21 points down.

PRIVATE CABLES

N. Y. March Highest (2-52 p.m.)	12.00+04
N. Y. March Lowest (10 a.m.)	11.94—02
Liverpool March Highest	6.61
Liverpool March Lowest	6.60—01

Messrs Patel Brothers have received the following cable from their Liverpool Agents:—

New York: Steady fixing versus fewer hedges.

Messrs. Chunilal Mehta and Co., Ltd. have received to-day the following cable information from their Foreign Friends:—

Liverpool.—Notwithstanding weather is favourable for picking, market quiet and steady. Lancashire yarn trade is improving.

Liverpool.—Quiet, steady and featureless market awaiting Bureau Report on Thursday next.

New York.—Smaller volume of business, awaiting Bureau. Trade fixations absorbed light hedges.

New York.—Average of Members of the New York Cotton Exchange estimate crop at 1,13,47,000 bales. Larger crop estimates discounted. Support by good trade buying.

Messrs. E. J. Schwabach and Co., have received the following cable:—

World wide trade conditions improving. Trade interests absorbing hedge sales. Think statistical position justifies higher prices.

NEW YORK COTTON.

New York, Oct. 5.

December	12.02+03
January	12.00+04
March	11.99+03
May	11.96+04
July	11.85+05
Middling Spot	12.48+03

NEW ORLEANS COTTON

New York, Oct. 5.

October	12.02
December	11.98+02
January	11.95
Middling Spot	12.37

11-00 a.m.—

December	11.96/11.97
January	11.93/11.93
March	11.94/11.94

Noon Call.+

December	11.98
March	11.94

NEW YORK COTTON DAILY STATISTICS.

New York, Oct. 5.

	Bales.
Day's Receipts at all U. S. Ports	65,000
Day's Exports to Great Britain	9,000
Day's Exports to the Continent	46,000

EGYPTIAN COTTON.

Liverpool, Oct. 5.

F.G.F. Sakellaridis:—

October	10.37
November	10.37
January	10.10
March	9.91
May	9.71
July	9.55
August	9.55
Middling spot	10.59

INDIAN COTTON.

Liverpool, Oct. 5.

BROACH—	
Fully Good (Good staple)	5.65
Fine (Good staple)	5.80
Superfine (Good staple)	5.95
OOMRA—	
Fine, (No 1 staple)	5.66
Superfine (No 1 staple)	5.81
Choice (No 1 staple)	5.96
BENGAL—	
Good	4.55
Fully Good	4.65
Fine	4.77

LIVERPOOL COTTON.

Liverpool, Oct. 5.

October	6.65—01
November	6.63—01
December	6.62—01
January	6.62+01
February	6.61—01
March	6.60—01
April	6.57—01
May	6.55—01
June	6.52—01
July	6.49—01
August	6.34—01
September	6.25—02
October	6.90—07

To-day's 10-12 a.m. quotations.—

October	
January	6.61
March	6.60

NEW YORK COFFEE

New York, Oct. 5.

Fair Rio Coffee (No 7 quality) 7 1/2

LINSEED OIL

London, Oct. 5.

Linseed Oil, naked London per cwt. Oct. sellers	24/3
Linseed Oil, naked London per cwt. Nov-Dec. sellers	24/3

BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay, Oct. 6.

Following a small improvement of 3 points in New York cotton futures, the local market opened to-day at Rs. 220 for Broach A/M. delivery and with a limited turn over prices fluctuated within a narrow range of annas four only. Local operators are awaiting the Bureau report.

Liverpool market was due to open at a rise of 2 points but the market opened at a rise of 5 points which influenced better enquiry in the local market and prices improved. The market closed at 5-30 p.m. as under:

Broach A-M	220	8	0
Oomra D-J	197	0	0
Bengal D-J	157	0	0

Ready Cotton Quotations

Bombay, Oct 6

C P 1 Fine	209/211
C P 2 Fine	204/206
Arvi Fine	204/206
Ellichpur Fine	203/204
Berar Fine	202/204
Khamgaon Fine	202/204
Mulkapur Fine	200/202
Khandesh Fine	198/200
Jalna Sailu Fine	198/200
Burwah Sanavad Fine	201/203
Mathia Fine	179/184
Broach	220/222
Dhollera	210/215
Punjab American	208/215
Sindh American	208/215
Cambodia	265/270
Compta	208/213
Westerns	208/213
Miraj	210/215
Jagadia Ankleshwar	244/248
Surat	250/252
Navsari	260/262

Indian Cotton Figures

Bombay, Oct 6

RECEIPTS INTO BOMBAY Since 1st Sept.

In full-pressed bales

	2 days.	This year.
Khandesh	11	62
Central India	...	3,276
Barsi and Nagar	30	934
Hyderabad Gaorani	...	211
Berar	5	2,784
Central Provinces	...	509
Total Oomras	46	7,776
Dholera	...	766
N W Provinces	...	353
Rajputana	...	509
Sind-Punjab	162	3,018
Broach	...	447
Coompta and Dharwar	51	2,870
Westerns Northerns	...	2,119
Tinnevelly and Cambodia	...	408
Persian	...	5
American	...	914
Egyptian and African	4	9,015
Comilla, Burma and other sorts	1	1
Total	284	28,201

Exports From Bombay

1st Sept to 1st Oct.

In full-pressed bales

	Yesterday.	This year.
Europe	1,225	11,474
Japan and China	2,830	30,749
Coast Ports	...	418
Up-country by Rail	...	13,550
Afloat in harbour for Europe, China and Japan	...	2,626
Total	4,055	58,817

American Cotton Figures

F P Bales	1936-37	1935-36
Receipts to date 5-10-36	1883000	1832000
Receipts yesterday 5-10-36	65000	58000
Exports to date 5-10-36	879000	824000
Stock at Ports 2-10-36	1995000	1920000
Stock at Interior Towns 2-10-36	1831000	1784000
Stock at Liverpool 2-10-36	763000	445000
Visible Supply 2-10-36	4613000	4571000
Quantity in sight. 2-10-36	3176000	3019000
Quantity out of sight 2-10-36	1615000	1554000

High & Low Cotton Prices

Bombay, Oct. 5.

Broach A/M. 1937 Op. 219 1/2; Highest 219 1/2; Lowest 218 3/4; Closing 219.

Oomra D/J. Op. 196 3/4; Highest 196 3/4 Lowest 195 3/4; Closing 195 3/4.

Bengal D/J. Op. 156; Highest 156; Lowest 155 1/4; Closing 155 1/2.

T/Mandi for Broach A/M. Settlement (21-10-36) Rs. 6

T/Mandi for Broach A/May (31-3-37) Rs. 18 1/2.

Cotton Arrivals

Receipts into Bombay on 3rd October	668
Receipts into Bombay to date since 1-9-1936	27,917
Receipts into Bombay same time last season	40,230
Decrease	12,313

Osaka Sampin

Osaka, Oct. 6.

October	213.80+20
December	208.00—30
January	206.70
February	206.00
April	206.20+20

Cotton Straddles

APPROXIMATE DIFFERENCES.

New York—Liverpool:—
Jan. 160 May 150 at Cross Rate 4.91 13/16

Bombay—Liverpool:—
Broach A/M. 1937 220—Liverpool May 6.57 Rs. 66 1/4 at Exchange 1/6.

Bombay—New York:—
Broach A/M. 1937 220—New York May 11.96 Rs. 50 1/4 at Cross Rate 4.91 13/16.

LONDON PRODUCE

London, Oct. 5.

Wheat Rozario Santa Fe Jan-Feb. paid	35
Wheat Barletta Russo Jan-Feb. sellers	34/10 1/2
Wheat South-Australian Oct sellers	40/6

MONEY AND EXCHANGES

Bombay, Oct. 6.

B C RATES—	
T T D D	1/6 1/32
LONDON—	
Banks selling T T D D Oct December	1/6 3/32
Banks buying T T	1/6 5/32
Banks buying D D 1/6 5/32 3/16 Jan on	
Banks buying 3 mos 1/6 3/16 7/32 Jan on	
NEW YORK—	
B C Rate T T	272 1/2
Banks selling T T	270 1/2
Banks buying T T	268
PARIS—	
Banks selling T T	787
Banks buying T T	802
JAPAN—	
Banks selling T T	77 1/2
Banks buying T T	77 1/8
AMSTERDAM—	
Banks selling D D	69 1/2
JAVA—	
Banks selling D D	69 1/8
HONGKONG—	
Banks selling D D	83 1/2
SHANGHAI—	
Banks selling D D	80 3/8
SINGAPORE—	
Banks selling D D	158 1/4
BERLIN—	
Banks selling D D	91 1/2
CROSS RATE—	
New York/London 5th instant	4.91 3/4
Japan/London 6th instant	1/2 1/32
Java/London 6th instant	9.29 3/4
Hongkong/London 6th instant	1/3
Shanghai/London 6th instant	1/2 3/8
London/Paris 5th instant	105.25
London/Belgium 5th instant	29.24
London/Switzerland 5th instant	21.40 1/2
London/Berlin 5th instant	12.23
London/Stockholm 5th instant	19.39 1/2
London/New York 5th instant	4.91 3/8
London/Amsterdam 5th instant	9.34 1/2

Tone of Sterling Exchange:—Steady.

Gold 3rd instant £7-1-0

TATA IRON PRODUCTION

Messrs. Tata Sons, Ltd., Agents for the Tata Iron and Steel Co., Ltd., report that the total approximate production of Iron and Steel at the Steel Works at Jamshedpur during the month of September, 1936 was:—

	Tons.
Pig Iron	68,574
Steel Ingots	75,833
Finished Steel	55,550

Gold 5th instant	£7-1-0 1/2
Silver London Ready 3rd instant	20 1/16
5th instant	20 1/16
Silver London Forward 3rd instant	20 1/16
5th instant	20 1/16
Silver New York Ready. 3rd instant	45
5th instant	45
London Discounts 3 Mos 3rd instant	11/16 p.c.
5th instant	5/8 p.c.
London Discount 6 Mos 3rd instant	3/4 p.c.
5th instant	3/4 p.c.
Reserve Bank Rate	2 p.c.
Bank of England Rate	2 p.c.
Money:— Call	1/2 p.c
3 Mos.	3/4 p.c.
6 Mos.	1 p.c.

Tone:—Easy.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London, Oct. 5.

Rupee Paper, 3 1/2 per cent	£73 1/2
Indian Stock, 3 per cent 1948 or later	£88
Indian Stock 3 1/2 per cent 1931 or later	£99 1/4
Indian Stock 4 1/2 per cent 1950/55	£116 1/2
Consols 2 1/2 per cent	£85 7/8
Conversion Loan 3 1/2 per cent 1961	£108 1/4
War Loan 3 1/2 per cent 1952	£108
Funding Loan 4 per cent 1960/69	£117 3/8
Victory Bonds 4 per cent	£115 3/4
Chartered Bank of India Australia and China	£15 1/4
Hongkong and Shanghai Bank (London reg.)	£101
National Bank of India	£45 5/8
P and O Banking Corporation	£10

LONDON DISCOUNT RATES.

London, Oct. 5.

Bank Bills 3 months market rate 9/16 per cent to 5/8 per cent.

Bank Bills 6 months market rate 5/8 per cent to 3/4 per cent.

Fine Trade Bills 3 months market rate 2 per cent to 2 1/2 per cent.

Fine Trade Bills 6 months market rate 2 1/2 per cent to 3 per cent.

Interest Day to Day Loan 1/2 per cent to 1/2 per cent.

Interest 7 Days Market Loan 1/2 per cent.

LONDON EXCHANGES.

London, Oct. 5.

T. T. London on:—

New York (Closing rate)	4.91 3/8
Paris	105.25
Berlin	12.23
Madrid	nominal 53.00
Amsterdam	9.34 1/2
Brussels	29.24
Berne	21.40 1/2
Prague	unquoted

LONDON SEEDS.

London, Oct. 5.

Linseed La Plata Hull C.I.F. Oct sellers	£11/10/0
Linseed Calcutta London C. I. F. Oct-Nov. sellers	£13/6/3
Linseed Bombay London C. I. F. Oct-Nov. sellers	£13/10/0
Rapeseed Toria Hull-Cont. C. I. F. Oct-Nov. sellers	£12/17/6
Castorseed Bombay Hull C. I. F. Oct-Nov. sellers	£12/17/6

GOLD AND SILVER

Bombay, Oct. 6.

Yesterday London gold prices improved 1/2d to £7-1-0 1/2. London/Paris cross rate declined 18 points at 105.25 and Dollar-Sterling rate was placed at 4.91 13/16. London silver prices were unchanged at 20 1/16d. There was Indian buying and Chinese selling. Montreal prices were unchanged and Shanghai T. T. on London was quoted to-day at 1.2 11/32.

The local market was fairly steady with a slightly better enquiry for silver but in gold there were sellers at the rise which kept prices down.

GOLD—			
Ready	35	0	0
Aso	35	0	0
Kartak	34	15	9
SILVER—			
Ready	50	0	0
Aso	50	0	0
Kartak	50	1	6

LONDON SILVER

London, Oct. 5.

Spot	20 1/16
Forward	20 1/16

GOLD.

London, Oct. 5.

Gold Bars Fine per oz. £7-1-0 1/2

Bombay Metals

Bombay, Oct 6

London market—			
Standard copper cash (buyers)	£39	15	0
Standard copper 3 months	£39	17	6
Electrolytic copper	£44	10	0
New York—			
Blue Eagle	9.85 cents.		
Non-Blue Eagle	9.95 cents		
Bombay market—			
Yellow metal sheets	Rs. 33	4	0
Copper sheets	Rs. 41	0	0

Tone: Firm.

Produce Receipts

Bombay, Oct 6

Wheat	6,327 cwts.
Linseed	22 cwts.
Rape, Rai and Mustard seeds	72 cwts.
Gingellyseed	355 cwts.
Poppyseed	97 cwts.
Groundnuts	307 cwts.
Rice	14,166 cwts.
Myrabollams	418 cwts.
Cottonseed	1,135 cwts.
Gram	880 cwts.
Bajree	470 cwts.
Indian sugar	6,838 cwts.
Coal	1,212 tons.

Liverpool Wheat

Liverpool, Oct 5

October	97 3/4d.
December	97d.
March	91 7/8d.

Chicago Wheat

Chicago, Oct 5

December	dol. 1.13 3/4
May	dol. 1.12
July	dol. 0.97 5/8

Bombay Sugar

Bombay, Oct 6

Ready Javas	Rs. 13 8 0
Shipment Sept	Rs. 3 9 6
Shipment Oct Dec	Rs. 3 11 0
Shipment Jan Mar	Rs. 3 10 6
Kesar	Rs. 13 0 0
Saraya	Rs. 13 0 0
Java Spot	F. 4.20

BOMBAY COTTON STATISTICS

Receipts from 1st September 1936 to 1st October 1936 27,050

Same period last year 35,790

Exports from 1st September 1936 to 1st October 1936:

	1936-37	1935-36
United Kingdom	1,226	1,584
Continent	10,218	26,939
China	2,000	1,500
Japan	28,749	44,421
Coast Ports	418	1,470
U. S. A.	30	75
	42,641	75,989

Total Exports by Rail from 1st September 1936 to 1st October 1936 13,550

Estimated Mill Consumption in Bombay from 1st September 1936 to 1st October 1936 60,376

Same period last season 62,832

Estimated stock of raw cotton held by Exporters, Dealers and Mills on 1st October 1936 694,182

Same time last season 450,633

WHEAT SITUATION BULLISH

Bombay, Oct 6

"Owing to the large stocks of wheat in U. P. having not moved in consequence of high rail freights, the public are diffident in following advances. The Liverpool market was steady on continued reports of dry weather in Australia and smaller private crop estimates. The total European supply at present including the carryover is estimated at 138 million quarters against 166 million in 1935 and 175 million in 1934. Sentiment in Liverpool continues to be bullish and seems likely to remain so till the Australian and Argentine crops are made and commerce to move. It must be remembered, however, that Australian wheat this year is banned in Japan and the Argentine acreage is expected to be much larger than the provisional Government estimate. The crop is progressing well and since U. S. A. has taken a large quantity of Canadian wheat, there will be less urgency for Argentine shipments." state Messrs. Stern.

LONDON RUBBER.

London, Oct. 5.

Smoked Sheet Standard ribbed per lb. sellers 7 7/8

Further Rise In Burma Shares

Market Steady With Restricted Business

BOMBAY: October 6.

The local Share Bazar was open to-day for one hour only as the "Valan" is drawing near. The tone of the market was steady.

There was increased demand for Bombay Burma Shares with short covering which resulted in a further improvement in prices. It is said that the present improvement is in hopes of a better dividend, but see no reason to bull this scrip at present.

The monthly production figures of Tata Steel and Iron Co., Ltd., which appear elsewhere are encouraging and we think it advisable to buy these shares on setbacks. To-day Steel Dfd. Shares fluctuated within a narrow range and finally closed at Rs. 725.

In other sections business was restricted and price fluctuations were narrow.

TEXTILE MILLS

BOMBAY, Oct. 6.

	Rs	as
100 Ahm. Advance (Rs 9)	273	12
500 Bombay Cotton	10	0
250 B'bay Dyeing (Rs. 25)	661	14
250 Bradbury	62	0
100 Century (nil)	121	14
100 Central India (Rs. 4)	218	2
100 Colaba (nil)	125	10
100 Coorla	90	0
250 David	60	0
250 Dawn	287	8
1. E D Sassoon (nil)	0	2 6
100 Finlay (nil)	112	8
100 Gokak (Rs. 2-8)	195	10
1000 Hindustan (Rs. 75)	1,620	0
100 Indore (nil)	37	8
100 Khatau	57	8
100 Kohinoor (Rs. 8)	223	12
250 Laxmi (Rs. 12-8)	517	8
100 Madhavji	6	0
250 Madras United	25	0
1000 Morarji (nil)	590	0
250 Model	35	0
50 Mysore (Rs. 2)	85	10
200 New Great (nil)	125	0
100 Oosmanshahi (nil)	54	0
100 Phoenix (Rs 10)	262	8
25 Sassoon Silk (Rs. 2)	35	0
1.000 Sholapur (Rs. 60)	1800	0
50 Simplex (Rs. 1-8)	64	6
100 Swadeshi (Rs. 4)	172	8
100 Swan (nil)	80	0
25 Tata (nil)	9	0
500 Vishnu (Rs. 50)	1,165	0
1000 Western	800	0

BANKS

50-100 Baroda (Rs. 2-8)	112	0
25-50 Central (As. 12)	33	12
530 Imperial (Rs. 30)	1560	0
125-500 I. Conty. (Rs 7-8)	386	4
50-100 India (Rs. 2-8)	133	8
100 Reserve Bank (Rs. 2-10)	140	0
5 Union (As. 4)	5	9

CEMENTS

10 Bundi (Rs. 1-8)	34	14
70 Gwalior (Rs. 5)	125	0
160 Indian (Rs. 10 plus 3)	473	12
40 Katni Def. (101-15)	2060	0
100 Katni Ord. (Rs. 6)	348	2
75 Okha (Rs. 7)	265	10
10 Punjab (Rs. 12)	25	0
100 Shahabad (Rs. 13-8)	476	4
70 United (Rs. 2-8)	137	12

INSURANCE

15-100 Jupiter (As. 12).	13	8
15-75 New India (Rs. 1-4)	43	12
200 Oriental (125)	5150	0
10-50 Vulcan (As 8)	7	6

ELECTRIC

100 Ahmedabad Old (6)	186	14
100 Andhra Valley (30)	1,642	8
10 Ajmer (As. 4)	13	12
50 B'bay Tram (2-8)	155	15
100 Bombay Suburban	215	0
10 Broach	12	12
100 Karachi (4)	248	12
100 Poona (Rs. 4)	247	0
100 Surat (Rs. 8)	200	0
100 Tata Hydro (Rs. 3)	185	5
1000 Tata Power (Rs. 25)	1,542	8

RAILWAYS

500 Ahmedabad Prantij	916	4
100 C Province	100	0
100 Dhond Baramati	106	8
100 Gujarat	95	0
100 Mandra Bhon	103	4
100 Pachora Jamner	99	0
100 Sara Sirajgunje	101	12
500 Tapty Valley (17-8)	767	8

MININGS

10 Shivrajpur (Rs. 6)	38	2
30 Tata Steel def. (Rs. 7-8)	725	10
75 Tata Steel Ord. (Rs. 6)	186	8

MISCELLANEOUS

100 Alcock (Rs. 9)	231	4
50 Belapur Sugar (Rs. 10 plus 2)	195	0
250 B'bay Steam (Rs. 15)	283	12
125 B'bay Burma (Rs. 10)	513	2
50 B'bay Burma Con. (4)	170	10
8sh. Br. B. Petrol (nil)	5-10-6	
50 B. Telephone (Rs. 2-8)	115	0
100 B. Bleaching (Rs. 4)	116	14
100 I. Radio defd. (12)	550	0
100 I. Radio ord. (15)	532	8
1000 Port Canning (Rs. 25)	591	4
15 Scindia (Rs. 13)	18	2
30 Premier Const. (Re. 1-1)	80	0
25 Tata Oil (nil)	14	12

PREFERENCE

7 p.c Andhra Valley	1545	0
6 p.c. Bombay Steam	316	4
7 p.c. Bombay Trams	87	12
5 p.c. Central India	536	4
7 p.c. Katni 1st	136	4
7 p.c. Katni 2nd	146	4
7-1/2 p.c. Punjab Cement	13	0
7 p.c. Tata Hydro	157	8
7½ p.c. Tata Power	1597	8
6 p.c. Tata Steel 1st	201	14
7 1/2 p.c. Tata Steel 2nd	171	12
5½ p.c Tata Mill	9	8
7 p.c. Vishnu	677	8

(Last Dividend in Brackets)

ACTIVE SHARES AT A GLANCE

Bombay, Oct. 6.

Century (122/8)	122	123	121
Bom. Dyeing (660)	662	663	660 661
Kohinoor (223/2)	223	224	223
Central India (218/2)	217	218	
New Great (125/10)	125		
Simplex (63/12)	64/6		
Swadeshi (173/12)	172		
Bundi (34/12)	34/12	34/14	
I. Cement (473/2)	473/2		
Punjab (25)	25		
Shahabad (475/10)	476/4		
Andhra (1648/12)	1647	1650	1642/8
Tata Hydro (185/15)	185/10	185/5	
Tata Power (1548/12)	1548	1550	1543
Tram. Ord. (155/5)	155/15		
T. Steel Dfd. (724/6)	727	725	
T Steel Ord. (186)	186/8	186/12	186/4 186/8
Tata Steel 2nd Pref. (171)	171/8	172 171/12	
Bellapur (196/14)	196	195	
B. Steam (284/6)	283		
B. Burma (510/10)	513	514	512 513

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES

Bombay, Oct. 6

2 3/4 per cent 1948/52 Loan	101/3 101/3
3 per cent 1951/54 Loan	103/14
3 per cent 1941 Bonds	104/10
3 1/2 per cent G P N Cash	99/13
3 1/2 per cent 1947/50 Loan	107/10
4 per cent 1943 Bonds	111/12
4 per cent 1950/70 Loan	115/8
4 1/2 per cent 1955/60 Loan	119/12
3 per cent U P Bonds	100/4
5 per cent 1939/44	109
5 per cent 1940/43 Loan	111/13
5 1/2 per cent 1938/40 Loan	107/14

TAX FREES

5 per cent 1945/55 Loan	124/3, unlist
4 per cent 1953/63 Loan	112/12
5 1/2 per cent 1938 Mysore	107/8
5 per cent 1955 Mysore	125/8

CORPORATION DEBENTURES

4 per cent B P T 1974	111/12
4 per cent M Deb 1974	111/12
5 per cent M Deb 1959	119/12
6 per cent M Deb 1954	131/12
6 per cent K P T 1956	131/12
6 1/2 per cent B I T 1937	103/8
3 1/4 per cent Howrah Bridge Loan quotes Rupees 2/10 premium.	

Note: 3 1/2 per cent G. P. Notes opened at 99/12/0 touched 99/13/0 to close steady at 99/11/0.

INDIAN STERLING LOANS

London, Oct. 5.

3 per cent	88
3 1/2 per cent	99 1/4
3 1/2 per cent 1954/59	107 1/4
4 per cent 1948/53	111 1/4
4 1/2 per cent 1950/55	116 1/2
4 1/2 per cent 1958/68	119 1/2
5 per cent 1942/47	115 1/2
3 per cent 1949/52	101 2/4
2 1/2 per cent British Consols	85 7/8
3 1/2 per cent Conversion	108 1/4
3 1/2 per cent War Loan	1/8

WALL STREET MARKET

New York, Oct. 5.

Messrs. Batlivala and Karani have issued the following report showing quotations of the New York Stock Exchange:—

	Dol.
Amer. Forn. Power Pfd. 7 p.c.	48
Electric Bond Common	23
Electric Bond 5 dol Pfd.	75
Amr. Water Works Com.	25
Consolidated (Gas) Edinson	43
Columbia Gas	19
American Tel. and Tel.	176 1/2
Western Union Telg.	80 1/4
Chesapeake and Ohio Rly.	70
Erie Rly	18
New York Central Rly.	47 3/4
Northern Pacific Rly.	29
Hiram waker	42
United States Steel	74 1/4
Anaconda Copper Mining	40 3/4
Int. Nickel of Canada	62 1/4
General Motors	70 3/4
Packard Motor	12
General Electric	47 1/4
Sperry Corp.	21
Westinghouse Airbrake	47
Socony	14
Du Pont de Nemours	165
Chase Bank	48 1/2
National City Bank	43
Amr. Car Foundry	52
St. R. Paper	7

Market active and firmer.

FOREIGN MARKETS CABLE ADVICES

Messrs. Devkaran Nanjee have received on Tuesday the following cable advices from their foreign friends:

New York: 'Average of members of the New York cotton exchange estimate crop at 11,347,000 bales. Larger crop estimates discounted. Support by good trade buying."

New York: "World-wide trade conditions improving. Trade interests absorbing hedge-sales. Think statistical position justifies higher prices."

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JUPITER GENERAL
has various schemes of LIFE INSURANCE to suit all J9

REGD. NO. B. 1065

The Bombay Chronicle

FOUNDED BY SIR PHIROZESHAH M. MEHTA IN 1913.

BOMBAY: WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 7, 1936

JUPITER GENERAL
will gladly supply full particulars about life insurance for mere asking. J10

Another Patna Bomb Explosion

Motor Van Blown Off At Railway Junction

Sensational Early Morning Incident Still Shrouded In Mystery

PATNA: October 6.

Considerable sensation was created early this morning, when closely following upon the explosion of a powerful bomb in the Court of the Chief Justice of Patna last afternoon, another explosion, more powerful and under more mysterious circumstances occurred at the Patna Junction Railway Station this morning at 7-10.

The Delhi Express had just blown its whistle and was slowly leaving the station towards Delhi, a thunderous report of an explosion came out of a motor van lying on the siding just beside the Down line, blowing off the van. Fire shot out at once and the van was seen being enveloped in flames.

It is considered fortunate that no passenger in the Express was injured in spite of the explosion of the bomb occurring when the train was just going past the van and was very near to it at the time the bomb exploded.

High police officials rushed to spot and on search found that the van was empty, but for the scattered pieces of the materials used in the manufacture of the bomb.

They collected nails, pieces of burnt cloth and other ingredients found in and around the place of the explosion.

Vigorous investigation is going on.—United Press.

NO ARREST MADE

An Associated Press message from Patna under to-day's date, states:

Hearing the report of an explosion at 7-15 a.m. the Railway Police rushed to the spot and discovered in a corner of the empty van some charred paper, burnt rags and smoke. The explosion was not intense and no damage, apart from splintering of two side planks of the van, is reported.

The Superintendent of Police, Patna, and the Superintendent of the Railway Police soon arrived on the scene and are investigating. No arrests have so far been made.

TWO EXPLOSIONS IN 24 HOURS

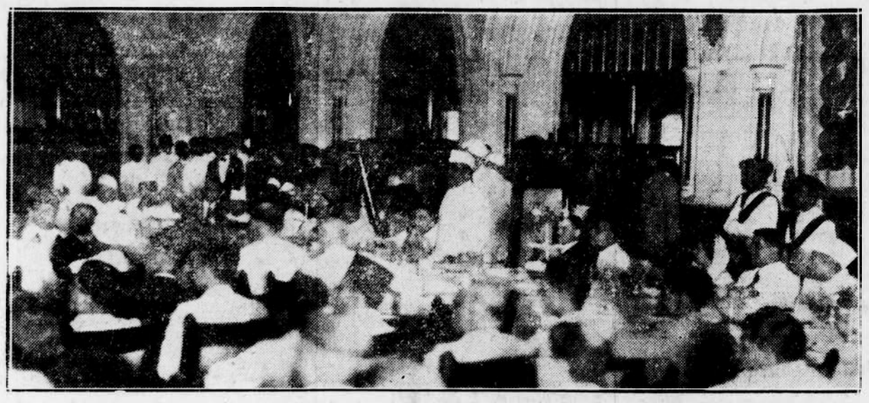
Sensational Developments Likely

(From Our Correspondent).

PATNA, Oct. 6.

In view of the fact that two bomb explosions have occurred here, in quick succession, in the interval of less than 24 hours, it is understood the authorities are inclined to think both bombs come from one and the same source. It is likely a political tinge may finally be given to the causes connected with the explosion.

Enquiries in authoritative circles reveal more sensational developments are likely to follow.



Mr. Jamnadas Mehta, the Mayor, addressing the gathering on the occasion of the unveiling of the bust of the late Dadabhoy Naoroji at the Corporation Hall on Monday evening.

Mr. J. H. Garrett, Chief Secretary to the Government of Bombay, has left for England on five-months' leave.

GIVING NO CORRECT LEAD TO COUNTRY

"No All-India Muslim Organisation Worth Name In India"

PATNA, (By Mail)

Following closely upon the conference of the Behar Independent Muslim Party, held in this town in the second week of the last month, another Muslim Party known as the Behar United Muslim Party called a provincial conference, which was held on Saturday last, under the presidentship of Khan Bahadur Syed Muhammad Ismail of Patna City in the Anjuman Islamia Hall. A little over 200 delegates attended.

After the address of the Chairman of the Reception Committee, the President in the course of his address deplored that there was no All-India Muslim Organisation worth the name which could give correct lead to the country. There was also lack of a really recognised and undisputed Muslim leader who was prepared to sacrifice pesonal interests in the interests of the community. No doubt, it could be said that, there were two Muslim organisations of an All-India character, namely, the All-India Muslim League which was started in 1906 and the All-India Muslim Conference which came into being on the 1st January 1929. But so far as Bihar was concerned none of these organisations could claim to have appreciably achieved any success.

The President was for the Communal Award so long no mutual agreement was arrived at.—United Press.

S. A. DELEGATION AT PESHAWAR

PESHAWAR, Oct. 6.

The South African Delegation arrived this morning by a special train and was met at the Peshawar Cantonment station by Major Cox, Deputy Commissioner, Peshawar, Captain Barlow, Private Secretary to the Governor, Lieut. Keen A.D.C. and others. Mr. Hofmeyr, leader of the delegation, Mrs. D. C. Hofmeyr, General J. C. C. Kemp and Mr. and Mrs. Hydari are staying at the Government House. The other members have been accommodated elsewhere. The delegation is visiting the Mohmand border and Peshawar City to-day and will see the Khyber Pass to-morrow.

It is understood that they are being afforded an opportunity of seeing something of the Royal Air Force and the army in India during their short stay here.

A small reception is being held at the Government House this afternoon and an "At Home" will be given to-morrow by Sir Abdul Qayum. The delegation will leave to-morrow evening.—A. P.

It is officially announced that the Duchess of Kent has cancelled her forthcoming engagements, and is not undertaking any further functions this autumn.

JAWAHAR VISITS HARIJAN COLONIES

MADRAS, Oct. 6.

Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, Congress President, visited various Harijan colonies this morning and expressed his appreciation of the efforts of Harijan workers in the uplift work.

Replying to an address presented by the inmates of Gokulam Harijan Colony, Panditji said that he was not a friend of poverty, but on the other hand, he was an enemy of poverty. "I detest it intensely" said he, "and that is why I want to extirpate it."—United Press.

A. M. D. Pitt, the well-known tennis player, left for England by the Mail Boat, having been transferred to his home country.

JAWAHAR'S ORISSA TOUR POSTPONED

SIMLA, Oct. 6.

Pt. Jawaharlal Nehru has telegraphed to Pandit Nilkant Das, M.L.A., to-day from Madras, in connection with the proposed tour in Orissa as follows:—

"Owing to pressure on time, I can only give one day. Therefore, I suggest postponing Orissa visit till November. I hope this suits you better."

Pandit Nilkant Das has replied agreeing to postponement of his visit to November and has informed the provincial workers accordingly.—United Press.

"FRONTIER GANDHI" TO VISIT DELHI

SIMLA, Oct. 6.

The "United Press" learns that, Khan Abdul Gaffar Khan will visit Delhi in the third week of October. The date of his visit has not yet been fixed.

Dr. Khan Sahib, M.L.A., and his family members will leave Simla, after the close of the Assembly session to meet the Frontier Leader.—United Press.

STRIKE IN ANOTHER AHMEDABAD MILL

Referring Question To Arbitration Urged

AHMEDABAD, Oct. 6.

While the strike of the operatives of the New Maneckchowk Mill owing to a dispute over the wages question continues, the operatives of the Motilal Hirabhai Mill went on strike to-day alleging that their wages have been cut. The mill authorities deny this. The labour association has written to the Millowners' Association asking that the question be referred to arbitration.

Meanwhile the Labour Association is busy preparing its case against the proposal of the Millowners' Association for a 20 per cent wage cut. The Millowners' Association has already prepared its case for the wage cut.—A. P.

The Karachi Port Trust have sanctioned the grant of a monopoly of the rights for the excavation of mud from the mud flats in the Harbour to Messrs. Greenfield and Halifax for a period of 20 years.

35,000 RENDERED HOMELESS

Lucknow Flood Sequel

LUCKNOW, Oct. 6.

35,000 persons are homeless in Lucknow alone, as a result of 7,507 house collapses, during the recent floods and heavy rains and a total damage exceeding three lakhs of rupees. This is the estimate of the Municipal Board Chairman, Mr. Chaudhari Khali Quazzaman, who asked for Rs. 1,00,000 grant from the local Government for a re-habilitation scheme.

The Commissioner of Lucknow Division has recommended to the Government a maximum grant of Rs.75,000, provided an equal sum is paid by the Municipality. A complicated situation is likely to arise as the board at its meeting last night, expressed its inability to contribute anything to the work of re-habilitation.—United Press.

Simla.—Maulana Shaukat Ali visits Assam on a propaganda tour on behalf of the Central Muslim Parliamentary Board candidates in November.

Jinnah Charges Bengal Proja Party With "Breach Of Faith"

LETTER TO FAZLUL HAQ RECALLS COMPROMISE AGREEMENT

SIMLA, Oct. 5.

Mr. M. A. Jinnah, President of the Central Muslim Parliamentary Board, has addressed a lengthy letter to Mr. Fazlul Haq, in connection with the Muslim League Parliamentary Board, in the course of which he states:

It is with considerable pain and great regret that I have to address this letter to you. During my visit to Calcutta, at the request of various leaders including yourself, I discussed with you and your party the question of forming one solid Muslim Party under the aegis of the All-India Muslim League and its Central Board of which you were one of the members, according to the policy and programme already defined by the Board. After prolonged discussions you agreed on behalf of your group on the 20th August, 1936, and you were good enough to put down the substance of the terms in black and white over your signature.

After your two letters were received, the various groups met, and there was no question of the All-India Muslim League or the Central Board or the Provincial Board, which we were forming, that it should accept the policy and the programme of the Nikil Banga Praja Krishak Samity in toto or in part. It is absolutely untrue that I individually accepted the policy or the programme or the principles of that party.

PERMANENT SETTLEMENT QUESTION.

In the meeting of the groups that took place, you raised the question that the Bengal Muslim League Parliamentary Board should incorporate in their manifesto the abolition of Permanent Settlement. The matter was discussed at considerable length in the presence of yourself and some members of your group, and it was agreed by you that that question should not be pressed, as you were satisfied, that, in the first instance, it was possible for the Bengal Legislature to undertake such a measure without the previous consent of the Governor and for the matter of that the Governor-General and the Secretary of the State for India; secondly, it was such a vital matter that before it can be adopted the Central Board should be consulted; and thirdly, it was not for the moment practical politics. Thereafter, the only question that was left for consideration was the quota of representation for various groups to constitute the Bengal Board. On the 23rd August you suddenly decided at this most critical moment to leave Calcutta; but you were good enough to send me your proposal as to the quota, on the 23rd August late at night over your signature again.

Your proposal was as follows:

"Proja Party	10
Muslim Party	10
Bengal League	5
Majlis	5
	30

No nomination".

"UNFORTUNATE DEPARTURE"

I think you will agree with me that your leaving Calcutta at this critical moment was most unfortunate and unjust to me. However, you were good enough to communicate with me on the telephone, before your departure that you had left the authority with the Secretary of your Party, Mr. Shamsuddin Ahmad; and he was good enough to continue on your behalf along with some other members of your group. Ultimately the agreement was arrived at substantially on the very lines which you had indicated and agreed upon. And here again I must make it clear that the only question that was left over after your departure was the question of the number and the quota to be allotted to the various groups. On the 25th I received a letter from the Secretary of your Group, Mr. Shamsuddin Ahmad, which is as follows:

"Dear Mr. Jinnah,—On behalf of the Nikhil Banga Proja Samity we agree that the total number of Bengal Muslim League Parliamentary Board should consist of 42 members and to be chosen by the representatives of various groups as follows: 15 by the Nikhil Banga Krishak Proja Samity; 15 by the United Muslim Party; 7 Muslim League; 7 Muslim Majlis; and, 4 Non-party to be chosen by you.

We will submit the names of our representatives according to the quota of 15 allotted to us after consulting our Executive Committee as soon as possible.

THE AGREEMENT.

Upon that I placed the agreement which was approved of by all the Groups before the Bengal members of the Central Board who alone had the authority to constitute the Board. The agreement was as follows:

"Agreement was arrived at between the representatives of the United Muslim Party, the League and the Muslim Majlis that the All-India Muslim League Parliamentary Board for Bengal be constituted consisting of 33 members according to the following quota:

(1) The United Muslim Party	15
(2) The Muslim League	7
(3) The Muslim Majlis	7
(4) Independent Non-party members to be nominated by Mr. Jinnah	4
	33

The Secretary of the Nikhil Bangh Proja Krishak Samity having intimated after this agreement was arrived at that they were willing to join the Muslim League Parliamentary Board for Bengal a quota of 15 for the Samity were agreed upon. As soon as the Executive Committee of the Samity sends the names of their 15 representatives, they will be added to the Muslim League Parliamentary Board of Bengal.

It was agreed further by all the parties that the Muslims belonging to different parties in Bengal accept the All-India Muslim League as the only representative organisation of the Muslims and agree to work under the banner of the Muslim League Central Board in accordance with the policy and the programme already defined by it and that the Bengal All-India Muslim League Parliamentary Board would be autonomous so far as provincial matters are concerned subject to acceptance by it of the general policy and programme defined by the Central Board and affiliation to the Central Board.

It was also agreed that none of the organisations who were a party to this agreement should set up any machinery or run election in any manner except and only through the machinery of the All-India Muslim League Parliamentary Board of Bengal and that they agree to run the election on the League ticket and to the League election machinery only so far as the Mussalmans are concerned.

Upon this report of agreement between all parties being put by Mr. Jinnah before the representatives for Bengal on the Muslim League Central Parliamentary Board who have the power to constitute the Board according to the rules of the Central Board, it was resolved:

"That the Board consisting of the following 33 members be constituted and that as soon as the Executive Committee of the Nikhil Banga Proja Krishak Samity send

(Continued on Page 12)

EDGAR WALLACE'S DETECTIVE STORY DAY BY DAY

Inspector Wade— *Mystery Of The "Red Aces"*

MACHFIELD! HELP!
WADE STEPS BACK AND BENDS—MACHFIELD'S FLYING BODY WHIPS THROUGH THE AIR!
NOW IT'S ONE AGAINST ONE!
LYMAN ANDERSON
9-8
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